"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair and colder to-day; fair, slowly rising temperature to-morrow; high westerly winds, diminishing this afternoon.
☞For full weather report see Page 11.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,651. * * * NEW YORK, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1911.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York. { Elsewhere, Jersey City, and Newark. { TWO CENTS.

COLD WAVE COMING; COUNTRY GALE-SWEPT

Fear Fifteen Are Frozen to Death on Lake Michigan—Many Wrecks Elsewhere.

WIRE SERVICE INTERRUPTED

Search for Missing Fishing Party on Sound—Buffalo in Darkness—Big Drops in Temperature.

WEATHER FORECAST.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The coming week will be one of pronounced weather changes and low temperatures over practically the entire country. The cold wave that now covers the Middle West will advance rapidly eastward and give the lowest temperatures of the season the first two days of the week throughout the Eastern and Southern States, and on these days abnormally low temperatures will continue in the interior districts east of the Rocky Mountains.

An extensive disturbance that is now off the North Pacific Coast will advance slowly eastward and be attended the first part of the week by stormy weather in the North Pacific States. It will cross the Rocky Mountains Tuesday, the Middle West Wednesday or Thursday, and the Eastern States the latter part of the week. This disturbance will be preceded by a general change to warmer weather, be attended by rains in southern and rains and snows in northern districts, and will be followed by a change to colder weather over the northern half of the country.

A cold wave which held the Middle West in its grip yesterday is due to reach this city to-day, and New Yorkers need not be surprised to find the city shivering in a temperature of about 22 or 24 degrees by to-night. At the Weather Bureau, in the Whitehall Building, it was said last night that temperatures as low as those named are expected, and that the season's first real snow fall may also put in an appearance before the cold snap has passed.

It was said at 11 P. M. at the Weather Bureau that the cold wave was then central over the State of Oklahoma, and that its Eastern fringe was decidedly felt throughout the Eastern and Southeastern States. At that hour Northfield, Vt., was its eastern terminus. At 5:25 yesterday afternoon the temperature here was 63 degrees, when it quickly fell, and within three hours the Weather Bureau reported a drop to 38 degrees. Then for about an hour it remained stationary, showing a tendency to rise. But the cold wave returned, and at 11 P. M. the temperature was 33 degrees, with every indication of its falling much lower.

With the fall in temperature a gale came which at one time in the afternoon reached a velocity of seventy-two miles an hour.

The severity of the weather conditions was shown by the telegraphic conditions all over the country. At 10 P. M. the wire service out of New York to all points West was intermittent, and it was said that unless weather conditions quickly moderated a big section of the country would probably be isolated by this morning. Among the most troublesome wire delays were those to Buffalo, Chicago, and Pittsburgh, in all three of which cities severe storms, accompanied by intense cold, raged yesterday. Pittsburgh reported the coldest Nov. 12 in the history of that city. The reports received at the local Weather Bureau showed that the city suffered a drop of 46 degrees in twenty-four hours, from 66 degrees to 20 degrees.

There is comfort, however, in the statement given out at the Weather Bureau that the extreme cold predicted for to-day will not tarry long.

While the gale that struck New York City yesterday afternoon did little damage in Manhattan and Brooklyn, Queens was not so fortunate. There all the lights on the Merrick Road and Hillside Avenue suddenly went out, and hundreds of automobile parties were caught in the darkness that followed. The lights in other roads also went out, as well as in scores of homes and other buildings. The darkness lasted about fifteen minutes. The short circuiting of high-tension wires leading into the power house, at Dunton, near Jamaica, was said to be the cause of the failure of the electrical plant.

Conditions along the Atlantic Coasts of New York and New Jersey and in Long Island Sound were reported as being the worst in months. A wireless message late last night was received from the steamship Howard standing by a barge which was in grave danger, and on board of which, according to the message, were sixteen men. The Howard was then about a mile east of Fire Island. Capt. Chase of the Howard said that, owing to the conditions that prevailed, he had been unable to take any of the men off of the barge.

FIFTEEN SAILORS MISSING.

Crew of Vessel Probably Lost in Lake Michigan Storm.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 12.—Caught in one of the worst storms that has swept Lake Michigan in recent years, a power fishing boat, the Evening Star, with a crew of fifteen men, is reported missing, and all hope of her has been abandoned, while a 400-foot steamer, the John T. McWilliams of Buffalo, lies stranded 2,000 feet beyond the Chicago Harbor Lighthouse, with huge waves dashing over her, and the life-saving crew unable to get near her.

An all-day search of the lower end of Lake Michigan failed to produce a trace of the missing craft, and it is feared the men have perished. Inasmuch as the temperature fell last night 58 degrees in less than twelve hours, a blinding snowstorm succeeding the semi-tropical rain and thunder storm of the early evening, it is believed that the crew has frozen to death. A sixty-foot power boat manned by life savers has left Chicago to search for the missing boat.

The steamer Louis Pahlow, towing the Delta, both owned by the Edward Hines Lumber Company, left Chicago on Saturday afternoon bound for Menominee, Mich., to load lumber. When they had proceeded up the lake about sixty miles

Continued on Page 3.

DISTRESSED BARGE VANISHES

Mohawk Can't Find Boat in Trouble Off Fire Island—14 Aboard.

The revenue cutter Mohawk is off Fire Island Lightship looking for an unknown barge, reported in distress.

In a gale blowing seventy-two miles an hour, the following wireless message was picked up at the Brooklyn Navy Yard late yesterday afternoon:

Barge, with crew apparently numbering fourteen men, in distress one mile east by south from Fire Island Lightship.

The message was from Capt. H. C. Chase of the steamship Howard of the Merchants and Miners' Line, bound from Norfolk for Boston. In further wireless messages Capt. Chase related that his men in charge of Second Officer Hedrick had tried to put off to the assistance of the distressed vessel, but for three hours fought in vain to make headway in the heavy seas, and when the seventy-two mile blow came on from the northwest at dark the effort was abandoned without learning the identity of the barge. He suggested that assistance be sent.

The revenue cutter Mohawk received the message and hurried to get under way, but a delay was caused by the absence ashore of the vessel's Captain, and it was not until several hours later that the cutter put out to sea.

The wireless station was in communication with the Mohawk regularly, and shortly after 10 o'clock last night the Government vessel reported herself on the scene, a mile east by south of Fire Island Light, but finding no trace of the distressed barge. At midnight there had been no further word.

An effort was made to communicate with the life saving stations along Fire Island beach, but the central office at Quogue reported that the Government wire along the beach was blown down in the storm.

When Capt. Chase of the steamer Howard was advised by wireless that the Mohawk was on the way he proceeded on the voyage to Boston. Whatever may be the fate of the men on the barge, they probably are suffering great hardship because of the gale and a sudden drop of 36 degrees in the temperature since the early afternoon.

BURGLARS GET COSTLY GEMS

Servants, Alone In H. W. Howe's Country Home, Never Hear Them.

Burglars scaled the front veranda of the new country mansion of Henry W. Howe of New York at Bedford, in the northern part of Westchester County, early yesterday morning, raised a window, and after ransacking the bedrooms on the second floor made their escape with jewelry and other valuables worth between $4,000 and $5,000.

Mr. and Mrs. Howe had gone out early on Saturday evening to attend a dinner party at a neighbor's house, and the servants were in the kitchen, waiting their return, when the robbery was committed. The servants told Chief of Police Fee of Bedford that they heard no unusual noise about the house.

When Mrs. Howe returned with her husband she found the drawers in her dresser pulled out and the contents scattered on the floor. Her jewel case, which contained a costly collection of diamonds and other jewelry, was missing. One of the most valuable pieces was a gold necklace and brooch containing four large diamonds and the same number of rare pearls. On the back of the brooch was engraved "Ethel," Mrs. Howe's given name. It is believed that the two men were "sneakers" and that they made their get-away in an automobile.

Tracks made by rubber heels were found leading from the house to the main highway, and from there to the State road. An automobile was heard racing along the State road toward the Connecticut line shortly after the robbery was discovered.

SUICIDE FOLLOWS MURDER.

Foreman Who Felt His Task Too Menial Kills Worker and Himself.

ST. JOHNSBURY, Vt., Nov. 12.—His mind unbalanced, it is believed, by financial difficulties and by the death recently of a daughter, Nathan C. Butterfield of Milford, N. H., to-day shot and killed G. Cuthbert Williams of York, Penn., and then himself. The men had worked together for two years in the United States fish hatchery, where Butterfield was foreman and Williams a culturist.

Following the death last month in Milford of Butterfield's twenty-one-year-old daughter he became morose and quick of temper, but this feeling was not manifested particularly against Williams, although Butterfield had complained that he had more menial tasks than Williams.

Just before noon to-day Butterfield went to the hatchery, two miles outside the village, and finding Williams alone in the stable shot him from behind, as the four bullet wounds showed. Butterfield then placed the revolver in his own mouth and fired. Both bodies were found by Faulkner Carter, the fourteen-year-old son of Supt. Carter.

DOESN'T WANT TO BE RICH.

Poor Uncle of ex-Gov. Odell, Heir to $250,000, Says He's Afraid of It.

Special to The New York Times.

WATERVILLE, Kan., Nov. 12.—Old, poor, and suffering from an ailment which is slowly taking his life, Peter Odell learned to-day without joy that he is the heir to one-half of the half-million-dollar estate of his brother, A. H. Odell, who was found dead in Los Angeles, Cal., yesterday, an uncle of ex-Gov. Odell of New York.

After living in poverty eighty-one years, the prospect of having $250,000 is terrifying to Peter Odell. When told of his good fortune he cried out:

"Why, could he not live to enjoy it and not leave it to me? I don't know what to do with so much money. I am afraid of it."

Peter Odell, who has earned a scant living as a fisherman and by doing odd jobs, had not seen his brother since 1857 and knows little of him or his affairs.

Latest Shipping News.

BY MARCONI WIRELESS.

S S George Washington, incoming from Bremen, was reported 193 miles east of Sandy Hook at 4:20 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, early to-day.

S S Rotterdam, incoming from Rotterdam, was reported 383 miles east of Sandy Hook at 4:30 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, late this afternoon.

Arrived—S S Kronprinz Wilhelm, at Plymouth, Nov. 13.

Sailed—S S Vaderland, from Dover, Nov. 12.

S S San Guglielmo, Naples, Oct. 31.
S S San Giovanni, Napies, Oct. 26.

Arrived—SS George Washington, Bremen Nov. 4; SS Obidenso, Port Antonio Nov. 7.

MRS. HARRIMAN AIDS MUNICIPAL RESEARCH

Gives $80,000 Toward a Five-Year School for Study of Public Business.

SCOPE WILL BE NATIONAL

Rockefeller, Carnegie and Many Others Contribute to the Maintenance of the Project.

Largely through the efforts of Mrs. E. H. Harriman a fund of $40,000 a year for five years has been provided to maintain an experimental school for the study and administration of public business. The school will be started here, but its scope is intended to be National. Announcement regarding its institution and the details of the plan were made last night by the Bureau of Municipal Research.

Some years ago, according to the bureau, Mrs. E. H. Harriman became interested in municipal research as a method of increasing Governmental efficiency. His widow has been following the work done in this connection by the New York bureau. Requests for the extension of it to other cities and the inability to get a sufficient number of men who are qualified to take it up suggested to Mrs. Harriman the need of providing a training school for public service, the announcement says.

Wishing to learn how men familiar with Governmental problems would go about it to insure such training, Mrs. Harriman consulted personally and by correspondence business men, journalists, educators, and public officials as to the need of a new kind of training for the study and administration of public business.

The statement says further:

"In order to make possible a five years' test for a training school for public service Mrs. Harriman made the generous offer of a contribution of $40,000 for the first year and $10,000 a year for the succeeding four years, conditioned on other contributions of $30,000 a year for the second, third, fourth, and fifth year being obtained. These contributions have been received from the following persons, thus creating a fund of over $40,000 a year for five years:

"Mrs. E. H. Harriman, John D. Rockefeller, Andrew Carnegie, Jacob H. Schiff, Otto H. Kahn, Henry Phipps, George F. Baker, Cornelius Vanderbilt, C. A. Coffin, J. P. Morgan, Commodore Gerry, George Blumenthal, M. Hartley Dodge, Adolph Lewisohn, Edwin Hawley, Robert Goelet, J. W. Harriman, J. G. Schmidlapp, Mortimer L. Schiff, George W. Perkins, Cleveland H. Dodge, Frank A. Munsey, Stephen S. Palmer, Clarence H. Mackay, Prof. James Douglas, Felix M. Warburg, William P. Bonbright & Co., H. M. Bylesby, Samuel Insull, Myron T. Herrick, Samuel A. Lewisohn, August Belmont, and W. M. V. Hoffman.

"George W. Perkins, C. A. Coffin, and Mortimer L. Schiff have been asked to serve as an Executive Committee and Trustees for this fund, and to asist Mrs. Harriman in the practical working out of her plan. The first step taken has been an arrangement with the New York Bureau of Municipal Research to afford practical training to a certain number of men who are qualified and desirous of fitting themselves for public service.

"The bureau will afford these men an opportunity for the study of municipal administration on its practical and business side, such as the administration of departments, the analysis of public expenditures, and from this initial beginning the establishment of a training school for public service will be developed along such practical lines as experience may indicate.

"For the Bureau of Municipal Research, R. Fulton Cutting, its Treasurer and founder, said that the training itself will be in doing Governmental work that needs to be done, and in seeking facts about methods and results of Government work such as analysis of budget estimates; Charter studying, drafting, and explaining; tests of milk inspection and physical examination of school children; study of school and health problems and management; standardization of salaries, contracts, specifications; methods of assessing and collecting taxes; preparing handbooks on administrative practice; watching and reporting the proceedings of the Board of Estimate and the Board of Aldermen, and preparing public statements.

"The work will be directed by the bureau's Directors, William H. Allen, Henry Bruere, and Dr. F. A. Cleveland. It will take practically all of Mr. Allen's time. The field work will also be supervised by experienced workers in the Bureau of Municipal Research or in some of the city departments which have tendered co-operation, such as the Department of Finance, Borough of Manhattan. The same tests will be applied to men as are applied to regular paid workers in the bureau, and as we feel should be applied to workers in public employ.

"Four classes of applicants are expected: (1) College graduates wishing to go into public service or social work; (2) Accountans wishing to qualify for analysis of public business; (3) Superintendents of Schools, Secretaries of Boards of Trade, heads of civic organizations wishing to take up public business; (4) Post-graduate students of politics, economics, sociology, law, and journalism wishing practical field work to supplement academic training.

"The Board of Estimate's inquiries into schools, health, hospitals, charities, contracts, pay rolls, make 1911 an opportune me to begin. Mayor Gaynor, Controller Prendergast, President John Purroy Mitchel of the Board of Aldermen, and Commissioner of Accounts Raymond B. Fosdick sent Mrs. Harriman assurance of heartiest co-operation in such training."

FINNEY HAS PRINCETON OFFER

Baltimore Surgeon Admits Receiving It, but Has Not Decided to Accept.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 12.—Regarding the report that he had been formally offered the Presidency of Princeton University, Dr. J. M. T. Finney of the surgical staff of Johns Hopkins Hospital said to-day that it was simply a matter of making up his mind what to do. He did not expect, however, to reach a decision for some time, as he found himself confronted with many difficulties.

"While there has been nothing particularly official in connection with the matter," said Dr. Finney, "I will admit that no more calls will have to be made. I can discuss the offer now any time I desire without impropriety."

EXECUTING THE ARABS.

Pictures of scenes of the Italian war in Tripoli, including those of the trial and execution of Arab prisoners, will be published in the Pictorial Section of The Times,
NEXT SUNDAY.

ATTACK BLEASE FOR LYNCH LAW SPEECH

Talk of Impeaching Governor of South Carolina for Upholding Murder.

WHOLE STATE IS AROUSED

Said He Would Have Led the Mob That Hanged a Negro Rather Than Punish the Leaders.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 12.—By his indorsement of lynching in his speech in Anderson, S. C., yesterday, Gov. Cole L. Blease has subjected himself again to bitter criticism and given impetus to a movement already on foot to prefer articles of impeachment against him at the next session of the Legislature.

Gov. Blease went to Anderson to address a gathering of farmers who had met to consider the fall in the price of cotton and to take measures for a concerted holding movement. The Governor was expected to talk about cotton, but instead he devoted most of his time to the lynching of a negro who had been accused of attacking a white girl. The mob which lynched him was led by Joshua Ashley, a member of the Legislature.

Gov. Blease was warned by the Sheriff that the negro might be lynched unless he had military protection, and the Sheriff asked for troops in vain.

In his speech Gov. Blease said he had been informed by the Sheriff of the situation and had wired instructions to the Sheriff.

"The telegram to Sheriff King," said the Governor, "said: 'Keep in touch with the Honeapath affair and send me a report to-morrow morning telling me what is going on.'

"Sheriff King received that telegram, and he understood its meaning. Next morning I received his report, and it was exactly what I expected. As a matter of fact, if it had been any different I would have been greatly disappointed."

The Governor went on to say that rather than use the power of his office in deterring white men from "punishing that nigger brute," he "would have resigned the office and come to Honeapath and led the mob."

A thousand persons heard the Governor laud the lynchers, but not one of them cheered. Most of them thought the negro met a deserved fate, but they were not prepared for the Governor of the State to laud the work of lynchers in a public address.

Gov. Blease's speech has been bitterly resented all over the State, and he will be attacked when the Legislature meets. The Legislature is hostile to him, and following revelations in regard to his alleged relations with the "Whisky Ring" in the days of the dispensary, when he was State Senator, a movement was started to begin impeachment proceedings.

It is the general opinion that his speech will cause the movement to come to a head, and that he will have a hard fight to keep from being put out of office.

LEWIS LEVI WEDS AT 66.

His Bride, 30 Years Younger, a School Chum of His Daughter.

Special to The New York Times.

PATERSON, N. J., Nov. 12.—Lewis Levi, President of the Manhattan Shirt Company and rated as a millionaire, was married to-day to Mrs. Nellie Frankel of New York. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. Manneheimer of the Barnert Memorial Temple, at his home in New York in the presence of the member of Mr. Levi's family and relatives of the bride.

Mr. Levi is 66 years old, thirty years his bride's senior. He has four sons and three daughters, all grown up, and it was by them that the wedding arrangements were made. Mr. Levi's first wife died seven years ago.

His daughter Tecla and Mrs. Frankel were classmates, and Mrs. Frankel often visited the Levi home. It was said to-night that the bridegroom's wedding gift to the bride was $100,000, and that she is to receive from him or his estate $7,500 annually during her lifetime. The couple left Paterson immediately after the ceremony for a honeymoon abroad.

INSANITY PLEA FOR SPENCER.

Workingman, Accused of Killing Teacher, Faces Trial To-day.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Nov. 12.—The trial of Bertram G. Spencer for the murder of Miss Martha G. Blackstone, a Springfield school teacher, will be begun to-morrow. The killing took place at the home of a friend, where Miss Blackstone was a guest, March 31, 1910. The trial has been delayed in order that the prisoner might be watched by alienists. The defense is insanity.

Spencer has admitted to the police that he was responsible for a series of holdups and robberies, covering a period of nearly two years. He was known among his acquaintances as an honest, hard-working young man. About three years ago, while employed as a railroad man, Spencer married a young woman of a highly respected family. A baby was born, and the couple were, to all outward appearances, happy and devoted.

Spencer has been confined at the State Farm, at Bridgewater, where he was under the espionage of several experts on insanity.

MRS. VERMILYA RECOVERING.

Effect of Poison She Took Wearing Off—Mrs. Quinn Has Adjoining Cell.

CHICAGO, Nov. 12.—Mrs. Louise Vermilya, charged with poisoning Policeman Arthur Bissonette and suspected of killing other members of her household, was in a much improved condition in the jail hospital to-day. Physicians said she was probaly out of danger from the poison she took while under surveillance.

Mrs. Jane Quinn, accused of shooting her husband, and the deaths of whose two former husbands are being investigated, is in a cell adjoining that in which Mrs. Vermilya will be confined when she is able to occupy it.

"No Thanksgiving dinner without Angostura Bitters, world-renowned appetizer; exquisite flavor."—Adv.

RODGERS BADLY HURT IN A 200-FOOT FALL

Engine Breaks Down as He Is Flying to Long Beach from Los Angeles.

LANDS ON MARSHY GROUND

Aviator Says His Mechanics Are to Blame, as the Motor Was Missing Fire When He Started.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 12.—Misfortune, held at bay by Calbraith P. Rodgers, the aviator, until he had ended his transcontinental journey through the air, gripped him to-day and brought him tumbling to the earth two miles outside of the little California town of Compton. His machine was wrecked and the aviator is suffering from what his doctors declare may prove serious internal injuries.

Rodgers, dazed and sick with pain, declares that his machinists are to blame for the tumble. He asserts that when he lifted from the tournament field in Pasadena, where he alighted one week ago to-day, his engine was missing fire badly, and the gasoline from his tank was spattering over his motor. He was forced to come to earth at a little place called Coina Junction, on the outskirts of East Lake Park, and remained for more than an hour tinkering his engine before daring to risk further flight.

It was after dark before he resumed his journey to the sea at Long Beach, where his contract called for him to alight, after soaring over the waters of the Pacific.

The engine was missing worse than ever as the aviator arose on the last final lap in his journey. A dense haze hung over the earth and a fresh breeze hit his machine at uncertain angles. The lights of Compton were his guide, and he arose to about 500 feet above the fields and darted southward. James Dunn, his machinist, and W. Worth, a newspaper man, who followed him in an automobile, could tell from the sound of the motor that the engine was in trouble again. Only one cylinder was doing its duty; the others were mute.

At Compton the aviator mounted higher into the air. A mile south, however, his plane wabbled. It tilted to the right and then without warning came plunging straight downward 200 feet, landing in a marshy place and smashing every bolt and stay.

Rodgers was pitched headlong to the soft ground. The automobile was nearly a half mile distant, and before it could get to the place a farmer in a wagon had removed the injured aviator to the home of Dr. E. T. Holcombe.

In a hasty examination the physician declared he was unable to say more than that the aviator was badly hurt, and though there did not appear to be any bones broken, he feared Rodgers was suffering from internal injuries that may put an end to his career as an aviator.

Rodgers's manager, G. Peters, however, thinks differently.

"He is going to finish that trip," Peters said, after leaving Rodgers's side. "The trouble was that repairs to the plane were not made properly. Rodgers had trouble from the moment he rose from Tournament Park. The reason he came down at Covina Junction was that the feed pipe was broken and had to be repaired. He told me, however, that he is going to finish and that means he will."

It was shortly after 3 o'clock to-day when, after a good deal of preliminary work on the engine, which has been undergoing extensive repairs during this week, Rodgers gave the signal to his attendants and rose from the ground for the last lap of his transcontinental flight. Gathering speed, he mounted above the heads of 3,000 persons in the grand stand, and thousands more outside the park, and circled until he reached an altitude of about 2,000 feet.

After circling the grounds of the Hotel Maryland, where his wife and her mother, Mrs. H. S. Sweitzer, were standing, he started south. His wife and her mother and many friends took a special train from Pasadena to Long Beach, where he was expected to land. When they learned of the accident they took an automobile and hurried to Compton.

"I was afraid of just this trick," said Mrs. Rodgers. "Cal should have kept on last week until he finished. It was my fault that he did not. I wanted him to rest, and made him change his plans. He will get well and finish, though. I am sure that he is not as badly hurt as the doctor thinks."

Just before 8 o'clock Rodgers was placed in an automobile and taken to Pasadena, where he has been living since his arrival here last Sunday. He is said to have regained consciousness for a short time only and to have relapsed almost immediately. His condition is said to be serious.

KILLED IN ROW OVER DOG.

Little Man Who Rushed to His Pet's Aid Beaten by a Big Fellow-Tenant.

Michael J. O'Boyle, an undersized laborer, who lived with his family on the second floor of 127 South First Street, Williamsburg, died of a fractured skull in the Williamsburg Hospital last night, as a result of a beating he received in the rear yard of the tenement in the sight of his own family and about fifty other tenants of the house.

O'Boyle's assailant was a muscular fellow-tenant, Frederick Rayner, who lives with his family on the third floor of the house.

The trouble between O'Boyle and Rayner, according to other tenants, started over O'Boyle's bull terrier, Spot, which is kept chained at night in the rear of the yard and which, in the storm after supper last night, began to bark so loudly as to annoy Rayner.

Rayner went to the yard and began to beat the dog. Seizing a carving knife, O'Boyle, who weighs only 130 pounds, rushed down into the yard. He slashed at Rayner and cut him slightly in the eye. Rayner, who weighs more than two hundred, wrested the knife from O'Boyle and knocked him down. Then in spite of the protests of the other tenants, Rayner began jumping up and down on O'Boyle's body. Finally the other tenants plucked up courage and interfered.

Both O'Boyle and Rayner were taken to the Williamsburg Hospital. O'Boyle died there within an hour. O'Boyle's fractured skull, according to the hospital surgeon, was caused by his head having struck against a stone when Rayner knocked him down. Rayner's wound from the carving knife was found to be trifling and after it had been stitched up he was taken to the Bedford Avenue Station and locked up.

DIX WOULD CONFER ON STRIKE

His Idea Is to Negotiate with Leaders of Brick-Throwing Sweepers.

Gov. Dix was asked at the dinner of the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish charities at Kismet Temple, Brooklyn, last night for his views on the situation growing out of the street cleaning strike, and this is what he said:

"The situation is deplorable, but I have no advice to give to the city authorities, because I understand that they have the matter well in hand. If it should come before me officially in any way, however, I should advise a conference between the leaders of the union and the city officials, in order that an agreement might be reached as promptly as possible. Business men are able to do this, and I see no reason why others should not."

When asked whether he thought the result of the election in Brooklyn was attributable to the Tammany Charter, he replied:

"Well, the Charter was wrong. I have always believed strongly in home rule. The people should have a chance to be heard on a Charter under which they are to live. That is why I insisted on their having another opportunity to be heard before a new Charter should be enacted."

NAVAL ATTACK TO-DAY.

Big Demonstration Planned Along Turkish Coast, Is Report.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—The Temps's Rome correspondent learns, from what he says is an authoritative source, that Italy will make a demonstration on a big scale in the Aegean Sea and along the Turco-Asiatic coast to-morrow.

TRIPOLI, Nov. 12.—Thirteen hundred Arabs at 6 o'clock this morning made a demonstration before Mesri and Boumeliana, but they withdrew shortly in the face of a furious rifle and artillery fire from the Italian trenches and warships.

TREETOPS TRAP BALLOON.

Three College Students Who Went Up at Pittsfield Rescued by Farmers.

CLAREMONT, N. H., Nov. 12.—Their balloon Stevens 21 being caught by the tops of trees, three Williams College students were rescued yesterday by farmers at Unity, N. H. After some smaller trees had been cut away the aeronauts slid down the anchor rope.

The sky voyagers were Percy Sherman, former President of the Williams College Aeronautical Society, and pilot of the balloon; H. R. Corner of Cleveland, Ohio, and J. A. Jones of New York City.

The ascension was made from Pittsfield, Mass., at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon.

FALSE TEETH FOR A HORSE.

Set for Blanche, the Pacer, Will Cost $3,000, Owner Says.

Special to The New York Times.

SEATTLE, Nov. 12.—Lou Childs of Spokane, owner of the fast pacing mare Blanche, announced to-day she is to be equipped with a $3,000 set of false gold-filled teeth. The mare, who has won $10,000 for her owner this season, has been much troubled with toothache.

The mare ran away on the North Yakima track, bumping into a fence, knocking out three teeth and loosening several others. She won $1,500 in Denver last week, so Childs says he can afford to buy her a new set of teeth.

SILENT ON LIEUTENANT'S SUIT

Father of Miss McMurray Says Papers Are Still Unserved.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., Nov. 12.—Helen McMurray of Troy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. F. McMurray, who has been sued for $25,000 for breach of promise by Lieut. Edouard Starz of the Austrian Army, is at the Curtis Hotel. With her mother, Miss McMurray has been spending the season here, arriving Aug. 1. She refused to-night to state her side of the affair.

Mr. McMurray said there would be no settlement out of court. He emphatically denied that his daughter cared for Lieut. Starz, or that she had any desire to see or hear from him. The papers in the case had not yet been served, he said, and until they had he would make no statement. Mr. and Mrs. McMurray and their daughter will return to Troy to-morrow.

PARKER NOT A CANDIDATE.

No "Old Guardsman," Either, Says Assemblyman Regarding Speakership.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 12.—Assemblyman James H. Parker of Salem, who has been mentioned as a candidate for Speaker of the next Assembly, was here to-night on his way to New England to visit his mother before her departure for the South. Asked if he had seen Chairman Barnes, he said he was not here on political matters and had never announced himself as a candidate for Speaker.

"The published account regarding my candidacy for the Speakership," he said, "in which I am gazetted as a typical 'old guardsman,' are rather amusing when you consider that in the Republican Convention in Saratoga Washington County voted with Col. Roosevelt against the so-called Old Guard. I have been considered as a Progressive by the Old Guard."

AUTO KILLS WOMAN OF 75.

Motor Car Containing Three Young Men Is Upset, but They Escape.

WILMINGTON, Mass., Nov. 12.—Mrs. Ruth Kittridge, 75 years old, of Tewksbury, who was struck last night by an automobile containing three young men, died of her injuries to-day. The police have not yet found the automobile or its occupants.

Mrs. Kittridge was standing in the road beside a disabled automobile in which she had been riding, when she was struck by another machine, the approach of which had not been noticed. Although the unknown car was thrown into the ditch, the occupants succeeded in righting it and making their escape without disclosing their identity.

PLAN TO RAISE YANKEE.

Second Attempt to Save Cruiser Will Be Made in March.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, Nov. 12.—The cruiser Yankee, which was sunk in Buzzards Bay several years ago and was raised by compressed air and towed to New Bedford, where she again sank, will be raised a second time next March.

Chief Engineer W. W. Witherspoon is here in regard to installing compressed air plants in the battleship South Carolina. A similar plant was recently tested in New York aboard the battleship Idaho.

HEALTH BOARD TO ACT IN STRIKE

Lederle Gives Edwards To-day Only to Rid the Streets of Menacing Refuse.

SCHMITTBERGER ASSAULTED

Hit by a Brick After a Mob Hems In His Auto—Quickly Retaliates with a Raid.

BOMBS TO SCARE WORKERS

They're Noisy, but Not Dangerous—Force of Strikebreakers Lessened—East Side Partly Cleaned.

Health Commissioner Ernst J. Lederle made an automobile tour of Manhattan, the Bronx, and Brooklyn yesterday to determine for himself just how seriously the city's health is menaced by the four-day accumulation of garbage, rubbish, and ashes resulting from the strike of the Street Cleaning Department's drivers and sweepers. He decided that conditions were so grave that he could not afford to give Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards more than another day to accomplish the removal of garbage from certain sections before he should feel compelled to exert the extraordinary powers conferred upon him by the charter for the protection of the public health.

Commissioner Edwards found himself yesterday, the fourth day of the strike, with fewer strikebreakers than he had on Saturday, fewer men at work from the civil service lists, and without a single remaining man of the 300 loyal drivers who refused to strike on Friday and Saturday. His appeals to every contractor who has worked for him in the business of snow removal and to every trucking contractor in the city for extra carts and wagons, were met by refusals. The contractors said their drivers were all affiliated with the strikers in their union, and would not drive city wagons.

Commissioner Edwards was keenly disappointed with the situation, which left him powerless to hire trucks and wagons, while the union men were constantly making inroads upon his meagre forces by terrorizing the strikebreakers and enticing loyal men to desert.

Schmittberger Hit by a Brick.

More than two police guards for every strikebreaker were put upon the streets, but even this overwhelming show of force failed to prevent the riots that characterized the first three days of the strike. Chief Inspector Schmittberger, who was in personal command of the 2,500 policemen on strike duty, was himself the victim of a strike sympathizer's brick, hurled from a roof near the corner of Fifty-second Street and Tenth Avenue.

For ten minutes the Chief Inspector's automobile was stalled in the midst of two large converging mobs, while bricks, bottles, dishes, and dishpans were rained down upon it from tenements in which many striking drivers and their families resided. When he was finally rescued by mounted policemen Inspector Schmittberger was bleeding profusely from a scalp wound on the right side of his head and his helmet was torn.

A police Sergeant in the West Fifty-second Street stable dressed the wound and then the Inspector, at the head of 200 police reserves, gave the district in which he was attacked a cleaning out such as that particular section of the city—a section which Inspector Schmittberger says is without a rival for toughness—has not known before. Thirty minutes after Schmittberger and his men returned and he gave the orders "to do real cop work," he rested from his labors with the remark that "the Sahara itself has never looked so desolate." When he started there were 2,000 men and boys in the vicinity.

Then he had courtplaster put over a large lump on the side of his head and went back to Headquarters, refusing all suggestions that he allow a surgeon to treat him or that he go off duty.

Detectives mingling with the crowd for the purpose of obtaining evidence informed the Inspector after the assault that some of the strikers and sympathizers mistook him for Street Cleaning Commissioner Edwards, while others told him that the assault was made to "get even" with the Inspector for personally pursuing and capturing a strike sympathizer who threw bricks at strikebreakers on Saturday. No strikebreakers were near to incite the crowd.

The Inspector Was Surprised.

The Inspector was on a tour of all the Street Cleaning Department's dumping places and stables when he was attacked. He had proceeded from Police Headquarters through the lower east side to Harlem. He passed several groups of Street Cleaning Department men at work with ash carts under heavy police guards, but encountered no evidences of disorder. The crowds, under the system of keeping many policemen in plain clothes behind the police lines, seemed disposed to be more orderly than usual. As the roofs of tenement houses were being patrolled by detectives there were no opportunities to shower bricks.

"I was congratulating myself all the way down from Harlem," said Inspector Schmittberger, "and I had concluded it was going to be an ideal day. As I turned into Fifty-second Street from Broadway it looked as if the road was open all the way to the stable at Eleventh Avenue. But somebody commenced to

about as we neared Tenth Avenue and I saw we were in for it.

"There were only three of us in the automobile, myself, George Neum, my chaffeur, and John Cramer, a policeman attached to Headquarters. The shouting was taken up along the line of tenements. Then, as if by magic, windows opened, dishes came hurling out and bricks began to fly from the roofs.

"It was a sight such as I have never before seen in a city street. Out of the ground, apparently, sprang persons by the hundreds, and in an instant the automobile was so wedged in that it could not move.

"Policeman Cramer drew his club and started after a negro who threw an armful of mud and slush into the automobile. I stood up on the rear seat, drew my revolver, and ran my eye along the roof line. I surely would have fired at any person I saw there leaning over to throw a brick. Then I got a blow on the head.

"I felt for my hat and found a hole through it. My head was bleeding, but I was not knocked from my place on the automobile's seat. Ten mounted men came galloping toward us from the stable, a block below, and at their heels came a howling mob of perhaps 2,000.

"I watched the mounted men ride their way through the crowd until they reached the automobile. In the meantime, the dishes kept coming from the windows, and the bricks from the roofs. The women were the chief throwers of dishes. They were wives of strikers mostly, and they yelled loudly as they hurled their plates. We got quite a cargo of them aboard the machine.

"After the mounted men got to us they opened a lane through which we gained the Street Cleaning Department's stable. There Sergt. Reidell washed my head off, and shaved the hair back from the wound. He found the scalp was cut, and wanted me to go to a hospital, but I told him I wanted a lot of policemen on the job at once.

The Cleaning Out Job.

"He telephoned to Capt. Day of the West Forty-seventh Street Station, and he soon arrived with fifty reserves. Then I told them all were expected to do 'real cop work,' and we started out. Say, but that was a district in need of a cleaning out. We stayed on the job till there wasn't a soul in an areaway, on a roof, or on the streets as far as you could see in any direction. On the roofs we found that chimneys had been taken apart very carefully, and the bricks piled up at the coping ready for use."

Inspector Schmittberger's men took into custody Thomas Ryan, a stableman; Hubert Woods, a laborer, and James Haggen, a laborer, and locked them up in the West Forty-seventh Street Station as inciters of rioting. When he reached Police Headquarters Schmittberger telephoned his congratulations to Sergt. Reidell, telling him that he was "some doctor" as well as "some cop," and to Sergt. Patrick Sheridan, whom he characterized as capable of doing "real cop work."

Asked if "real cop work" meant skill in handling a club, Schmittberger said the term was one all policemen would understand. At 5 o'clock he ordered all of the 2,500 extra men on reserve duty dismissed for the night, with orders to report at 7 o'clock this morning, "with nightsticks but without belts."

Besides the riot in which Schmittberger figured, there were several more or less serious encounters between the police and strike sympathizers. Detective Lieut. O'Mera, assigned to duty on the roofs of First Avenue tenements, tripped in leaping from the roof of 1,121 First Avenue to the roof of No. 1,123. He was pursuing a crowd of strike sympathizers, who had come to the roofs equipped with bottles and bricks. He managed to grasp the coping of No. 1,123, and pulled himself up, but the cap of his right knee was broken. Other detectives carried him to the street. He was sent to the J. Hood Wright Hospital.

At a conference between Inspector Schmittberger and Commissioner Waldo last night it was decided to put more detectives on the roofs to-day, and to assign a large force to mingle with the crowds. Both officials expressed the opinion that the height of the riot spirit had passed, and that the crowds from now on would be more easily controlled.

Start Made on the East Side.

Commissioner Edwards spent yesterday largely in an effort to concentrate his forces on the lower east side in compliance with a suggestion from Health Commissioner Lederle and the recommendations of his own Inspectors. So far he had failed to make any impression on the congested district near the Rivington Street stable, which was admittedly in the worst condition of any in the city.

Garbage was stacked up on both side of the streets until the roadway was merely a litter-strewn lane between heaps of decaying vegetables and scraps. Cats and dogs had clawed over the refuse, and children had played in it until it was becoming a menace that Commissioner Edwards did not wish to see become more grave.

Strike sympathizers had so thoroughly terrified his men on Saturday that none had dared venture out of the Rivington Street stable. He moved 200 strikebreakers in scows from Stable A at Seventeenth Street and Avenue C and 100 men from the civil service lists from Stable C in West 130th Street. The men turned out in two lines, each composed of sixty carts. Policemen going before them cleared East Houston Street and Rivington Street from the Bowery to the East River. Through these two narrow arteries of east side traffic the string of carts worked while none but policemen and children from the adjoining tenements could come near them.

Garbage went first, then little from the streets, and finally the accumulation of ashes. By 4 o'clock both thoroughfares were ready for the flushing squads which followed the ash cart men. When both squads went back to the stable at 5 o'clock the streets were not only cleaned of their rubbish, but had been thoroughly flushed.

Besides making this impression upon the east side, Commissioner Edwards cleared away a large portion of the accumulated garbage on Washington Heights and in West Fifteenth Street.

His subordinates reported to him at nightfall that in Manhattan 208 carts had been out in charge of 497 strikebreakers and 127 men drafted from the Civil Service list, while in the Bronx twenty carts were out in charge of ninety strikebreakers, and in Brooklyn 390 carts and fifteen trucks were out in charge of 250 civil service men and 238 strikebreakers. The total men at work for the day represented a net loss of 159 from the total of Saturday.

In Manhattan 593 loads of ashes and 25 loads of garbage were removed; in Brooklyn 51 loads of garbage, 352 loads of ashes, and 143 loads of rubbish, and in the Bronx 150 loads of garbage and ashes combined. While the total of garbage and ashes handled was less than on Saturday, Commissioner Edwards was particularly delighted with the showing.

"The reason it is a good showing," he said, "is that besides catching up with the back accumulation in Brooklyn, we have opened districts in Manhattan where no wheel heretofore has turned. We opened Stable B in West Fifty-second Street, Stable D in East 116th Street, and Stable R in Rivington Street. All these stables are in tough neighborhoods, where our work was harder than in any other section. All the dumping stations in Manhattan, except two, received some proportion of the garbage hauled, showing that we are reaching all sections of the city.

"To-day we expect to throw fifty more wagons into the congested east side, working them from the Rivington Street stable. I hope to hit that east side situation hard and effectively.

At the conference between Health Commissioner Lederle and Mr. Edwards in the latter's office, the entire situation was gone over carefully. Commissioner Edwards reported that he had no men out from Stable A in Seventeenth Street, ten carts out from Stable B in Fifty-second Street, and no carts out from Stable M in Sullivan Street, but that in all other stables the outlook was improving.

Commissioner Lederle's Plans.

Dr. Lederle called the attention of Mr. Edwards to the situation in Sullivan Street, and asked him to concentrate his attention there as soon as possible. When asked to give his views as to conditions in general in the city, Dr. Lederle said:

"I was in Brooklyn this morning, and had Commissioner Edwards with me for part of my trip through Manhattan this afternoon.

"I found Manhattan conditions generally worse than conditions in Brooklyn. Especially in the outlying sections, where there had been no night removal, there was no strike in serious proportions and garbage has not accumulated. In Manhattan, the conditions in the lower east side is a genuine menace, and the conditions in the upper east side, especially in the Italian neighborhoods, is bad. The west side suffers some inconveniences and annoyances, but there is no observable peril from disease.

"Things are pretty bad in some places, but I am satisfied that the Street Cleaning Department is doing everything that can be done to clean up there. By tomorrow Commissioner Edwards expects things to be materially improved. If they are I shall not interfere. As there is no danger to the public health outside of the lower and upper east side, I shall not interfere in those sections in any event, but on the east side, in the event that there is no progress made, I shall be compelled to exercise the powers vested in me."

"Just how will you use your power to affect the situation?" the Commissioner was asked.

"That I would prefer to state after I am sure Commissioner Edwards has failed to meet the situation," Mr. Lederle replied. "I have every confidence in him, and I do not wish to step in unless I am absolutely compelled to. I will say this, though—that if we have to take hold on the east side we'll get the stuff away."

The report of a coming cold wave was mentioned by Commissioner Lederle as a hopeful sign, and in this view Commissioner Edwards joined. The Health Department chief said he has obtained 3,000 pounds of carbolic acid powder, and that he would see that it was sprinkled on all garbage remaining unmoved after tomorrow, whether the weather remains warm or not.

There were rumors that Commissioners Lederle and Edwards had been in conference with Mayor Gaynor in the morning. Both denied that any conference had been held, and when asked if one was contemplated for the evening, replied that one would occur "only in the event that the Mayor should wish one." Mayor Gaynor came to his Brooklyn home in the afternoon from St. James. So far as could be learned, neither Commissioner Lederle nor Commissioner Edwards called upon him.

Strikers Throw Play Bombs.

A new diversion of the strikers yesterday was bombthrowing. They had found on previous days that bottles hurled from the roofs were very effective weapons, as they made a loud report on bursting on the pavement, even if they failed to strike the men in the carts. They took note of the disconcerting effect of the noise of the bursting bottles, and yesterday brought into action the bombs usually used in Italian holiday festivals.

They were harmless affairs, but they made as much noise as those that are not harmless, and sent several strikebreakers scurrying to cover in the barns. They also kept police reserves on the move investigating reports that bombthrowers were at work.

At 7:45 o'clock last night, just as 120 strikebreakers, quartered in Stable D, in East 116th Street, were "bedding themselves down for the night," as they expressed it, a terrific noise was heard. The men rushed about in a panic. Many declared they had felt the stable trembling under the shock of a bomb. A telephone message to the East 126th Street Station House and to Police Headquarters said that the stable had been blown up.

Lieut. Thaddeus Jones was in command of the police squad on guard at the stable. He had a force of men scattered at intervals around the block and had men patrolling the roofs. Where the bomb could have come from puzzled him.

He learned from Policeman Maher, who was standing at 116th Street and Pleasant Avenue, that he had observed a dark object in the air in a shaft between the tenements at 501 and 503 Pleasant Avenue, adjoining the Street Department stable. An instant later the policeman was almost knocked over by an explosion close beside him. That he was not knocked over surprised him. He looked on the pavement where the bomb had struck and found that it had not chipped the stone. He found some fragments of the wrapping, which showed that it was the ordinary celebration bomb.

Another harmless bomb which caused much excitement was thrown from the roof of a tenement at 400 East 107th Street in the morning. It exploded among thirty Negro strikebreakers who were taking a string of ten carts to the dump at the foot of East 107th Street. The negroes fled, regardless of the efforts of the police guard to restrain them. The policemen dumped the carts and returned them to Stable D.

Ten wagons working on First Avenue were attacked near Sixty-second Street in the morning, and in the resulting riot Isadore Goldman, 9 years old, of 408 East Sixtieth Street, was seriously injured. He was standing on the sidewalk watching the rioters when a shower of bricks, rocks, and bottles came from the roofs. A rock struck Goldman's head, knocking him unconscious. At Bellevue Hospital it was found that he was suffering from a fractured skull and concussion of the brain.

Signal for a Long Riot.

The crowd which collected while the boy was being put in the ambulance seemed to be in a particularly ugly mood. It formed a solid wall in front of the ash carts and refused to make way for policemen on foot or for mounted policemen. Night sticks were used freely, and several times the crowd was driven back only to re-form and advance against the police before the ash carts could be advanced. It was not until after two hours of continuous rioting that the streets were cleared.

Detective McGowan, one of the plain clothes men assigned to duty in the crowds, grasped the arm of Alexander Sweeney just as he was about to throw a brick. The detective took the man to the East Sixty-seventh Street Station House with the brick for evidence. He was locked up on a charge of disorderly conduct.

The first group of carts out from Stable B in West Fifty-second Street made their way shortly after noon to Sixth Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street, through members of the notorious Gashouse Gang, without serious mishap. A tin can filled with mud, thrown at a driver, passed over his cart and struck William Dumont, a bystander. His face was cut. It was the gangmen of this district who, holding themselves in reserve while the ash cart men passed, later fell upon Inspector Schmittberger's automobile.

A group of street cleaners working in Fourteenth Street, near Ninth Avenue, were assailed by bottle throwers early in the afternoon. Deputy Police Commissioner McKay, in charge of 200 policemen, found he had a mob of 1,200 to deal with, most of them in a mood for serious rioting. He ordered his mounted detachment to charge the crowd, and told his patrolmen to draw their revolvers and to shoot over the heads of the rioters if the missile-throwing became general.

In the first charge Mounted Policeman Lewis was struck in the forehead by a bottle. He fell from the saddle unconscious and had to be removed to New York Hospital. Dr. Veitor treated him for a severe scalp wound, after which he insisted on returning to duty. George Hughes, a strikebreaker, was struck on the head by a bottle.

Mrs. Sarah Flanagan, 45 years old, fainted in a riot in West Seventeenth Street later in the afternoon. She was trampled upon and was severely injured before the policemen could carry her to safety. She was treated in the New York Hospital.

John Schaefer, a strikebreaker from Baltimore, was struck by a bottle in East Fifty-third Street in a riot at noon. His cart was attacked both from the front and rear. Detective Stapleton, while attempting to go to Schaefer's assistance, had his left arm badly wrenched. A man he had arrested was freed by the crowd. Detective Sergt. Van Twistern finally got Stapleton's prisoner, Lewis Zimmerman, into custody again, and took in addition William Clinton of 213 East Forty-third Street. Both were held as rioters.

In Central Park five men were arrested who had thrown missiles at Policeman Cannon of the West 100th Street Station. They had thrown the missiles, mostly rocks, from the roof of 367 Columbus Avenue, and were traced to Central Park by detectives.

John Kelly, a striker, was assisted to Bellevue Hospital at nightfall. He was suffering from a lacerated scalp and body bruises, which he said had been inflicted by a policeman and a detective at the corner of Ninth Avenue and Seventeenth Street.

Policeman James F. McKelvey of the Prospect Park Police Station was badly injured yesterday afternoon while on his way to New York on strike duty. McKelvey and a dozen other mounted policemen of the Park Station had been ordered to New York for duty. As he turned out of the barns McKelvey's horse slipped. McKelvey fell to the ground, the horse on top of him. He was taken to Seney Hospital. Several ribs and his left leg were broken.

In the Harlem Police Court Magistrate Herbert fined Sadie Pastor, 20 years old, $10 for rioting and inciting to riot. She threw paper bags, filled with garbage, at the heads of strikebreakers from the windows of her flat, at 219 East 106th Street.

Strikers Urge Contract System.

At the headquarters of the strikers, Murphy's Hall, in West Forty-ninth Street, plans were drawn yesterday for seeking help from prominent citizens. It was decided to urge that the contract system be resorted to and that the city cease to make it a matter of municipal concern who the contractors hired after receiving their contracts. Under this system, the men held, they could go to work as individuals for contractors for the day work that would no doubt be called for. Then the matter of night work could be left open, and only such night squads sent out as the contractors could furnish.

Organizer Ashton attended a meeting of the chauffeurs' union and appealed for moral support. He was assured of the chauffeurs' sympathy with the street department men.

Ashton said he would see Controller Prendergast to-day in behalf of the plan for a temporary adjustment through the contract system. He said he was sure that no contractor could furnish any but union drivers, and that would mean that they would have to employ Street Cleaning Department men.

The Socialist Party sent out resolutions of sympathy with the strikers, declaring that Mayor Gaynor had treated the petition of the men "with insolent contempt," and that he and Commissioner Edwards had acted "like tyrannical sweat-shop bosses." A mass meeting of protest against the attitude of the Mayor was announced for to-night at Cooper Union. A meeting of the Central Federated Union, to decide as to plans for extending the strike, was called for Tuesday.

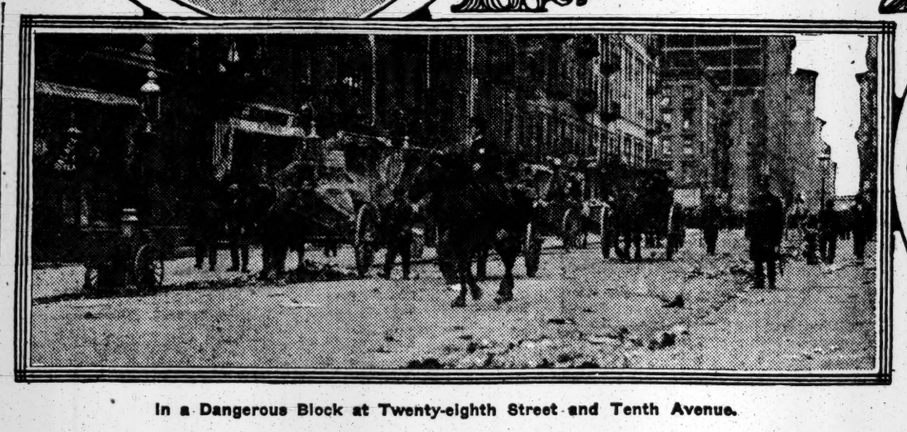
Harry Phillips, ex-Deputy Mayor and ex-Alderman of West Ham, London, will call on Mayor Gaynor this morning to see if a conference may not yet be arranged to settle the strike. He is and was a member of the Conciliation Committee that helped to settle the strike of the seamen and dockers in London.

Seventy-five strike breakers were brought to this city from Philadelphia last night by a local detective agency. They were taken by the Subway to Stable I., in East 152d Street. The majority of the strike breakers were negroes. No attempt was made by the strikers and their sympathizers to retard the progress of the men.

Scenes In the Street Cleaning Riots Yesterday.

Policeman Protecting a Strikebreaking Carter.

Police Take Hold After a Shower of Bricks in West Thirtieth Street.



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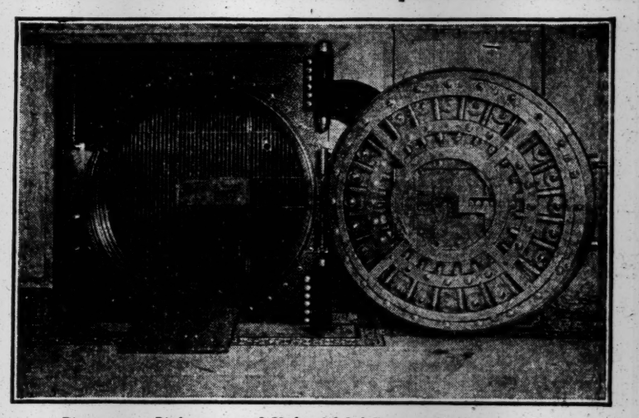

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FAKE DUKE POSED AS PHYSICIAN, TOO

De Nevers Visited Mount Sinai Hospital, Wearing Cross of the Legion of Honor.

TALKED WELL ON MEDICINE

And Announced That He Had Discovered a Cure for Tuberculosis—Has Criminal Record.

It was learned yesterday that the man who has posed as Duke Charles de Nevers and as Philip de Clemecy, and who was arrested here recently for passing worthless checks for $292 on the Hotel Touraine, Boston, had also palmed himself off at several hospitals in this city as a Surgeon General of the French Army and Navy.

The Frenchman presented himself at the Mount Sinai Hospital, Madison Avenue and 100th Street, wearing a blue suit and a fancy waistcoat, to which was pinned a Cross of the Legion of Honor. The suit, it was remarked afterward, was not new, and there were grease stains on the sleeves. The man apologized for the stains, explaining that he had dined the previous day with Gen. Grant on Governors Island, when he had been so unfortunate as to spill his soup. He said he was a Surgeon General of the French Army and Navy, and after he had written his name and supposed title on a slip of paper, which was sent into the Superintendent's office, one of the hospital physicians was delegated to show him the hospital, from basement to roof.

The man explained to the physicians that he was particularly interested in the study of tuberculosis, and announced that he had discovered a cure for the disease, which on his return to Paris he intended to give to humanity. As he was ushered about from ward to ward he evinced a lively interest in everything. He said he had performed several operations at the Post-Graduate Hospital, Second Avenue and Twentieth Street. In his talks with the physicians he showed he was familiar with medicine. It took four hours to satisfy him that he had seen all that was to be seen. Then, consulting his watch, he said he would have to hurry, as he had an engagement for luncheon with a friend in Fifth Avenue.

Before he went he left cards with the physicians with the inscription "Philippe de Bourbon, Duc de Nevers, Duc D'Aumele, Surgeon General French Army and Navy, Professor of Surgery in the University of Paris, and Commander in the Legion of Honor."

The day following his visit one of the hospital physicians received from him a letter of thanks in which was inclosed an order that would admit the bearer, it was explained, to any hospital or medical school in France. The writer said he would pay the hospital another visit. But the following day, Oct. 3, the hospital physicians were surprised to learn that the Surgeon General of the Army and Navy of France was a fraud.

At the hospital it was said that they had no idea what object de Nevers had in coming there unless it was to try to make friends with several of the physicians and then persuade them to cash his checks.

At the Post Graduate Hospital last night it was said de Nevers had brought his wife there for treatment last month. He said he was a wealthy physician and surgeon, and that he was the owner of automobiles and airships. He had never asked to be allowed to operate on a patient, and had paid for his wife's treatment. They learned, they said, that he was a fraud, and were relieved when they heard of his arrest.

The Frenchman has had a picturesque career. In 1903 he served eighteen months in a London prison for swindling a motor car company. In 1905 Judge Foster sentenced him to Sing Sing for five years for swearing falsely to property he offered as security for a speeding chauffeur. In 1909 the County Medical Society had him sent to jail for a year, with a $500 fine, for practicing medicine without a license. His real name is said to be Nevers, but he is not a nobleman. He is said to hold a degree in medicine from a Paris university. The title of the Duc de Nevers passed from existence in 1798 at the death of the Duc de Mazarin.

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STUDYING VALUE OF FORESTS

Data Being Gathered to Show Their Effect on Climate and Streams.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—By direction of Secretary Wilson the Weather Bureau and the Forest Service are making an exhaustive study of the effect of forests upon climate and stream flow. The experiment station at Wagon Wheel Gap, Col., established for the purpose of this investigation, is now on a firm basis, and a series of observations has been made during the last eight months.

Co-operative meteorological stations are also maintained in the Coconino National Forest, Arizona, and in the Fremont National Forest, Colorado, data from which will be available for study and comparison in connection with the records made at Wagon Wheel Gap. Results obtained in this semi-arid region, it is said, will be without value in determining problems in the humid regions of the East, and it is probable that an experimental area may be selected and plants installed in both the Allegheny and White Mountain regions.

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COLD WAVE COMING; COUNTRY GALE-SWEPT

Continued from Page 1.

they encountered the storm. After half an hour's struggle the towline parted. In the heavy sea the vessel was unable to render assistance to the barge, and the latter, with its crew of seven men, was left to drift. The Pahlow managed with difficulty to make the harbor at Milwaukee.

The steamer John T. McWilliams stranded this afternoon while trying to make the Chicago harbor. The vessel was laden with coal from Buffalo, consigned to the Pittsburgh Coal Company at Chicago. She rammed her stem into a mud bank 2,000 feet southeast of the Chicago North Pier Harbor Light.

Three tugs worked until a late hour trying to release the stranded steamer, but without success. It is said the vessel is in no great danger unless the wind rises again, but the lake is still running high.

Three men are dead from cold and exposure, and one man is dying from a skull fracture, the result of a fall on an ice-covered sidewalk, while thousands of dollars' worth of damage to property was the heavy toll exacted by the storm in Chicago.

From points outside of Chicago come belated reports of widespread havoc caused by the storm. A dispatch from Bedford, Ind., states that damage was done there to the extent of $1,000,000, and that the stone mills of that district are heavy losers. One mill was almost totally destroyed, being blown across the Monon Railroad, blocking tarffic for several hours. At the Southern Indiana Railroad shops the boiler house was badly wrecked. The mills of the Bedford Foundry and Machine Shops Company and the Bedford Steel Construction plant were blown out, and a school building was partially wrecked.

At Washington, Ind., the temperature dropped 58 degrees in twelve hours. Many barns and houses were stripped of their roofs, and telephone and telegraph wires are down. The same condition exists at Montgomery, Plainville, Elnora, and Odon.

From a temperature of 74 degrees on Saturday the thermometer in Chicago fell to 13 degrees to-day, the highest temperature recorded during the day being 20 degrees. The wind attained a velocity of 48 miles an hour.

DEVASTATION IN OHIO.

Cleveland Reports the Worst Winter Storm in Twenty Years.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 12. -- The worst early Winter storm in twenty years visited the south shore of Lake Erie this morning. From all points west and east of Cleveland reports of devastation have come. No land fatalities are reported, but railway service, both steam and trolley, is tied up and telephone and telegraph wires are down in all directions. All sailings from Cleveland and Buffalo were canceled to-night.

At Marion much damage was done to telephone and telegraph lines by a sixty-mile hurricane which continued for two hours, when there was a heavy downpour, followed by a drop of 50 degrees and a snowstorm this morning.

Conneaut was storm bound. At a late hour to-day street cars were not running, trains were behind time, and telephone and electric light wires were down all over the city. The thermometer dropped 40 degrees at Findlay, whereupon came a blizzard that caused much suffering.

BLIZZARD GRIPS PITTSBURGH.

Temperature Drops to 18 Degrees—Wire Service Crippled.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Nov. 12.—With high winds doing great property damage and a heavy snowfall that crippled the wire service, Pittsburgh is to-night in the grip of the worst November blizzard it has known. The thermometer dropped to 18 degrees, falling 40 degrees since early this morning.

Heavy rains turned to snow about noon, and since then there has been a steady fall of the first snow of the year. Telegraph and telephone companies report much trouble, and communication west of Pittsburgh was almost entirely cut off for a time. Police stations are filled with cold and hungry unfortunates, the suddenness of the blizzard causing great suffering.

Storm damages will keep hundreds of linemen busy before communication is completely restored.

EIGHT KILLED IN CYCLONE.

Property Loss More Than $1,000,000 in Wisconsin Storm.

JANESVILLE, Wis., Nov. 12.—Splintered timbers, broken furniture, crumpled rock and plaster, scattered farm produce and dead farm animals littering the ground over an area of a quarter of a mile in width and twenty miles in length indicate the tremendous force with which southern Wisconsin's worst cyclone swept a path through Rock County, killing eight persons, injuring many more and doing damage to the extent of nearly a million dollars.

Wire service was demoralized last night and it was not until to-day that details of the catastrophe were obtained. A steady downpour of rain added to the confusion and made identification of the dead difficult. On Saturday night the thermometer dropped nearly to zero, and it was a fearful experience for grief-stricken survivors, many left homeless.

A bride of a few months was instantly killed when the house was carried away. Her husband stood in the barn door and saw the house disappear, and discovered the body of his wife after the cyclone had passed.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Nov. 12.—In the fiercest river storm that has ever visited Alton, Ill., twenty-six miles up the Mississippi, a steamboat and half a dozen yachts were sunk early this morning.

One of the latter was the Phi Alpha, one of the handsomest yachts on the Mississippi, which broke her cable and, driven by the high wind, crashed into a fleet of small boats. The Phi Alpha belonged to Joseph Stephens, brother of former Gov. Leon R. Stephens. The Hooker, the Florence, the 'Frisco, and the Onion, owned by the Onion Boat Club, also went down in the storm.

The wind in St. Louis blew forty-eight miles an hour, crippling telephone and telegraph service and doing other damage. The temperature dropped 26 degrees in ten minutes. It fell from 80 degrees on Sunday afternoon to 20 degrees early this morning.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Nov. 12.—The Southwestern cotton belt is in the grip of the coldest weather experienced at this season of the year in many years. Meagre reports show that the wind blew at the rate of forty to seventy miles an hour and brought sudden drops of from twenty to eighty degrees in temperature. Still colder weather, with continued strong winds, is forecasted for to-night and early to-morrow. In the sugar and truck regions of Texas and Louisiana temperatures are scheduled to drop from four to eight degrees below freezing.

The local Weather Bureau reports that high winds were general over the Central and Western Mississippi Valleys.

BUFFALO POWER GONE.

Traction Lines Tied Up When Cable Fails.

BUFFALO, Nov. 12.—The first blast of Winter struck here to-day, ushered in by a 68-mile-an-hour gale and a drop of 40 degrees in temperature. The storm's trail was marked by shattered plate glass windows, a stranded lake freighter and a demoralized street-car service. No fatalities occurred in the city, but at Kennedy Alonzo Dewey and his wife, an old couple, blinded by the storm, drove in front of an Erie passenger train and were killed.

About 12 o'clock the wind tore down the transmission cables of the Niagara Falls Power Company. The lines on both sides of the river were prostrated, thus cutting off all source of power for street-car service here, except emergency storage batteries, which were exhausted in twenty minutes. Between 12:30 and 3 o'clock traffic was at a standstill. The tie-up came when traveling was difficult, if not dangerous, and the majority of the passengers clung to the shelter of the cars until traffic was resumed.

The freighter J. Q. Riddle of Cleveland was torn from her moorings back of the breakwall and swept toward the beach, settling on a sandy bottom off the shore.

SAVED CLINGING TO PEACONS.

Sixteen Forced to Desert Frail Boats in Gulf Storm.

MOBILE, Ala., Nov. 12.—Sixteen men, clinging to beacons in Mobile Bay, after being forced to desert frail boats from which they were fishing, were rescued by a tug after several hours' exposure in to-day's storm. A number of men were seen in perilous situations, but were too distant in shallow water to make assistance possible. They may be dead by now.

One apparently disabled launch, with several women on board, drifted past one of the beacons where some men were marooned, and no report has been heard of it since.

Your First Cost Your Last

if you buy a Pease Player-Piano, as we give free of charge the unlimited use of our music roll library with every piano we sell.

Pease Players are simple in construction, and it does not need a six months' course in music in order to play them intelligently. Best of all, the tone and durability of the piano are beyond question. There are over 83,000 satisfied purchasers to prove it.

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Electro Silicon Co., 30 Cliff St., New York. At Grocers and Druggists Everywhere.

GANG BETRAYS SALI AS ROBBER CHIEF

Police and Sheriffs Capture Man Believed to be Leader of the Croton Lake Bandits.

LAST OF THE FIVE SOUGHT

Identification Not Complete, as Prisoner Has Had His Mustache Shaved —Grand Jury Inquiry To-morrow.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Nov. 12.—The last of the five robbers who, Sheriff Hartnett of Westchester County says, invaded the Griffen farmhouse at Croton Lake on Thursday morning, and after holding up Mrs. John S. Ray and Miss Anna Griffen wantonly murdered Mrs. Harry S. Hall, wife of the Superintendent of the Bradley Camp of the Croton Aqueduct, is now locked up in the White Plains Jail. He was identified by Vincenzo Cona, one of the prisoners, as being the ringleader of the gang and will be charged with murder.

The prisoner gave his name as Lorenzo Sali, but Cona says he was known to him as "Tony." He was arrested at 2 o'clock this morning in an Italian boarding house at 20 Whitwell Place, Brooklyn, and was identified by Cona as the principal for whom Sheriff Hartnett and Under Sheriff Jenkins have been scouring Westchester County since the morning of the murder.

The house where Sali lived was surrounded by Sheriff Hartnett, Under Sheriff Jenkins, Deputy Sheriff Wagner, and a squad of Brooklyn detectives. Sali was found in bed. Miss Griffen and Mrs. Ray told the Sheriff that "Tony," as the prisoner was called by his companions when the attack was made at the farmhouse, wore a black coat and cap and had a large black mustache curled up at the ends, and jet black hair.

The detectives say that Sali had just had his mustache cut off and his hair had been cut within a day or two. In his room was found a black coat and cap. There were suspicious stains on the coat sleeve and nettles on various parts of it.

Sali was taken before Miss Griffen and Mrs. Ray in the White Plains Jail this afternoon. They said they were almost sure he was the fifth member of the gang, but they could not say positively because his mustache was missing. The Sheriff will let the prisoner's mustache grow and then the women will again have a look at him.

Sali has been unable to account for his movements on the day of the murder, and Felipe de Marto, another one of the robbers who has confessed to taking part in the holdup, also says Sali was with them at the Griffen farmhouse and gave each of them $12 after it had been looted.

The other two members of the gang, Giuseppe Peppho and Angelo Turiddi, have been identified. Sheriff Hartnett has found all the jewelry which was stolen from Mrs. Hall's room after she was stabbed to death. It was thrown away in the rear of Constable George Purdy's store at Glendale. The jewelry was wrapped in a handkerchief belonging to Peppho and consisted of two gold bracelets and a gold chain and watch.

The Westchester County Grand Jury will consider the charge against the five men on Tuesday.

FISH OVERWHELM FISHERMEN

Two Nearly Drown When a Great School Is Washed Up on Shore.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 12.—Two fishermen were nearly drowned trying to escape an avalanche of fish, thrown on the beach yesterday at Ostend, between Long Beach and Terminal Island, by a huge wave. Hundreds rushed to the shore and in wagons, buckets, sacks, or other receptacles, carried the fish away. Still there remain thousands on the beach.

Three fishermen had just set their seines for smelt when they sighted a huge school of croakers reading direct for the nets. The men struggled for the shore, and had nearly reached it when the avalanche hit them. Two of them were knocked down and only after a struggle succeeded in getting ashore, where they found their companion shoveling fish upon the bank.

DIX URGES RACE FAITH.

Governor Addresses the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities.

Gov. Dix was the principal speaker last night at the first dinner of the Brooklyn Federation of Jewish Charities in Kismet Temple, 92 Herkimer Street, Brooklyn. Mayor Gaynor was expected, but sent his regrets. Jacob H. Schiff was also unable to come, but his address was read by his son-in-law, Felix M. Warburg. Other speakers were Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, Secretary of State Lazansky, Julius Rosenwald, President of the Associated Jewish Charities of Chicago, and Judge Julian W. Mack of the Commerce Court.

At the speakers' table were Dr. Morris Loeb, Commander de Kay, the Governor's military Secretary; President Steers of Brooklyn, Isidor Straus, and Controller Prendergast. Nathan S. Jones, President of the federation, was toastmaster. The diners numbered about five hundred, of whom fully half were women.

Gov. Dix said he was glad of the opportunity to express some ideas as to liberty and charity that had long ago become convictions with him.

"Under the beneficence of our institutions," he said, "America should lead the way in true liberty, justice, and progress. To my mind, we shall do so best through those component races of the great American people who respect and follow most closely the traditions and the teachings of the race and religion of their forbears, in the necessarily slow onward movement of human progress and National development.

"My order of growth is: First, mutual toleration; secondly, mutual knowledge; thirdly, mutual respect; lastly, assimilation, through the triumph of truth that shall come by the purifying and polishing attrition of time that strengthens what is strong, and eliminates what is weak or worthless.

"Men and women who by heredity, tradition, education, and affection are grounded in the conviction and faith of their fathers, far from being less the lovers of liberty, are in fact the very reliance of freedom. Their devotion to race, in the humanizing atmosphere of American life, quickens their appreciation of the good in the competing races, and to them I look hopefully for the diminution of all the little petty prejudice that still occasionally shows a sporadic and festering form in these free United States.

"Prejudice is the mother of suspicion, and suspicion is potential injustice. Faith and suspicion are as incompatible in American social life as in English etymology. Appreciation of one's own faith no longer involves the depreciation of the faith of another. On the contrary, in these days it induces toleration and encouragement of the faith of another. So I say to you that my dependence for future glories of American liberty and progress lies in those peoples who are proudest of the race they sprung from, the religion they inherited, and the home they possess.

"As to the civic worth and characteristic virtue of your co-religionists, there must be now nearly two millions of people of the Hebrew faith in the United States, living in all sections, engaged in every line of business, contributing to the wealth and the prosperity of the American Nation in every conceivable direction. They have compelled the respect of all classes. They have found here broad toleration, and they have given generous evidence of their appreciation of this spirit, which is the fundamental thought of true Americanism. The Jews in America have participated in all our National movements for maintenance and strength."

FINDS BURGLAR AT WORK.

Son of J. H. Iden Drives Negro from His Home and Police Get Him.

While John H. Iden, a retired merchant, was dining with his family on the second floor of his residence, 228 West 136th Street, last night, a negro "jimmied" the basement door and was caught by Henry A. Iden, a son of the merchant, in the act of stealing a quantity of silverware. The negro ran along 136th Street, in the direction of Eighth Avenue, with Henry Iden in pursuit.

At 135th Street and Eighth Avenue Policeman Woodrich seized the negro and took him to the station, where he said he was George Woods, 58 years old, a laborer, of 134 West 132d Street. According to the police, a bag carried by the prisoner contained several pieces of silverware valued at $100, which were identified by Henry Iden as property taken from the basement of his home.

WALRUS A KEEPER'S PET.

He Follows Snyder About the Bronx Zoo and Gives the Bears a Treat.

Flip is the solitary walrus in the Bronx Zoo. He is also the only one in captivity in this country. There are only three others on exhibition, and they are in Europe. Flip is a fine specimen of his kind, but he is not given to doing tricks to amuse visitors to the park. He is only 19 months old, but weighs 255 pounds. When he first came to the Zoo a year ago last September he weighed 145 pounds.

Flip has taken a great fancy to Keeper Charles Snyder and will follow him all over the place. Snyder has only to appear near the animal's inclosure and Flip begins to show his delight. He will reach up on the low iron fence and put up his head for the keeper to scratch it.

"Come, Flip," Snyder will say, opening the gate, and the animal will tumble after him.

Flip's greatest delight is to go with Snyder to the polar bear cage. The polar bear is the great enemy of the walrus family, for it is the walrus which furnishes the bears with their chief food supply. Scenting a meal, the bears will gather at the bars of their cages and give howls of expectation even before the walrus is in sight. Flip has learned that there is no danger as long as he does not go too near the cages, so he posts himself near the polar bears, and from his point of vantage watches his enemies. The walrus appears to enjoy the yearning of his old foes.

SEARCH FOR STOLEN JEWELS.

Police Here Asked to Look Out for Many Valuable Diamonds.

Among the diamond jewelry being searched for in this city is a bowknot containing 333 diamonds, weighing in all nearly twenty-four carats; another large bowknot of diamonds, platinum setting; a brooch containing a large diamond surrounded by eighty-eight pearls, stolen Oct. 31; a horseshoe pin containing thirty diamonds, in platinum setting; a gold ring with three diamonds of two carats each, sunken setting, marked "D. to D., Oct. 12, 1907," and a half-hoop ring containing three diamonds, weighing 3⅞ carats, marked "143-V."

Ask the man *who owns one*

ONE 3-ton Packard truck is saving $4,615.00 a year over horse-drawn vehicles for Towar's Wayne County Creamery, 73 Bagley Avenue, Detroit.

It travels 70 miles a day 365 days in the year and more than does the work of five teams and one single wagon.

Here are the figures taken from the Company's books:

HORSE EQUIPMENT	
Eleven horses at $33 a month, inclusive of feed, and all other barn expenses, interest, depreciation, wagons, harness, etc.,	$4356.00
Saving in wages, one man at $12 and three at $14 a week	2808.00
	$7164.00
MOTOR TRUCK	
Interest on $3,800 investment at 6 per cent	$ 228.00
Depreciation on $3,516.34, tires deducted, 20 per cent	703.27
Tires	504.00
Repairs	537.72
Gasoline	345.36
Oil and lubricants	80.60
Insurance	150.00
	$2548.95
Balance in favor of motor truck	4615.05
	$7164.00

Packard Motor Car Company of New York
1861 Broadway

A Case of Alienation of the Affections - - at Saks'

¶ We are happy to record one case of alienation of the affections where the circumstances redound to the honor of the defendant.

¶ The Raglan Overcoat, whose only offense is the simplicity of its lines, continues to usurp the supremacy of contemporary overcoat styles. Even men who have hitherto confined themselves to conservative models, become frail and susceptible in the presence of those charming shoulders!

¶ And we for our part are not surprised. The Raglan shoulder, with its soft and rounded profile, is a welcome relief from its squared contemporary. There is something particularly engaging about a garment which drapes easily, lightly, unobtrusively, and without the artifice of padding. It is a sort of getting back to first principles.

¶ But get a Raglan that is made by those who know how to make it perfectly—that is to say, get a Saks Raglan. We have them with convertible or button-to-neck, and regulation collars; with patch, slash, and flap pockets; with yoke, peak lapels and regulation lapels; in fly front and button through effects, and in single and double breasted styles. And this same variety applies to the fabrics which are as plentiful as votes, and include English warmth-without-weight cloths.

23.00 to 40.00

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

Men's Sleeping and Lounging Suits—value 3.50 at 1.95

¶ The sleeping and lounging suit is a Saks innovation. It is a compromise between a robe and pajamas. It has the propriety of the first without the too-too negligee appearance of the second. It is especially designed for that semi-somnolent, irresponsible do-nothing-or-read-a-while hour which lies somewhere between the last cigar and bedtime.

¶ It is a sort of roadhouse on the way to sleep, wherein a man may regale himself with introspection or take a practice nap before the lights go out. Soft, dreamy, drowsy, absurdly comfortable, it is an invitation to the pillow—an appetizer at the banquet of sleep—a foretaste of "the heavy honey dew of slumber."

¶ And, all good things being limited, there are only 650 of these sleeping and lounging suits available today at 1.95. They are made of soft flannel, in light stripes and checks, with turned back cuffs, patch pockets, turn-up trouser bottoms, and trimmed in military fashion with washable braid. Ideal for cold nights—and so suggestive of sleep that we really could not keep awake talking about them, but for the remarkable price of 1.95.

Saks & Company

Broadway at 34th Street.

SPECIAL TO-DAY

200 styles of fine imported fancy cheviots and unfinished worsteds. They are the kind of materials that go in $60.00 to $75.00 suits. Our price to measure $25.00. 12 styles of overcoatings, imported oxford and black Meltons and Kerseys. Overcoat satin lined to measure $30.00.

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THE druggist who recommends Sanatogen has behind him the written endorsements of 15,000 practising physicians. *His* endorsement, like those of the eminent scientists whose praise has given a unique fame to this remarkable food-tonic, is based on observation of *results*.

Sanatogen has aroused the enthusiasm of physicians everywhere because it is a *scientific* food-tonic—a *true* body builder, whose elements, albumen and sodium and glycero-phosphate, are in harmony with the basic elements of your system—*feeding* blood and brain with splendid tonic power.

The physician recognizes Sanatogen as the natural partner of your nervous organization in resisting the drain of fatigue by prompt and vital *reconstructive* action, in refilling the fountains of your physical strength.

"Renewed strength"—and how many men and women feel the need of this!—means *renewal* of cells and tissues. And *rebuilding*, nourishment, revitalization, constitute the very essence of Sanatogen's function as a food-tonic.

This is why Sanatogen is recognized not as a stimulator of false strength but as a generator of real strength, why it occupies a leading place among all the regenerative agencies known to science.

You may take the druggist's word—"it will help you."

We ask you earnestly to get acquainted with Sanatogen. Investigate our claims first, if you like, and we are only too glad to have you do so. Ask your doctor about it, and in any case write at once for our book, "Our Nerves of To-morrow," the work of a physician-author, written in an absorbingly interesting style, beautifully illustrated and containing facts and information of vital interest to you. This book also contains evidence of the value of Sanatogen which is as remarkable as it is conclusive.

Sanatogen is sold in three sizes, $1.00, $1.90, $3.60

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The humorist, writes:
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Sir Gilbert Parker, M.P.
The eminent novelist-statesman, writes from London:
"Sanatogen is to my mind a true food-tonic, feeding the nerves, increasing the energy and giving fresh vigor to the overworked body and mind."

Lady Henry Somerset
The prominent social reform advocate, writes:
"Sanatogen undoubtedly restores sleep, invigorates the nerves and braces the patient to health. I have watched its effect on people whose nervous systems have been entirely undermined, and I have proved Sanatogen to be most valuable."

In ten months of 1911 The New York Times printed 6,674,399 agate lines of high-class advertisements—a gain over the corresponding period of last year of 455,549 lines, a far greater gain than the combined gains of all other New York morning newspapers.

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Our extensive showing of all the good materials and styles in Fall Suits and Overcoats insures a pleasing selection.

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Lift the Weight —ease the Strain

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The COWARD ARCH SUPPORT SHOE gives a friendly lift to a sagging, or broken arch, relieving the strained ligaments, and gradually restoring the foot-structure to its normal strength and position.

Coward Arch Support Shoe and Coward Extension Heel have been made by James S. Coward, in his Custom Dept. for over 30 years.

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YUAN MAY ADVISE THRONE TO RETIRE

Tension at Peking Relieved by His Assenting to Go There to Consult Regent.

COURT WOULD TAKE PENSION

And Retire to Jehol If Safety Were Assured—Shan-si Governor and Wife Beheaded.

PEKING, Nov. 12.—Yuan Shi-Kai and the Government exchanged telegrams this morning. Yuan has agreed to come to Peking to discuss the situation, but he adheres to his resolve not to accept the Premiership. It is expected that he will arrive here to-morrow, and an audience with the Regent has been arranged.

The American Legation does not believe that Yuan Shi-Kai has yet advised the throne to abdicate, as some reports stated, but he may do so later. Yesterday Yuan sent a message to the Government from his home in Changte-fu. He then proceeded to Cheng-chow, on the Pehan Railway, where he conferred with a deputation from the Ho-nan Assembly, endeavoring to dissuade the delegates from the proposed declaration of the province's independence, which, he said, would damage the throne's position seriously.

The fact that the man on whom the Government depends more than any one else is coming to Peking has caused a general feeling of relief and of hope that he will evolve plans to end the present chaos. It is understood that the Court will remain in the Forbidden City, realizing that their departure now would be fatal. It is also understood that the throne is willing to accept a pension and retire to Jehol if safety is assured. Prince Ching, the acting Premier, does not desire to remain in office, but he continues to support the Regent, who has no other trusted advisor.

The situation at Kai-feng, Ho-nan Province, is serious. The Governor's family left for the North last night on a special train. The Governor remains at Kai-feng, but does not sleep at the yamen.

Foreign refugees who have arrived here from Tai-Yuen-fu, Shan-si Province, report that no foreigners have been harmed. The Governor and his wife and thirty Manchus, however, have been beheaded. The rebels are maintaining order, and the new arrivals say that their administration is excellent. The whole Province of Shan-si is supporting the movement.

Mukden and Niu-Chwang are controlled by defense societies, consisting of troops and civilians. The conditions prevailing in these places practically amount to independence.

HANKOW, Nov. 10.—The imperialists have bombarded Wu-chang without noticeable effect. They have practically abandoned Ten Kilometer station, owing to the effective shooting of the revolutionaries. Otherwise conditions are pacific here, except for sniping.

Yuan Shi-Kai, in writing to Gen. Li Yuen-Heng, the rebel leader, proposing terms for a settlement, has expressed dissatisfaction with the Government at Peking. He urged acceptance of the Constitution with a limited monarchy, and asked that the Emperor be given an opportunity to prove the sincerity of his promises for reforms.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 12.—The revolutionaries have taken Chu-Chow on the Pu-Kow Railroad, thirty miles north of Pu-Kow.

The Consuls at Shanghai have received instructions to consult and deal with the de facto Government, without, however, official recognition. The American marines who have been guarding the cable huts at Wu-Sung have been withdrawn, and the revolutionaries have taken charge.

It is understood that Wu Ting-Fang, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, has telegraphed the diplomats at Peking protesting against the Nanking massacre, pointing out that the reformers are organized and are maintaining order elsewhere in the province.

Reports from I-Chang say that the revolution is spreading through Sse-Chuen Province, and that conditions are very serious. Some of the missionaries have been robbed.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—A dispatch to a London news agency from Nanking says that martial law has been proclaimed there. Gen. Chang Jen-Chung, the Viceroy, is executing all suspects, including some of his own men, and is enlisting a number of roughs. The rebels have retired to their nearest camp, fifteen miles distant. The Government troops are bringing up artillery to attack them, but are respecting the neutrality of the railroad. Food supplies in Nanking are becoming exhausted.

AMOY, Nov. 12.—The conference of officials with representatives of the conservative and radical elements to determine upon a course of action has failed to reach an agreement. The officials and conservatives proposed the establishment of a temporary independence, while the radicals favored the surrendering of the city to the revolutionaries. It was argued that Amoy was too weak to stand alone, and that some foreign power would seize it immediately it declared its independence. The revolutionaries are now preparing to take over the Government.

Every entrance to the city is strongly guarded and detachments have been posted on the surrounding hills. Every precaution has been taken to prevent disorders. There is no American warship here, but the British sloop Rosario has been able to land thirty men. Japanese cruisers are within two hours' call by wireless, but their presence is not desirable because of Chinese distrust.

Foochow reports much looting and incendiarism. The Tartar General has been beheaded. The Vice Consul has recalled the missionaries from the interior at the request of the defacto Government, which says it is not responsible for their lives.

BEGIN PACKERS' TRIAL TO-DAY

Heads of Chicago Meat Firms Charged with Conspiracy to Restrain Trade.

CHICAGO, Nov. 12.—After more than nine years of investigation by the Government, the first criminal prosecution under the Sherman Anti-Trust act of individual meat packers will begin here tomorrow before Judge George A. Carpenter in the United States District Court. Ten heads of the packing industry will be placed on trial charged with monopolizing and restraining inter-State trade in meat. The extreme penalty is a fine of $5,000 and one year in jail. The defendants are:

LOUIS F. SWIFT, President of Swift & Co. and Director of National Packing Company.
EDWARD F. SWIFT, Vice President of Swift & Co. and Director of National Packing Company.
CHARLES H. SWIFT, Director of Swift & Co.
EDWARD TILDEN, President of National Packing Company.
J. OGDEN ARMOUR, President of Armour & Co.
ARTHUR MEEKER, General Manager for Armour & Co.
EDWARD MORRIS, President of Morris & Co.
FRANCIS A. FOWLER, Director of Swift & Co.
THOMAS J. CONNORS, Superintendent of Armour & Co.
LOUIS HEYMANN, Manager for Morris & Co.

A special panel of 150 has been summoned for the jury, and hundreds of witnesses have been called. It is expected that the trial will last several months. All technicalities have been swept aside, the defendants have pleaded not guilty, and all that remains is the trial.

Most of the Government's efforts will be directed to show that by the organization of the National Packing Company the packers were able to control the meat industry. United States Senator W. S. Kenyon will be associated as special counsel with United States District Attorney James H. Wilkerson in the prosecution. Pierce Butler of St. Paul, Barton Corneau of Washington, James Sheehan, and Elwood Goodman, Chief Assistant District Attorney, will aid in the prosecution.

ST. JOSEPH, Nov. 12.—Subpoenas were served yesterday on five local railroad representatives, ordering them to go to Chicago on Wednesday and produce the books and records of their respective lines in the case of the ten Chicago packers to be tried for alleged violations of the anti-trust law.

The men may be called on to testify as to the shipments of dressed beef and provisions handled by their lines for the St. Joseph packing houses. Eight Omaha railroad men were also served with subpoenas.

Smith Gray & Co.

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Suits and Overcoats

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At Savings of 4.50 to 17.50

HERE, indeed, is opportunity—fabrics from the world's best mills, in every correct and many exclusive designs, in the more popular styles of two hemispheres, including many distinctive Smith Gray & Co. models, tailored in the way that shows the mastery gained by the experience of two-thirds of a century, at prices that bespeak the hundred per cent. productive efficiency we now celebrate.

In Suits the style range is most comprehensive, including English soft roll and many exclusive Smith Gray & Co. models, in sizes for men, young men and boys.

In Overcoats there is every weight fabric in all the new correct and many distinctive Smith Gray & Co. models—box, semi-box, extreme fitted backs, ulsters, motor coats, raglans, guard coats, single and double breasted convertible collar models, as well as the more popular English and Continental.

Come in to-day—assortments were never better.

15.50 for Suits and Overcoats that are standard 20.00 and 22.50 values
18.50 for Suits and Overcoats that are standard 22.50 and 25.00 values
22.50 for Suits and Overcoats that are standard 27.50 and 30.00 values
27.50 for Suits and Overcoats that are standard 32.50 and 35.00 values

Hundreds of 40.00 & 45.00 Fine Silk Lined Overcoats, 27.50

INSTEAD of waiting until the season's end, as is usual, Smith Gray & Co. dispose of broken sizes as rapidly as they occur. If you would participate in these underpricings, we urge quick action.

18.00, 20.00 and 22.50 Suits and Overcoats, in all styles and colors, all sizes, but not in all styles.....12.50

25.00, 30.00 and 32.50 Suits and Overcoats, in all styles and colors, all sizes, but not in all styles.....16.50

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs.

Your Charge Account Is Solicited.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

JOINS FIGHT AGAINST TREATY WITH RUSSIA

American Jewish Committee to Work Energetically for Full Passport Rights.

OPPOSES IMMIGRATION BARS

Mayer Sulzberger of Philadelphia Re-elected President—By-Laws Reframed to Conform with the New Charter.

The fifth annual meeting of the American Jewish Committee, organized for the purpose of preventing the infringement of the civil and religious rights of Jews, and to alleviate the consequences of persecution, was held at the Hotel Astor yesterday. There were two sessions, one in the morning and another in the afternoon.

At the morning session Mayer Sulzberger of Philadelphia, President of the Executive Committee, read his annual report, which urged co-operation in the effort now being made to have the Treaty of 1832, entered into between Russia and the United States, abrogated because of the refusal of Russia to honor passports issued by the American Government.

Among those present were Jacob H. Schiff, Louis Marshall, Supreme Court Justice Nathan Bijur, Isidor Straus, Joseph Barondess, Samuel Dorf, William Fischman, Israel Friedlander, Samuel B. Hamburger, Maurice H. Harris, Leon Kamaiky, Nathan Lamport, J. L. Magnes, P. A. Siegelstein, Joseph Silverman, and Cyrus L. Sulzberger, all of New York; Mayer Sulzberger, Benjamin Wolf, and M. Rosenbaum of Philadelphia, A. Leo Weil and Isaac W. Frank of Pittsburgh, Isaac M. Ullman of New Haven, Julian W. Mack, Julius Rosenwald, and B. Horwich of Chicago, Isaac H. Kempner of Galvston, Max C. Sloss of San Francisco, Caesar Cone of Greensborough, N. C.; Louis Newburger of Indianapolis, and Harry Cutler of Providence.

Neither session of the committee was public. At the adjournment of the afternoon session, Herbert Friedenwald, the Secretary, gave out this statement:

The annual report of the Executive Committee was read and in it the Russian passport question was referred to at length and formed a principal topic of discussion. It was determined to aid energetically all efforts now being made looking to the abrogation of the treaty of 1832, entered into between this country and Russia, because of Russia's discrimination against citizens who are Jews.

The committee also resolved to use its influence for the maintenance of the present immigration laws and to oppose the adoption of any further restrictive features in those laws.

The articles of incorporation passed by the last Legislature were approved, and the by-laws of the committee reframed to conform with the new charter. The annual report of the committee is not yet ready to be made public.

Mayer Sulzberger was re-elected President of the Executive Committee, Julian W. Mack of Chicago and Jacob H. Hollander of Baltimore were re-elected Vice Presidents, Isaac W. Bernheim of Louisville Treasurer, and the following were elected members of the Executive Committee, to serve three years from Jan. 12, 1912: Mayer Sulzberger, Isaac W. Bernheim, Samuel Dorf, Julius Rosenwald, and A. Leo Weil.

TEXAS WANTS COL. GREEN.

Plan Devised to Balk Mrs. Hetty Green's Desire to Keep Him Here, It Is Said.

Special to The New York Times.

GALVESTON, Texas, Nov. 12.—Col. E. H. R. Green, owner of the Texas Midland Railroad and the son of Mrs. Hetty Green, longs to be back in Texas, but, it is said, his mother will not let him come. But as a member of the military staff of Gov. Colquitt he is subject to orders, and, it is said, he is to be commanded to report for duty.

Such is the plan devised for getting Col. Green back to Texas. Gov. Colquitt, who was formerly a State Railroad Commissioner, declares it takes an army officer to operate successfully a railroad, and unless Col. Green reports within sixty days an attachment will be issued for him.

Several of Col. Green's plans for the management of his mother's property have not materialized. One of these was the establishment of a trust company to perpetuate the Green name and to manage the Green millions. Instead Mrs. Greene organized the Westminster Company, capitalized at $125,000, to take title to her properties and render their management less complicated.

CHIRIS

(Pronounced Sheris)

Even if you do not suffer from indigestion you will find that your food will digest better and you enjoy it more if you dress it with Chiris Olive Oil.

Pure Olive Oil Insures A Sound Digestion

Chiris is unequaled for its deliciousness, its wholesomeness, its richness and original flavor and its purity in manufacture.

Send 10c. for a trial bottle and our book of 75 Delicious Salad Recipes. Where dealers cannot supply Chiris order direct.

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Dept. "E," 18 Platt St.
New York.

OLIVE OIL

James McCreery & Co.

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On Monday and Tuesday, November the 13th and 14th

SILK DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores*

"McCreery Silks"

Famous Over Half a Century.

Complete assortments of the latest Colors and Black in Plain and Novelty Silks, Velvets, Velveteens, Corduroys and Dress Goods.

18,000 Yards of Brilliant Black Dress Satin, especially adapted for Mantles. 36 inches wide. 1.15, 1.35 and 1.50 per yard
value 1.50 to 2.50

Double Width Satin Crepe Meteor in White or Black..... 1.65 per yard
value 2.50

Imported Black Dress Velvet. 40 inches wide. 3.50 per yard
value 5.50

BLACK DRESS GOODS. *In Both Stores*

2,500 Yards of Broadcloth, bright satin finish, sponged and shrunk. 1.95 per yard
value 3.00

Imported Velveteen. 27 inches wide. 1.65 per yard
value 2.50

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Whenever you hear Good Music *think* of the

Fischer Player Pianos

TWO PIANOS IN ONE

Plays immediately by merely inserting the familiar music roll, or as readily with one's hands in the usual way.

Supporting the Fischer Piano Quality, famous for 71 years, are the prices, $650 upward, because we sell from the very factory where made.

Catalog and credit sales plan on request

J. & C. Fischer

Factory Salesroom, 417 West 28th Street, Near 9th Avenue.

Oldest Piano Makers in New York

James McCreery & Co.

23rd Street 34th Street

On Monday and Tuesday, November the 13th and 14th

BLANKET DEP'TS. *In Both Stores*

Blankets and Comfortables, below usual prices.

Fine White California Wool Blankets with blue or pink borders. Full size. 6.50 per pair

Comfortables, Figured Silkoline tops, plain borders. Full size. 2.65 each

Comfortables covered with Novelty Bordered Silkoline. Full size. 1.75 each

LINEN DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores*

Decorative and Household Linens, at the following low prices.

French hand-made cluny lace trimmed
Centre Pieces.....3.00, 4.00 and 6.00 each
Bureau Scarfs..... 4.00, 6.00 and 7.00 each
Doylies.....2.50, 4.50 and 7.50 per dozen

Satin Damask Tablecloths.
2 x 2 yards..... 1.75, 4.75 and 6.00 each
2 x 2½ yards..... 2.00, 5.75 and 7.00
2½ x 2½ yards.....3.75, 7.50 and 9.50

Napkins to match.
Dinner size..2.75, 6.50 and 8.00 per dozen

Hemstitched Damask Teacloths.....
1.00, 1.75 and 2.50 each

Hemstitched Damask Tea Napkins.....
2.50, 4.00 and 5.00 per dozen

Exhibition of a new Importation of Embroidered Linen Sheets, Pillow Cases and Bed Spreads.

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Imported Velveteen. 27 inches wide. 1.65 per yard
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Complete assortments of the latest Colors and Black in Plain and Novelty Silks, Velvets, Velveteens, Corduroys and Dress Goods.

18,000 Yards of Brilliant Black Dress Satin, especially adapted for Mantles. 36 inches wide. 1.15, 1.35 and 1.50 per yard
value 1.50 to 2.50

Double Width Satin Crepe Meteor in White or Black..... 1.65 per yard
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Imported Black Dress Velvet. 40 inches wide. 3.50 per yard
value 5.50

James McCreery & Co.

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$3, $3.50 & $4 SHOES

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY
FOR OVER 30 YEARS

The workmanship which has made W.L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.

Look in my store windows and inspect all the latest shapes, including Short Vamps which make the foot look smaller, also the Conservative Styles which have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.

W. L. Douglas shoes are warranted to hold their shape, fit and look better and wear longer than other makes for the price.

CAUTION The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and price stamped on bottom

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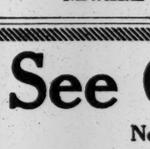

How to Order by Mail.—If W. L. Douglas shoes are not sold in your town, send direct to factory. Take measurements of foot as shown in model; state style desired; size and width usually worn; plain or cap toe; heavy, medium or light sole. *I do the largest shoe mail order business in the world.*

Illustrated Catalog Free.
W. L. DOUGLAS,
152 Spark St., Brockton, Mass.

ONE PAIR of my BOYS' $3.00 or $2.50 SHOES will positively outwear TWO PAIRS of ordinary boys' shoes

Fast Color Eyelets Used Exclusively.

Call at W. L. Douglas Stores in New York:

93 Nassau St.; 755 Broadway, cor. 8th St.; 853 Broadway, cor. 14th St. (Union Sq.); 1349 Broadway, cor. 36th St.; 1437 Broadway; 1495 Broadway (Times Sq.); 984 Third Ave.; 1452 Third Ave.; 2202 Third Ave., cor. 120th St.; 2779 Third Ave., bet. 146th and 147th Sts.; 345 Eighth Ave.; 663 Eighth Ave.; 250 W. 125th St. BROOKLYN—421 Fulton St., cor. Pearl St.; 708-710 Broadway, cor. Thornton St.; 1007 Broadway; 1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Ave.; 478 Fifth Ave.; 1779 Pitkin Ave. NEWARK—827 Broad Street. JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.

See California Now

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SAY HARVESTER PLAN HAS BEEN REJECTED

Chicago Hears Proposed Method of Dissolution Does Not Satisfy Wickersham.

SEEKS RADICAL CHANGES

International Harvester Co., Made Up of McCormick and Deering Interests, Undecided as to Future Action.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 12.—Edgar A. Bancroft, general counsel of the International Harvester Company, has been informed by the Department of Justice, according to dispatches received in this city from Washington to-day, that Attorney General Wickersham has rejected its plan of reorganization whereby it hoped to save itself from prosecution under the Sherman anti-trust law.

It is stated in the Washington dispatches that the modifications proposed by the corporation through Mr. Bancroft fell far short of pleasing Mr. Wickersham. He demands much more drastic alterations. Several months ago officials of the Harvester combine learned that an anti-trust suit against the company had been prepared for filing. They informed the Department of Justice that the corporation stood ready to make such changes as were deemed necessary to make its operations conform to the Anti-Trust act. The Attorney General consented to allow the company time to reshape its affairs, and to Mr. Bancroft was committed the task of drafting a plan of reorganization.

President Cyrus H. McCormick since his return from Europe early in October has been almost constantly in conference with the attorney getting the plan in shape. Last week it was completed and presented for the consideration of the Department of Justice. The Harvester Company proposes to dissolve the International Harvester Company of America, a Wisconsin corporation used as a selling agency, through which all the products of the Harvester Company of New Jersey and its subsidiaries are marketed in all parts of the world. This was one of a number of changes to be made.

Mr. Wickersham demanded that real competition must be restored in all branches of the manufacture and sale of agricultural machinery, such as existed prior to the formation of the Harvester combine in 1902. Whether the McCormicks, Deerings, and other interests in the company will surrender to the Attorney General's demands without a fight in court has not been decided. Their primary negotiations were based on the expectation that their programme of changes would be accepted.

Mr. Bancroft is not expected to return to Chicago until Wednesday, and in his absence none of the Harvester officials will discuss the report from Washington.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 12.—Assistant Attorney General Fowler, who has been conducting the conferences with the Harvester Trust, said to-night that a newspaper correspondent called him up this afternoon on the telephone, and he said that he told him the Department of Justice could not discuss the matter of the Harvester proposal.

Armory to Have Club House Features.

To make service in the National Guard more attractive to the enlisted men and prospective recruits, the Seventy-first Infantry has organized a combination military, athletic, and social organization, which will confer benefits in these three fields upon all members. Hereafter the armory at Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, will be open from 4 o'clock in the afternoon until midnight each day so that the men can get every possible benefit out of the library, gymnasium, restaurant, billiard room, and rifle range.

Hear Old Police Captains Are to Go.

The Committee on Rumors at Police Headquarters lifted their ears from the ground last night and announced that they had heard vibration that sounded as if Commissioner Waldo had finally decided to retire half a dozen of the older and less active Captains within the next few days. The Rumor Committee, however, was non-committal as to the source of its information and also mentioned no names.

DENY TRIPOLI ATROCITIES.

Italians Here Hold Meeting to Protest Against Reports in Press.

More than 5,000 Italians gathered in Sulzer's Harlem River Casino yesterday afternoon to protest against alleged defamations of Italian soldiers in Tripoli. The meeting was under the auspices of local Italian bankers, editors, and merchants. The Chairman was Baron Bernardo Quaranta di San Severino. More than thirty civic and patriotic societies were represented, the strongest representation being from the Italian Masons' Union, with 1,000 members present.

Baron Severino, in opening the meeting, said the gathering was called to pass resolutions protesting against the statements that had appeared accusing the Italian soldiers of atrocities in Tripoli. This announcement was received with cheers. The Baron in part said:

"All good Italians in America should be glad of this opportunity to protest against the cowardly attacks in certain sections of the press, which seem to have taken a peculiar pleasure in manufacturing palpably false statements in the form of stories, and presented to the credulous reader as facts, and thereby exposing to the public for general contempt the sacred honor of Italy and her gallant soldiers.

The Baron then read telegrams, which were later sent to President Taft and the Italian Ambassador at Washington, and cablegrams to the King of Italy and Gen. Caneva, in Tripoli. To President Taft was sent the following:

We, the Italian colony of New York, with other Italian colonies of the United States, gathered in solemn mass meeting to protest against the attacks made by certain sections of the press against the sacred honor of Italy and her humane soldiers, fighting for their country and civilization, send respectful greetings to the illustrious of this great, friendly Nation.

The wire to the Italian Ambassador read:

The mass meeting by the Italian colony of New York, vigorously repudiating the accusations against humanity of our gallant soldiers and the good name of Italy, sends your Excellency expressions of deep appreciation for the support which you have given to this patriotic movement.

Angelo Legniti, a banker, called attention to the meeting of protest held twenty years ago, when Italians were lynched in New Orleans. He said that the meeting at this time was similar, and was another instance how Italians can protest against wrong. Other speakers were ex-Assistant District Attorney Francis L. Corrao of Brooklyn, Giovanni Lordi, Dr. Antonio Stella, President of the Italian Medical Society, and President Giemo of the Society of the Sons of Italy. The meeting closed with the adoption of resolutions embodying the sentiment of the gathering as outlined by the speakers.

NEW POINT IN OLYMPIC CRASH

Sir Wm. White Suggests That the Liner's Swing Must Be Considered.

Sir William White, K. C. B., former naval constructor to the British Admiralty, has been asked to attend the trial of the White Star Line's damage suit over the Olympic-Hawke collision, to be held on Nov. 16, in the Admiralty Courts, and to testify for the Government. Sir William said last night that he had received the letter so late that it was impossible for him to change his plans and attend the trial. He was asked his opinion of the theory that the suction due to a big ship passing a smaller vessel caused the collision. "There is, of course," he said, "a certain amount of suction in such a case, but I think that the velocity would be too low to cause such damage as the Hawke made in the hull of the Olympic.

"That, however, is a question for experts to determine at the trial and I have had a letter from Naval Constructor Taylor, at Washington, informing me that he had started for London at the invitation of the British Government to give technical evidence on that point.

"Another point that will be raised in the coming trial," Sir William went on to say, "will be the velocity and radius of one of the modern big liners when swinging her stern around. In the Mauretania we found that her turning pivot was about the second funnel, one fourth of her length, which made her angular velocity small but her linear velocity, in swinging within a radius of 500 feet, immense. The Olympic would have even a greater length from her turning pivot, and the question as to whether she had finished swinging when the collision occurred will be an interesting point at the trial, because it is one which has not been raised before with these modern big liners.

"It is hard to imagine how such damage was inflicted by the Hawke when the two vessels were traveling at moderate speed, as the cruiser had a curved, graceful bow, to enable her to cut through the water without throwing up a sea ahead."

UNVEIL A TABLET FOR CHAS. SPRAGUE SMITH

Many at the Ceremonies in Hall of Cooper Union Had Often Heard Him Speak There.

DESIGN IS ON CLASSIC LINES

Charles R. Lamb Delivers the Presentation Address—Henry D. Baldwin Accepts the Memorial.

A tablet in memory of Charles Sprague Smith, founder and director of the People's Institute, was unveiled in Cooper Union last night. The memorial is of marble and is placed on the left of the stage from which Mr. Smith during the years he was the director of the institute presided over its meetings.

The tablet, which was designed by Charles Rollinson Lamb, the architect, is on classical lines, flanked by two pilasters supporting heavy mouldings and an entablature, and rests on a moulded base, the whole superimposed upon a shaft of black marble.

The hall of Cooper Union was crowded, many of the men and women present having faithfully attended the meetings of the institute in the days of Mr. Smith. The Rev. Dr. Thomas R. Slicer presided and Mr. Lamb presented the tablet to the institute. It was accepted by Henry De Forest Baldwin, Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the institute. John Spargo eulogized the man whose memory the tablet commemorates.

This is the inscription on the tablet:

IN MEMORY OF
CHARLES SPRAGUE SMITH.
1838-1910.
FOUNDER AND DIRECTOR
OF
THE PEOPLES INSTITUTE.

Let this soul pass on. He lives upon trust. His lips are pure and his hands are pure. His heart weighs right in the balance. He never preferred the great men to him of low condition. He was a brother to the great and a father to the humble. He fought on earth the battle of the good. Even as his Father, the Lord of the invisible world commanded him.

"I felt honored," said Mr. Lamb in his speech of presentation, "when Dr. Slicer asked me to design this memorial. That the design should be simple, following classic precedence, that it be harmonious with the simplicity of Mr. Smith's character, and at the same time give emphasis to the scholastic training of his mind.

"That the inscription is taken from the ancient burial book of the dead of the Egyptians is to my mind a happy omen, in that of all nations the Egyptians have been foremost in desiring to preserve in permanent form the memory of their great men.

"The other evening was opened in the Metropolitan Museum a series of new galleries with one of the most important collections of Egyptian antiquities in the world. As you note the records of 6,000 and more years ago down to the early Christian era you cannot but be impressed by the attempts to perpetuate in the most carefully selected materials the personal record of individual achievement.

"And yet with it all there is a distinctly sad note, because beside such records they have tried to preserve the poor human casement that holds for a few years only the personalities that we call by individual names, and in the mummied forms of actual individuals who have lived many thousand years ago, we are forced to feel the limitations of personal record and to agree, as agree we must, with the more Christian and enlightened idea that human forms shall disappear and fade from our sight, but that it is in the memories of the personality and in the power of their work that true immortality is won."

Mr. Lamb unveiled the tablet, and Mr. Baldwin then accepted it for the institute.

"It is an inspiration," said Mr. Baldwin, "to see on this platform a tablet for one who was a real democrat—a man who was a democrat without being a politician, a democrat without being an agitator. We who have heard him in this hall can appreciate the difference between a leader and a boss. This People's Institute is his monument."

Mr. Spargo referred to Mr. Smith as "the most tolerant man of positive convictions" he had ever known.

AN AMERICAN SALON OPENS.

Music, Drama, Literature, and Art Unite for an Evening.

The first salon on Parisian lines in this city was opened last night in the gold ballroom at Delmonico's by Leo Tecktonius, a professor of music, who has a studio in the Carnegie Building, and was attended by seventy men and women of literary, artistic, and musical tastes.

The entertainment, which began at 9 o'clock, was divided into four parts, music, drama, literature, and art. One of the most interesting features was a short address by Hereward Carrington on "Spiritualistic Phenomena: Fraudulent and Genuine," which he illustrated with experiments showing how fraudulent mediums tricked people. But he asserted his belief that certain mediums possessed mental and psychical powers that enabled them to perform manifestations which could not be explained otherwise.

Others on the programme were Demetrius Dounis, a young Greek player of the lyre-phoenix; Mme. Irma Wright-Hines, soprano; José Erard, tenor; Miss Peverly Sitgreaves, who gave imitations of a small girl and her troubles; Mme. Fuji-Ko, "the Girl of the Wistarias," who sang Japanese and English songs; Mrs. Hardin-Beverly, and others. A buffet supper was served at 11 P. M.

Mr. Tecktonius said that he had more than 75 members on the list, and the number was limited to 150. The next salon will be held on Dec. 10.

NAVAL ARCHITECTS TO MEET.

Annual Convention to be Held on Thursday and Friday.

The nineteenth annual meeting of the Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers will be held in the Engineering Society Building, West Thirty-ninth Street, near Fifth Avenue, on Thursday and Friday. Papers will be read by some of the best known of the constructors of the United States Navy, among them being one dealing with aeronautics by Naval Constructor William McEntee.

A dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria on Friday night will close the meeting, and at this the John Fritz Medal for 1911 will be presented to Sir William H. White, the British naval constructor. Onward Bates of the American Society of Civil Engineers will make the presentation speech. The medal was awarded to Sir William by a board of sixteen members made up of members of the American Society of Civil Engineers, the American Institute of Mining Engineers, the American Society of Engineers, and the American Institute of Engineers. The medal is awarded to Sir William for notable achievements in naval architecture.

SOPHIE CUNNINGHAM WEDS.

Asserted Two Years Ago That She Was the Widow of Alfred Lauterbach.

Sophie Cunningham, daughter of the Rev. S. R. Cunningham of Oakland, N. J., was married on Saturday to Herbert Leo Stein, the twenty-seven-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Leo Stein of 12 West Ninetieth Street. The marriage took place at the bridegroom's home and was performed by the Rev. John Lovejoy Elliott of the Ethical Culture Society. The couple have left the city on their honeymoon and will live at Far Rockaway.

Miss Cunningham caused a sensation in August, 1909, by announcing that she was the widow of Alfred Lauterbach, son of Edward Lauterbach, who had been killed in an automobile accident several months previously. When Edward Lauterbach was told of Miss Cunningham's claims he expressed surprise. Miss Cunningham's claim was never taken to court. According to the Stein family yesterday, she has a child.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder

not only cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth *without injury*, but imparts purity and fragrance to the breath, removing instantly the odor of tobacco.

This Is Our Anniversary Week

We Celebrate 24 Years of Good Value Giving by Offering for this One Week Only, at Four Stores

A Sale of Winter Suits

$45, $40, $35 and $30 Suits at $21.50
$25, $22, $20 and $18 Suits at $14.50

These Suits will be sold at the reduced prices during this week only. They are offered to our many friends and customers as our birthday gifts to them; and to men and young men, unfamiliar with Brill clothes, they present an opportunity to become acquainted with the splendid values which have made possible the wonderful growth of this business, from one small store to five of New York's largest and best clothing stores.

Anniversary Specials in Men's Furnishings
$2 Woven Madras Shirts 95c. $1.50 and $1 Silk Neckwear 50c.
$1.50 Kassan Spear-back Gloves $1. 50c Silk Neckwear 25c.

SALE AT FOUR STORES ONLY.
279 Broadway, nr. Chambers St.
125th Street at Third Avenue
47 Cortlandt St., nr. Greenwich
Union Square, 14th St., nr. B'way

"Get the Habit." Go to
Brill Brothers
Harlem Store Open Every Evening.

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL
FAST TRAINS TO
Philadelphia
(1 HOUR AND 50 MINUTES)
HAVE PROVEN SO POPULAR that the DINING CAR SERVICE De Luxe, which has met with such warm appreciation from its patrons, has been increased by a diner on 11 A. M. train.

DINING CAR SERVICE
On 7 and 8 A. M., 11 A. M., 12 Noon, 1 P. M., 5 and 6 P. M. TRAINS.

A FAST TRAIN EVERY HOUR ON THE HOUR," 7 A. M. to 10 P. M., and at midnight with sleepers FROM LIBERTY ST. 10 MINUTES OF THE HOUR FROM W. 23D ST.
Hard Coal—No Smoke—No Tunnels

DINING CAR SERVICE DE LUXE

¶ Holiday Greeting Cards are now on sale. Order early and get the choicest cards.

CORLIES, MACY & CO.
ESTABLISHED 1857
STATIONERS
STORE, . . 40 John Street
FACTORY, . . 441 [illegible]

GIMBELS

FIRST OF ALL—This Morning

See the BLUMENKRON STOCK

Because it's by far the most interesting event in New York today; and because the earliest visitors secure the greatest advantages.

The new, carefully selected Wearing Apparel stock of this specialty shop on West Thirty-fourth Street, now offered at ONE-THIRD to HALF below Blumenkron prices.

IN HONOR OF THE HORSE SHOW there is a worthwhile Exhibition of Latest Paris Modes in Millinery, Gowns, Blouses, Furs, Wraps and Suits, in the spacious Third-Floor Salons.

AN INTERESTING VICTROLA PROPOSITION, by which Victrolas will be placed in the homes of the first hundred applicants, without cost or obligation to them for ONE MONTH, is first presented today. Eighth Floor

CARPET SIZES in beautiful Oriental and Domestic Rugs are offered at exceptionally low prices. Sixth Floor

$25, $35 and $45 are the materially lowered prices on about 250 Tailored Suits for Women. Third Floor

SHINING BRASS, COPPER AND NICKEL WARES take part in a most unusual Sale at great savings. 5th Floor

2247 MEN can buy $2.50 to $3.50 Fancy Vests today at **$1.35 each.** Fourth Floor

5 Convenient DAY Trains
Leave New York
At 8.30, 8.45, 10.30 a.m.
12.40 and 12.50 p.m.

5 Convenient NIGHT Trains
Leave New York
At 6.00, 8.02, 9.40, 11.44
p.m. and 12.25 midnight

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Splendidly equipped—courteously manned—providing an unequaled service day or night

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The only "Water Level Route" between New York and Buffalo

RAILROAD AND PULLMAN tickets will be delivered by Special Messenger without extra charge. For further information address
Gen. Eastern Passenger Agent
1216 Broadway, New York City
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TWO STATIONS in New York—**Grand Central Terminal** (only railroad station in New York City on the Subway) serving all parts of New York and Brooklyn; and **125th Street Station**, especially convenient for Upper Manhattan, Harlem and the Bronx.

NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

TURNED BACK 14,500 ALIENS LAST YEAR

But 735,142 Were Admitted at This Port, Commissioner Williams Reports.

TIME TO RESTRICT, HE SAYS

"Put Aside False Sentimentality in Dealing with Immigration"—Needs More Buildings Here.

In a carefully prepared report on Ellis Island affairs for the year ended June 30, which was forwarded to the Commissioner General of Immigration at Washington on Friday, Commissioner William Williams states plainly conditions in the Immigration Bureau under his control and the improvements that are needed.

In the last year 749,642 aliens were inspected at the Port of New York. Of these 605,584 were promptly admitted on first inspection, the remainder being detained for special inquiry. The deportations during the year numbered 14,500, of whom 1,500 were aliens who after entry had been found to be here in violation of the law.

"In some months," Commissioner Williams states, "the exclusions were 3 per cent. of the arrivals, and such a percentage indicates carelessness on the part of steamship agents abroad in accepting immigrants as passengers. But deportation figures alone do not furnish a complete index of the work of this office in preventing ineligible immigrants from entering the United States.

"It is far more important to know that every effort is made to maintain a correct and efficient standard of inspection, which fact becomes known abroad and deters many immigrants who could not secure admission from starting on their journey, only to encounter the hardships of deportation."

Commissioner Williams says additions to the plant during the last twelve months have provided adequate day quarters for those held for special inquiry, but the medical offices are still inadequate for a proper execution of the law relating to the detection of the physically and mentally defective.

"The day detention quarters are now adequate for the needs of the Immigration Bureau," the Commissioner continues, "but such is not the case in the dormitory and baggage building. When 75,000 to 100,000 immigrants are arriving during a month there are frequently 2,000 beds needed for night guests, yet there are not over 1,800 beds on Ellis Island. When all the beds are occupied the congestion in the dormitory is very great, and since it has only an easterly exposure, the temperature on Summer nights may be 100 degrees and the ventilation is imperfect.

"It is often necessary to detain occupants of this room a week. Those of cleanly habits have to associate with others imbued with a dislike to soap and water, as there is no space to separate them. I recommend that a series of well-ventilated dormitories should be installed at a cost of $375,000 in a new building with outdoor verandas for each floor. The responsibility for the continuance of these bad conditions must rest with Congress. The executive authorities cannot remedy them until Congress furnishes the means.

"Our quarters for cabin passengers are just as inadequate and inappropriate as when I last wrote on this subject. Congress failed to act, and the passengers are still usually detained in quarters similar to those furnished steerage immigrants, with resulting unpleasant but often just criticism. This condition can be remedied by the expenditure of $80,000 for the erection of another story on the restaurant building."

Of the legislation of 1907, which added to the excluded classes all persons suffering from any physical or mental defect which might affect their ability to earn a living, Commissioner Williams says means should be found to give full effect to it, which is impossible at present. He adds:

"Our attention is from time to time called to the large proportion of feebleminded alien children in the public schools of New York, many of whom have passed through Ellis Island. One reason why they are not excluded is, as pointed out in my last annual report, lack of time and facilities for thorough examination as to mental condition. Another is that while idiocy and imbecility can usually be recognized even in infancy, yet feeblemindedness can rarely be discovered so early, and is usually recognized only as the child approaches the school age. As to children under 5, (and a great many such alien children come here,) it is probably correct to say that nothing short of an inquiry into their heredity will enable the Government to determine whether or not they are feebleminded, and since no such inquiry is now made, the law as to the exclusion of young feebleminded children is virtually a dead letter, and the Ellis Island authorities have not the means at their command to vitalize it. Not only is a feebleminded person likely to become a charge upon the community, but such an individual may leave feebleminded descedants, and so start a vicious strain that will lead to misery and loss in future generations and influence unfavorably the characters and lives of hundreds of persons."

With regard to the separation of families Commissioner Williams says the blame is often unfairly placed on the executive authorities.

"The case of the Wulfovich family," he says, "is a typical instance in which we prevented union here because it could not occur except in violation of law. A mother recently arrived from Russia with four young children, each of whom was suffering with a disease found by three of our surgeons to be 'not easily curable.' The father had preceded them. Under the law we were obliged to deport the children and the mother was sent back because the children required her care. Of course the case was a sad one, but the responsibility rested elsewhere than upon the immigration authorities. Yet a member of Congress recently took this office to task for doing in this case its plain duty under the law, though there was no word of condemnation for the transportation company, which, for the sake of the passage money, received these diseased children on board."

In concluding his report Commissioner Williams says:

"In the estimation of most impartial observers a certain minority of the new immigration is undesirable from the point of view of the interests of the United States, and this question cannot properly be considered from any other point of view. The real issue to-day is whether or not means should be found to keep out this undesirable minority, yet this issue is often successfully confused by interested persons, who seek to make it appear that those who merely advocate further reasonable restrictions are exclusionists and hostile to immigration as a whole.

"The time has come when it is necessary to put aside false sentimentality in dealing with the question of immigration and to give more consideration to its racial and economic aspects, and in determining what additional immigrants we shall receive to remember that our first duty is to our own country."

KIDNAPPED? WELL, MAYBE.

But Little Pietro Is Sure He Was Unusually Well Treated While Missing.

Four-year-old Pietro Quatrano, who disappeared last August from the home of his father, Leo Quatrano, a fish dealer of 119 Elizabeth Street, was found wandering near the corner of Saratoga Avenue and Dean Street yesterday morning by Policeman Edward Karther of the Liberty Avenue Station.

Little Pietro was believed by his parents to have been kidnapped, though no demands of ransom were made. Since then three Black Handers, Costabile, Micelli, and Palazolo, have all been convicted and sent to prison.

Just before daybreak Karther saw the boy wandering, rosy cheeked and strangely untroubled, in the street. He thought the boy lived in the neighborhood at first, but when he talked to him he found the little chap had no idea where he lived. A piece of paper with the words "N. T. Leonardo, 119 Elizabeth Street on it was found pinned to his clothes.

The police of the Mulberry Street Station were communicated with. A policeman who went to 119 Elizabeth Street found that no family named Leonardo lived there, but that the Quatrano family had lost Pietro three months ago. Quatrano later identified his boy and took him home.

Pietro was well dressed and had apparently been unusually well cared for. He was unable to give any account of how he had spent the last three months.

"Did the kidnappers have you, Pietro?" his overjoyed parents keep asking the child, but he shrugs, shakes his head, and can't tell them. That is a crime he does not know about.

The police believe the boy was kidnapped, but that the kidnappers became frightened at recent convictions, and so did not seek a ransom.

FIND MRS. PLATT IS WED.

Wife of ex-Senator Registers as Mrs. Atwater.

Special to The New York Times.

FISHKILL LANDING, N. Y., Nov. 12.—Confirmation was had here to-day of the report that Mrs. Carrie Janeway Platt, widow of Senator Thomas C. Platt, had been married on Nov. 5 by a Methodist minister at Suffern, N. Y., to William B. Atwater, keeper of a livery stable in Central Valley, N. Y.

The couple registered in the Holland House here this afternoon as Mr. and Mrs. William B. Atwater of Central Valley. They came in an automobile with Atwater's mother and sister. After dinner in the hotel all left for New York in the car.

The two met in Central Valley last Summer, where Mrs. Atwater has a summer home. Atwater is 38 years old. He will take a course in aviation in San Francisco.

BARNES MUST SHOW BOOKS, SAYS KELLOGG

Supreme Court Justice Decides Against Republican Leader in Albany Journal Case.

APPEAL WILL BE TAKEN

Senate Committee Was Directly Within Its Powers, Says Court, and Matter Demands Investigation.

ALBANY, Nov. 12.—William Barnes, Jr., Chairman of the Republican State Committee, must produce the books of the Journal Company of Albany, of which he is President, before the Senate committee which is investigating Albany city and county affairs, and answer certain questions concerning his acquisition of stock in the J. B. Lyon Company within eight days, according to a decision by Supreme Court Justice Joseph A. Kellogg of Glens Falls.

Unless Mr. Barnes complies with the court's order or takes "such other course as he may be advised," a warrant will be issued committing him to the Albany County Jail.

Upon being advised to-day of Justice Kellogg's decision, Mr. Barnes's attorneys at once took steps to carry the case to the higher courts. Mr. Barnes declined to-night to comment on the decision, further than to say that the matter would be appealed. The investigating committee does not meet again until Nov. 21.

Mr. Barnes when called as a witness by the committee offered to furnish a sworn transcript of the Journal Company's accounts with the City and County of Albany, but declined to produce the books on the ground that the private business of the company would become known to its competitors.

The State Chairman was questioned at length by James W. Osborne, counsel to the committee, concerning printing affairs in Albany, and upon his refusel to answer certain questions the committee directed Mr. Osborne to take the proper steps to compel the witness to comply. Mr. Osborne later secured an order from Justice Kellogg directing Mr. Barnes to show cause why he should not be committed to the Albany County Jail for disregarding the committee's directions.

The matter was argued at Ballston on Nov. 2, Mr. Osborne appearing for the committee and Senator Edgar T. Brackett of Saratoga and William M. Ivins of New York representing Mr. Barnes.

Of the twenty-three questions which Mr. Barnes declined to answer, Justice Kellogg finds that only five were pertinent. They related to Mr. Barnes's holdings in the J. B. Lyon Company, which has done much printing for the County of Albany, as well as for the State, during the past ten years. Mr. Osborne wanted to know whether Mr. Barnes paid for the stock or whether it was given to him; when he got it, and whether he talked to J. B. Lyon during the investigation about the consideration for the stock.

"It appears from the papers," says Justice Kellogg, "that Mr. Barnes was the owner of 750 shares of the stock of the J. B. Lyon Company out of a total capitalization of 3,000 shares. This company had furnished the County of Albany printing during the past ten years to the amount of approximately $100,000 without public bidding.

"The political party with which Mr. Barnes was affiliated was the dominant political party of the county during this time, and of this party Mr. Barnes stated that he was a 'leader,' defining the term to mean 'a man whose advise is taken quite largely—pretty largely—by the men of the political party with whom he is associated.'

"He was also during that time a member of the State Committee of his party.

"The line of inquiry attempted to be opened up in these questions was very apparent.

"Investigation was being had as to whether a person in this position had acquired a substantial stockholding interest in a company which furnished printing to a large amount to the political subdivision in which he was a figure of power without any adequate compensation therefor, and whether this species of patronage had been given out to a company in return for an ownership or interest given to the political leader as a portion, at least, of the consideration to be paid for the acquisition of the stock by him.

"Here the committee was directly within its powers and in the discharge of its duty. If a citizen has the political power to control the distribution of the people's money, and thus so controlled it to his own advantage, it is a matter which might be very well recommended by this committee to the Senate as a matter worthy of consideration, so that, if possible, legislation may be enacted to prevent a practice which will at least have a tendency to corruption.

"It is a well-known fact of which judicial notice may very properly be taken that under latter-day methods of political organizations the actual rulers of many political sub-divisions are not those who are nominally holding office, but those whose control over the political organization to which actual officers belong made their election or appointment possible.

"In many localities officers hold their position by power of so-called leaders. If, with impunity, a dominant factor can so exercise his power as to obtain substantial pecuniary benefit from the public business by urging the officers over whom he has influence through his power of selection to award that public business to corporations in which he has an interest, and especially when that business is so lucrative that a very substantial portion of the profits can be surrendered without adequate consideration to a political leader in order to secure the profits which accrue from the remainder, it is certainly a matter which not only permits but demands investigation in order that, if possible, it may be corrected.

"From the foregoing it is not to be understood to be determined here that any of these conditions has as yet been actually and satisfactorily proved upon this investigation, but the committee should not be thwarted in its very plain duty by the refusal of any person to answer questions involving a corporation which had been paid a very substantial sum of public money, by the mere assertion that it was his 'private business.'

"These questions were both legal and pertinent, and the witness's declination to answer is without reasonable cause."

Justice Kellogg disagrees with Mr. Barnes's attorneys that the Senate inquiry is unconstitutional and holds that it would seem proper, in view of the facts developed, to pursue still further the inquiry into the percentage received by the Albany Journal Company upon supplies furnished the City and County of Albany. For this reason Justice Kellogg declares it is necessary that the books of The Journal Company be produced before the committee.

VANISHES IN WINTER SURF.

Brighton Beach Bather Strikes Out Into the Bay and Does Not Return.

A man is believed to have drowned while in bathing off the Parkway Baths at Brighton Beach yesterday. In his coat pockets were found cards bearing the inscription "William Mackelberg, 1 Middagh Street, Brooklyn."

The man, who was about 35 years old, muscularly built, and well dressed, went to the baths in the afternoon, and, after leaving $23.40 in an envelope with the clerk, hired a bathing suit and went in for a swim.

Two other bathers were in the water, and they saw him strike out from shore, swimming powerfully. After he had gone 100 yards from shore he was lost sight of. He had not returned when the baths closed for the night, four hours later, and the harbor police were notified and began a search for a body. In the clothes which he left in the bathhouse, in addition to the cards, were a Post Office order made out to Anna Mackelberg, Danzig, Germany, and a card with the name and address "Alice S. Marsh, 62 Columbia Heights."

At 1 Middagh Street, Brooklyn, last night it was said that a William Mackelberg, a machinist, employed in the E. W. Bliss & Co. factory, in Brooklyn, had boarded there. At 62 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, Miss Alice S. Marsh said she believed the man was Mackelberg.

"I have known Mr. Mackelberg for several months," she said. "We were good friends. He is the only person I have given my card to recently. He came to this country three years ago. He has a mother, Mrs. Anna Mackelberg, in Germany. He was an enthusiastic swimmer, and went swimming every Sunday."

Keep a Bottle At Home For Emergency or Hospitality

John Jameson Three ★★★ Star Whiskey

Its Unvarying Goodness Has Given It Distinction for 131 Years

W. A. Taylor & Co., 29 B'way, N.Y.

DEFENDS HEBREW CHARITIES.

Rabbi Wise Says the Organization Is Not to Blame for Lack of Funds.

Rabbi Stephen S. Wise spoke on "Philanthropy, True and False," before the Free Synagogue at Carnegie Hall yesterday, vigorously defending the United Hebrew Charities. He referred also to "tainted money," saying:

"Assuming that it may not be our privilege to reject gifts to the poor which are offered, though only half consciously, in reparation for social crime, no acceptance of funds for charitable purposes is ever to be construed as condoning the methods by which the giver gained his wealth. Charity is not to be a social safeguard, a form of investment in social insurance.

"Israel is the lifter up and giver of standards, and the question is not whether the philanthropic agencies of other groups in our community are doing still less for the needy than is the Jewish segment of the entire body politic of the city. The less that others do is no excuse for the little that we do.

"It is impossible to be patient with those who find fault with the methods of the United Hebrew Charities, with their complaints touching the niggardly relief administered by this great organization. When the United Jewish Charities fails to be completely serviceable it is the Jewish community of New York that fails; it can do no more than we enable it to do. If its funds are exhausted, it means that it must shut its doors. If it be niggardly, it is because we are niggardly; if it be inadequate in its serviceableness, it is because we are contemptibly ungenerous.

"If the United Hebrew Charities cannot completely help and truly serve the many poor and needy Jewish families in New York, it is because we have much to waste upon our own luxuries and little or nothing to spare for the needs of our brothers and sisters. We face the grim and painful fact that the United Hebrew Charities has not in several years had one-half the funds which have really been needed to carry on its work, and to-day its heads report that they are under the necessity of still further reducing an allowance to its beneficiaries which is already pitiably insufficient."

Rabbi Wise concluded his address with an appeal to all in the Jewish community to aid in remedying what he termed the "intolerable situation."

J. M. Gidding & Co.

OUTER APPAREL FOR WOMEN. MILLINERY MISSES and JUNIORS. FURS

ARE HOLDING THIS DAY

Very Special Sales

Afternoon and Evening Gowns at $45, $65, $95 & $175

Paris models and adaptations.
REDUCED FROM $65, $85, $125 up to $300.

Afternoon and Evening Wraps and Coats at $45, $65, $95 & $150

Of fine velvet, broadcloth and metal brocades.
REDUCED FROM $65, $85, $125 up to $200.

Imported Model Gowns and Wraps at $95 to $195

Including a number of very smart adaptations.
REDUCED FROM $125 up to $400.

Fifth Avenue at 46th Street

The Provident Loan Society OF NEW YORK

Loans from $1 to $1000 upon pledge of personal property.

INTEREST RATES

One per cent. (1%) per month or fraction thereof.

One-half per cent. (½%) charged upon loans repaid within two weeks from date of making.

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Fourth Avenue cor. 25th Street
Eldridge Street cor. Rivington Street
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Lexington Ave. Cor. 124th Street
Grand Street cor. Clinton Street
Courtlandt Ave. Cor. 148th Street

BROOKLYN
Graham Avenue cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Avenue cor. Rockaway Ave.

Stern Brothers

direct special attention to their exceptional facilities in their

Dressmaking Salons

For the Making to Order, from the latest Foreign Models,

Tailor-made Suits,
Street, Afternoon and Evening Dresses,

At Very Moderate Prices.

THIRD FLOOR NEW BUILDING

West 23d and 22d Streets

Stern Brothers

have arranged for To-day

Very Important Sales

in the following departments:

WOMEN'S TAILORED SUITS, DRESSES, COSTUMES, COATS, WRAPS, TRIMMED MILLINERY.

ART OBJECTS AND BRIC-A-BRAC, ORIENTAL CARPETS AND RUGS.

FOREIGN DRESS GOODS, IMPORTED LACES AND MADEIRA LINENS.

And for Tuesday, Nov. 14th, a Very Exceptional Sale of

French Lace Curtains

West 23d and 22d Streets

How to Make *Thanksgiving Music* an Accomplishment

Those things in life which come to us with little or no effort, seldom give any permanent pleasure or benefit.

But those which are the result of some thought, or work or sacrifice bring with them the pleasure of accomplishment as well as character building which is something absolutely permanent.

More than half of the real enjoyment furnished by music comes from the accomplishment required to produce it.

The person who plays the piano is getting more than the pleasure of the music; she is developing character no matter how unconsciously it may be done. The

Sterling Playerpiano

is easily mastered by any one, whether a musician or not, because proficient finger technique requiring years of physical labor is already furnished.

The accomplishment is in putting your individuality into the music you play.

It is very easily done, but the scope is limitless—for the more you study an author's music—or the more you dig into the hidden meaning or strive to express it in your own way, the more certain are you to lay up a harvest of enjoyment and permanent good to yourself and your hearers.

Those instruments that do everything for the operator, but the pumping, can be no more than machines and as machines produce mechanical music, which soon becomes tiresome and meaningless.

The Sterling Playerpiano is not an automatic machine that mechanically produces music by manipulating buttons and levers.

The controlling system is very simple, giving a scope as in no other instrument, to put your individuality into the music you produce.

And, therefore, we repeat, it is one of the very highest accomplishments to operate a Sterling Playerpiano, an accomplishment that you may easily make yours in time for the coming Thanksgiving gathering.

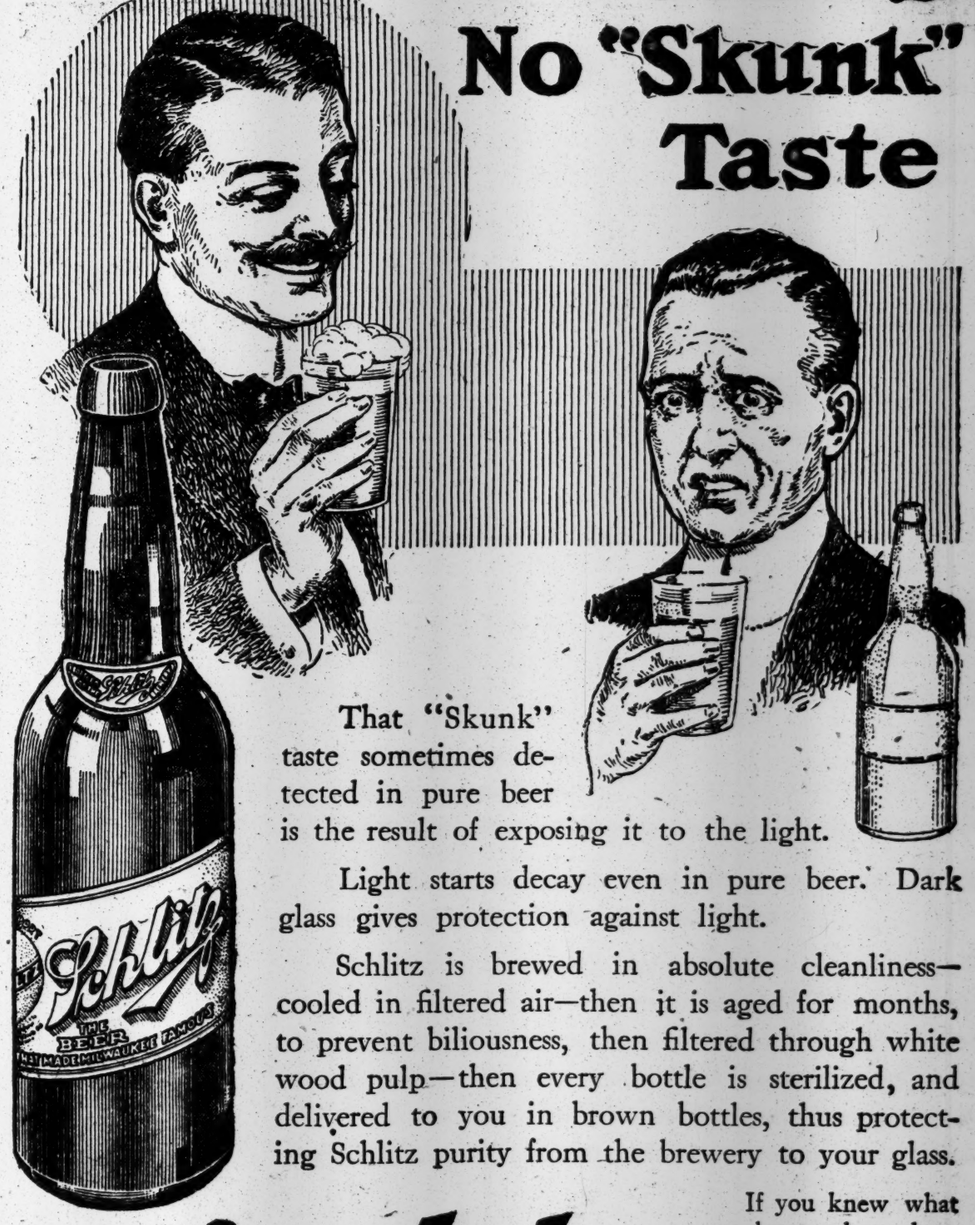
Our prices are moderate and represent intrinsic value.

Easy monthly payments if you like.

The Sterling Piano Co.

Sterling Building
516-520 Fulton St., Corner Hanover Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Telephones 2092 and 2093 Main.

Schlitz in Brown Bottles No "Skunk" Taste



That "Skunk" taste sometimes detected in pure beer is the result of exposing it to the light.

Light starts decay even in pure beer. Dark glass gives protection against light.

Schlitz is brewed in absolute cleanliness—cooled in filtered air—then it is aged for months, to prevent biliousness, then filtered through white wood pulp—then every bottle is sterilized, and delivered to you in brown bottles, thus protecting Schlitz purity from the brewery to your glass.

Schlitz The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous

If you knew what we know about beer you would say "Schlitz—Schlitz in brown bottles."

See that crown or cork is branded "Schlitz."

Phones 163 & 164 Spring
P. M. Ohmeis & CO.
534-540 Greenwich St.,
New York, N. Y.

12

THE PROBLEM OF THE TRUSTS

Discussed by E. C. Simmons in the Ninth of a Series of Articles by Eminent Men of Affairs—Hardware Company President Calls the Sherman Act the Worst Piece of Commercial Legislation Ever Framed and Urges a New, Clean, Plain Statute.

By E. C. SIMMONS.

President, Simmons Hardware Company, St. Louis, Mo.

I present for consideration the subject of commercial corporations, upon which subject, it appears to me, the atmosphere needs clearing, and the time seems to be especially opportune therefor. Feeling that there is pressing need of more definite and accurate understanding by the people at large as to why these corporations have come into being so generally and in such large ways, I beg to offer a few thoughts, conveying my experience and convictions as briefly as I can.

What is said here is intended to apply only to commercial corporations, in no sense are transportation or financial corporations under consideration. They have their own problems, their own organizations, are the objects of lawmaking that does not apply to commercial corporations. Therefore, I shall deal with the last-mentioned class of corporations, and if any references are made to either transportation or financial corporations it is only incidentally.

Commercial corporations have come to stay. Yet I fuly realize that the dangers and evils of such corporations should not and cannot be overlooked. These dangers and evils are many and of grave importance. They demand legislation, but it should be much more carefully considered in wiser lawmaking than we have had.

I stand for the government of commercial corporations, but beg to offer what I think should be the basic principle in such government. The law should prohibit absolutely and its execution should prevent a monopoly of business by any commercial corporation; and should do this regardless of the fact that such corporation, either temporarily or permanently, through its immense power, might put its product on the market at a price less than can be done by anybody else, or any other corporation.

Competition Essential.

This statement will perhaps be questioned by some who believe in consolidation and co-operation without limit. But my convictions are that it is absolutely essential to our National progress and prosperity that the door of competition be kept open—not half way, but wide open.

That there have been, and are yet, some few commercial corporations doing business in a monopolistic way is a well recognized fact. This condition calls for the attention of our lawmakers. It ought to be and could be remedied. The application of this remedy should not cause the general disturbance of business from which the country is now suffering. It does not justify the anti-corporation sentiment and antagonism to corporations which is now so pronounced in the way of public opinion.

Many people appear to have accepted, without consideration, the too common assertion that the high cost of living can be charged against commercial corporations. Reflection upon his own experiences in purchasing will satisfy any fair-minded consumer that the higher prices and higher cost of living are limited almost entirely to the products of the soil and should be properly attributed to the more rapid increase of the cities and towns than that of the farm population.

Naturally improved machinery has worked wonders in the reduction of the cost of manufacture, but almost every one of these improvements have been made by corporated effort. The ability of corporations to spend large amounts of money in experiments until success is achieved and to command the best brain talent in developing results of investigation and experiments is the true explanation of the reduced cost of manufacture.

The old saying that "No trade is a good trade unless both parties profit" is just as true to-day as it was when it was originated. It is as good a principle for individual business as it is for firms or corporations. The corporation, honestly and properly conducted, not only does business on more economical lines but also inspires a wonderful stimulus and powerful encouragement in those actively performing service for the corporation; it prompts all connected with it to continuous and unshrinking effort in thinking and planning for newer and better methods.

Favors the Consumer.

The result should be, and almost invariably is, that the consumer is offered products at much lower prices than prevailed before corporations were formed and engaged successfully in large business enterprises.

A concrete example of a standard article from my own line of business will illustrate. Previous to our incorporation there were no first-class axes sold for less than $10 a dozen. To-day those same axes, and very much better ones, are sold for $6 a dozen—a reduction of 40 per cent. Nails, wire, and almost all standard articles of hardware in respect to which comparison can be made of prices then and now, are sold at from two-thirds to one-half of the old figure that prevailed—a natural consequence of economies in production and distribution brought about by increased capital and better methods, due directly to commercial incorporation.

Those not beyond middle age remember when the commercial corporation was almost unknown. The commerce of the country began to grow wonderfully; organization in corporate form was a necessity. The big businesses which came with our National development demanded the corporation to take care of it in the wisest and most economical manner.

Individual effort could not create the commercial structure which the new times and conditions required, with new methods and ideas, with better plans and more intelligent execution of such plans. More than that, the individual could not perpetuate big business.

To insure lasting and beneficial result to another generation the management of a great business institution must have a number of co-operators devoted to its welfare because of their ownership in the corporation. Before the days of commercial corporations a large and successful business was not infrequently wound up or closed out with the death of the owner or the limited number of owners.

Limits of Old Methods.

Individual enterprise put limitation on expansion. There was always the fear that the death of the owner might lead to suspension and liquidation. In a corporation rightly conducted competent understudies are trained to take up and carry on the business as well if not better when the old managers drop out.

The commerical corporation therefore encourages permanence and growth; it unites financial investment with personal supervision by many partners. A man with a small amount of money which he wishes to put into business can invest it more safely in a commercial corporation than he could possibly employ that amount of capital in business under his individual ownership and responsibility. His capital is not large enough in comparison with his competition to justify the hope of success.

The commercial corporation brought about conditions under which its business could be transacted far better for its patrons. The commercial corporation introduced many economies. It did this through large capital, which effected reductions in the cost of doing business.

An illustration comes to mind as I glance through my office window. In years gone by we handled our goods in the shipping from four to five times between the packing room and the car. With present facilities—the result of corporate management—we handle them only once from the stock room to the freight car.

Commercial corporations have reduced the cost of production as well as of distribution. They can and do conduct business on smaller margins than under the old system of individual or firm ownership, and the consumer is the beneficiary. Anti-corporation sentiment, inflamed by the theory that it can reduce cost, is misdirected.

Better Standards of Honesty.

Commercial corporations contribute, proportionately, far more to the support of the Government than was obtained from individuals and firms. Taxes on corporations are more readily and more economically collected than those imposed on business formerly.

I believe that nearly all the heads of our commercial corporations—the officers and managers—are men of honest intents and high ideals. They possess as great a measure of integrity as can be found in any class of men. The standard of honesty has been raised—not lowered—by the evolution of the commercial corporation; and yet the 95 per cent. of all the corporations of the country, conducted squarely and managed on the basis of equity and truth, and to a great extent along the lines of the Golden Rule, must suffer for the evil deeds of possibly 5 per cent. of the corporations.

In these days the influence of the press is great. Abuses of the few offending corporations are so headlined that readers draw the inference that corporations generally are managed corruptly. Discrimination on the part of the public prints in treatment of corporations would go far to change present deplorable conditions, for these conditions are the result largely of mistaken public sentiment.

There should be corporation legislation. There has been much, but against the wisdom of it a large question mark could be placed. For twenty years we have been trying to understand the Sherman anti-trust law, and now the only persons who admittedly understand it are on the bench of the United States Supreme Court, where the interpretation is by the rule of reason, rather than by the wording. We cannot have business confidence with such legislation.

Worst Law Ever Framed.

I think the Sherman law is the worst and most dangerous business legislation that has ever been put into the United States statutes. It should be repealed, and its place taken at once by a law so plain that everybody can understand what can and can not be done by commercial corporations, and then all corporations should be compelled by the strong arm of the Government to live up to that law.

Under the Sherman law corporations have applied to the Government officers to learn what is permitted and what is forbidden. Have they been taught? They have been told to go to their own lawyers for advice, with the warning in substance: "Let him tell you what to do, but if you transgress the law we shall punish you severely."

Is it surprising that with such a state of doubt there is hesitation and fear on the part of business men, that business interests are lacking in confidence, and that material interests languish from one end of our land to the other?

The statutes of the several States applying to commercial corporations vary widely. Some are explicit and wise; some are loose and harmful. Some of these statutes appear to me to be invitations to corporations to do things that are unwise, unjust, and monopolistic.

We need national legislation, and after that State legislation in harmony with the National.

Commercial corporations have come to stay. Their relations to the Governments—both National and State—must be defined. Commercial corporations must have regulating laws which every intelligent mind can understand. When we can see real progress in that direction by Congress and the Legislatures we shall have business confidence restored. New enterprises of manifold character, which are now waiting, will be started.

Campaign of Education Needed.

To expedite the enactment of clear and definite, as well as effective anti-trust provisions, a campaign of education is necessary. False impressions about commercial corporations, which prevail largely, are having the effect to confuse and to delay. I regret exceedingly that most people do not seem to recognize what commercial corporations have done for the country and that they have been the chief factors in development and growth during the last twenty-five years.

It is a matter for deep personal regret that so few of our Legislators can approach these great problems with business training or business knowledge. Our Congress is made up—about 70 per cent. of it—of lawyers. They have not commercial minds nor have they been commercially educated.

I regard it as exceedingly unfortunate that business men are not represented more numerously in Congress and the State Legislatures. We want and we absolutely need, laws that will be fair and just to all, treating all business men alike, protecting the consumer, compelling compliance in the strictest manner, punishing those who transgress, encouraging those who obey. But the men charged with the responsibility of giving us such laws are without the necessary commercial training and experience to guide them.

What is the remedy? What the solution? I wish I felt competent to suggest more definitely. Perhaps some one more able than myself can do so.

To the press we must look for more help than to any other agency, to set sentiment right. There the line of discrimination between the good and the bad in commercial corporation activities should be drawn. Newspapers and magazines, while exposing and condemning corporate abuses in the strongest terms, can at the same time emphasize the advantages of corporations and can commend what is good in them for the public welfare. Such a policy would soon bring about a different state of the public mind.

How the Press Can Aid.

Legislation, I believe, responds quickly to public sentiment. It would be influenced greatly by the exercise of more judicial treatment on the part of the press.

Intelligent public sentiment would soon compel a repeal of the Sherman law, and the passage of a better, more definite, more effective anti-trust law would come long before the United States Steel Company's suit is decided.

It has seemed to me that possibly a great convention of business men, held in the near future at some central place, might help. It should be composed of representatives from boards of trade, merchants' exchanges, business men's leagues, commercial clubs, &c. It should embrace practically every one of these organizations in the United States.

It should show the weakness and the dangers of present conditions; it should declare in no uncertain words for definite and just legislation; it should serve notice upon selfish politicians that the business men of the country are aroused and will hold responsible any party organization that hereafter resorts to partisan methods which have produced a paralyzing effect upon honest commerce.

I quite believe that if we had a man of business training in the White House—say, such a man as was Marshall Field—confidence would return immediately, business enterprise would go forward with leaps and bounds; every idle man, who wants work, would find it, at good wages; the wheels of commerce would turn faster than ever before in our history.

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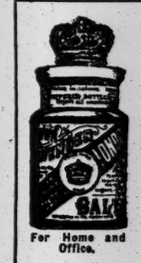

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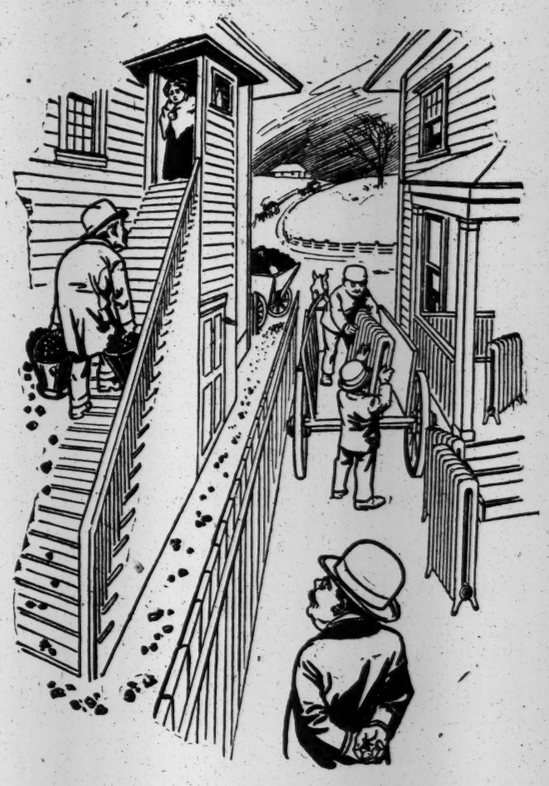

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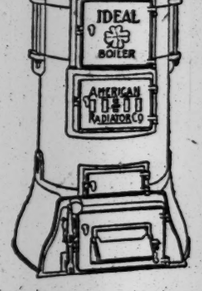

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NEW YORK, MONDAY, NOV. 13, 1911.

CONSERVATIVE GERMANY.

The first impression conveyed by the agitation in Germany over the Morocco settlement is that pretty nearly every one is angry at the Government and sore as to the situation created by its recent course. But this impression is plainly superficial, for there are very important elements in the situation which justify the Government, which, indeed, entitle the Government to much credit and which will surely modify the present feeling of irritation.

In the first place it is a wholesome and encouraging sign that the Chancellor of the Empire is engaged in a vigorous defense of a policy of friendly compromise and peace in a matter that had excited deep passion at home and grave apprehension throughout Europe. And not only is he so engaged, but he is able to announce, with all the authority and responsibility of his high office, that his policy has won signal success inasmuch as it has established a basis of amicable understanding and even of co-operation between the German Government and that of France. It is the first time in forty years that such an announcement has been possible. Naturally the Chancellor speaks with the full approval of the Emperor, who has manifested his confidence in his Minister in an emphatic and conspicuous fashion. It is plain that the Chancellor has been surprised and hurt by the criticism he has encountered and has denounced it with deserved bitterness. His rebuke to the Conservative leader, with the stinging taunt that he "bore his sword in his mouth," was worthy of BISMARCK in his most vigorous days. His indignant charge that the Conservatives and others were recklessly sacrificing the welfare of the Empire to party and personal ends is just, and the Chancellor's resentment was not too hot.

But the Government may well reflect that, whatever the hasty emotion of the hour may be, it has behind it the support of a strong element in the nation. It is a well-known fact that the leading financiers and masters of industry and commerce in Germany not only approved but urged the policy that the Chancellor is now supporting against the attacks of party politicians. The business men of Germany, as an inevitable consequence of the immense and rapid progress made in the last score of years, have greatly extended their credit and have employed an extraordinary amount of borrowed capital, the greater part of which has come from France. In the earlier stages of the Morocco difficulty, when the attitude of the German Government was regarded in France as menacing, a process of contraction of this credit was begun to the substantial embarrassment of German business. Its effect was promptly seen. The Government was warned that any serious aggravation of the process would lead to something like disaster. No one doubts that in case of obvious need, when the vital interests of the Empire were involved, the business men of Germany would make any sacrifice demanded by patriotism. Because the Government was sure of that, it recognized the duty of avoiding all needless sacrifices. The hot-heads in Germany believed that the mere threat of war would bring France to terms. The cooler heads, in business and in the Government, saw that a threat of war was a two-edged sword, and that the sharper edge might well be turned toward Germany. The Government acted accordingly, and its policy deserves and we believe will have the support of the sober and conservative opinion of the country.

It must be remembered that parties in the German Reichstag do not have the sense of responsibility that parties have in the National Legislature of Great Britain or even of France, because they have not the power. They can bait the Chancellor, but they cannot directly force him out. Much less can they replace him. Thus, while they reflect public sentiment in a way, these parties do not reflect it fully or clearly. Short of refusing to vote money, of which there is now no question, they can do nothing which the Government cannot ignore and are not likely to do anything which will really affect public policy. They are manœuvring for the elections of January. We are confident that in those elections the Government will not lose by firmly adhering to the wise and humane policy it has followed in the recent difficulties. In any case it is reassuring to see the Government which has been accused in the home press of stirring up bellicose feeling to influence the elections now appealing earnestly to the calm judgment of the country for approval of a policy of appeasement.

RIOT.

The situation resulting from the strike of employés of the Street Cleaning Department has become intolerable. Improvement was looked for yesterday, but last night the condition of the streets in many parts of the city was worse than on Saturday and the riotous spirit of the strikers had increased. Murder has been committed, for the destruction of human life while resisting authority is murder under the law, and punishable as murder. The police in the performance of their duty were deliberately assaulted. So far as their power and authority go the police have done well, but they are obviously incapable, without strong reinforcements, of restoring order. Nevertheless, there should be no palliance, no compromise, with the strikers. On that point no intelligent citizen can have two opinions. These strikers were appointed officials under the City Government. They have had the benefits of a standing in the Civil Service, could not be removed except for cause, and were entitled to pensions on retirement. They were not in the position of private employés, and needed no union for mutual protection. Their strike is a rebellion against municipal authority. Their defiance of discipline touches every citizen. We could not live under a Government which would weakly accede to their demands, or consent to parley with them. If necessary the whole available National Guard must be called into action to protect the men at work in the removal of the accumulations of refuse.

Most of these men are willing enough, but they are untrained, and naturally alarmed when bombs are exploded near the carts they are driving, flying brickbats hit them, and heavy articles, like clothes-wringers, strike and disable their horses. The work of removal proceeded yesterday, too slowly for the health and comfort of the city, and under the most annoying and dangerous conditions, and the number of strikers was swelled by 300 backsliders. But plenty of men can be obtained to remove the ashes and garbage if protection can be assured, and that condition must be met.

Meanwhile, no citizen, assuredly no householder, is without responsibility in this matter. In the wealthier residential districts measures have been taken to remove the accumulated refuse at the expense of the householders. All sympathy with the strikers is misplaced. The Mayor, the Street Cleaning Commissioner, and the Police deserve the hearty and active support of every resident of the city. Health Commissioner LEDERLE has announced that if the disorder continues another day his department will take action. The matter is so serious that no available means should be spared to end the disturbance.

TRUE WORDS SPOKEN IN JEST.

However those interested on opposite sides of the "big business" dispute may disagree it would be well if they could disagree more in the after-dinner manner which Mr. WHITRIDGE exemplified at the Academy of Political Science dinner on Friday evening. There were sober passages in his remarks, notably the one in which he reminded the reformers that regulation by government was only regulation by individuals, and not by "a wise, disinterested, and dispassionate entity." If there were any such human combination many would be more enthusiastic for intrusting it with duties worthy of inspiration, but in which even experience is neglected. More effective than his serious passages were his ridicule of the inconsistencies into which "a good lawyer and honest man" had been betrayed by attempting to enforce contradictory statutes. Could there be anything more shocking to common sense than praying for the tying up of all the defendant ocean steamships plying to this port in order to prevent restraint of trade, or putting into a legal document a prayer for the punishment of conspirators in restraint of trade who had spent four hundred millions of dollars in enlarging their works? Surely no prosecutor with a remnant of humor could have been guilty of expecting sympathy with pursuit of villains actuated by "a sense of honor dearer than life itself." These gibes were meant to be spoken in the hearing of the official who was absent. Since there was no imputation that he was either malicious or incompetent he could not have avoided joining in the appreciation of the witticisms, and perhaps later on when alone might have pondered what truth lay beneath the jests.

Mr. PERKINS also laid aside meat-axe methods and "got a hand" when he said that men of business, like the darky in a midnight thunderstorm, prayed for more light and less noise. But like Mr. WHITRIDGE Mr. PERKINS gave his hearers a thought as well as a joke. Wall Street, he truly said, is no more representative of New York than Congress is representative of Washington. The congress of business which meets in New York represents the country at large in a sense which was formerly not true. The native New Yorker or even the resident New Yorker is no longer the rule in Wall Street, nor is it New York capital which is chiefly represented. New York is wealthier than ever, but its share of the country's wealth is smaller. The Wall Street of to-day includes men of all States, and they flock to New York and make its business and sentiment. The country is better represented in Wall Street than in Washington, and that is the root of the trouble. But the representatives in Washington are nearer to the ears of the people. Mr. PERKINS appealed to the representatives of trade and industry in New York for a better presentation of their case, as well as for a better appreciation of the people's case.

SARTORIAL WISDOM.

Everybody who goes to the theatres in this city must be struck by the elevation of thought, the refinement of tone, and the distinct note of superiority and exclusiveness in the descriptions of fashions in men's dress printed in the house bill or programme which is used in many of them. These essays denote a sartorial development among the people which could not have been dreamed of a few years ago. The theatres are assuredly democratic institutions. The most artistic impresario aims to please not only the few but the many. The contempt expressed in these manifolded fashion notes, distributed nightly among fifteen or twenty thousand men, and doubtless eagerly read, for the gross tastes of the "ninety-and-nine," the hoi polloi, the ordinary vulgarians, might be expected to cause some resentment. For are not all but a very few of us ordinary vulgarians? But probably the essayist is right. He knows that the masses yearn for "exclusiveness" and that for the sake of being set on the path that leads thence they will submit to much contemptuous rebuke.

One of our foremost "littérateurs," in his yearning for social advancement, has just discovered that "a dinner jacket must never be worn at dinner," but the writer of the programme notes addresses, or seems to address, persons of much larger sophistication than his. From him we may learn that scarfpins have been generally discarded by the elect because the common herd wears them, though a single pearl may pass muster if it be of very fine quality. In the matter of white evening waistcoats he is as adamantine as Mrs. Crupp, David Copperfield's landlady, was in the matter of celery and mashed potatoes. Your waistcoat must be of exactly the same degree of whiteness as your shirt, or you will be damned "like an ill-roasted egg, all on one side." Nightly the multitude learns how its white evening gloves must be stitched in the backs, if it would be in "form." It seems that the multitude must never turn down its gloves at the wrists, for the ordinary people have learned that trick which once denoted good breeding but is now utterly banal.

Doubtless cultivation of the masses in sartorial matters is desirable, and the "exclusiveness" thus placed in the way of every man or boy who can afford a theatre ticket will do much for the improvement of the national taste. A man who knows when not to wear a cross-barred shirt generally knows other things worth knowing. The free bestowal of information of this kind by the theatrical managers denotes their altruistic spirit, and their honest desire to quicken the social uplift.

PURIFYING THE RIVER AND HARBOR

The Bronx Valley Sewer Commissioners have submitted plans for a purification plant. Better late than never, and yet if they had built their purification works in the first place there would have been no need of the sewer. Their wastes could have been disposed of in their own drainage district, and they would have been spared expense and exposure for unneighborly procedure. This practical settlement of the long dispute is especially timely because it is such an object lesson to the Passaic Valley defilers. They have not yet built their sewer, and are in position to profit by the Bronx example of how not to build it.

Another example is afforded by the report of the Chicago sanitary engineer recommending the expenditure of $9,398,290 for a purification plant in order to prevent intolerable conditions. When advocates of purity of public waters used to urge their plans they were always met by the plea of expense, and a question of what was the alternative to the insanitary methods to which American cities had become accustomed. The precedents now accumulating show that the alternative is less expensive than the other way, as well as more civilized. The experts originally consulted by the Chicago and Passaic engineers, and who were at first in favor of disposal of sewage by dilution, have changed their ground, and are advising disposal plants for economy as well as efficiency.

A WORD TO THE ALDERMEN.

Now that the Aldermen have been advised by the Corporation Counsel that they have no authority to prevent women from smoking in public places, they may as well return to the consideration of the dangerous hatpins. These are still in evidence in crowded public conveyances, and they threaten public safety more than the smoking of cigarettes in restaurants by the sex for whom the Aldermen lately decided cigarettes were not intended.

It seems a pity that the time and labor of a public official so important as the Corporation Counsel should have been wasted in consideration of an ordinance so silly in conception and so obviously futile as that which has now been rendered inactive. But the Aldermen may rest assured that if they prohibit the wearing by careless women of murderous weapons so affixed to their heads that the eyes and carotid arteries of all who are near them are in grave danger, they will be upheld alike by the Corporation Counsel and the public.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Suggestion and the Press.

Welcome relief from the enormous amount of nonsense that has been written and spoken by well-intentioned people about the evil influence exerted by newspaper descriptions of crimes, suicides, disasters, and divorces is provided by an editorial article which Dr. RALPH REED of Cincinnati has contributed to The Lancet-Clinic.

Dr. REED says that until recently he had himself taken for granted that many and injurious suggestions were given by the sort of news called sensational, but a "symposium" on the subject, printed in The Bulletin of the American Academy of Medicine, led him to give it, for the first time, some real thought, and he was at once led to conclusions the exact opposite of those hitherto accepted by himself and reached by every participant in The Bulletin's discussion. For he noticed that not one of these writers showed any real knowledge of what suggestion is or of what can and can not be done through it—that none of them had any facts or statistics of evidential value to present; that every one of them had assumed the truth of what he pretended to prove and then proceeded violently to denounce the product of his imagination.

Crimes and suicides, as well as disasters, existed before the days of newspapers, and there is much more reason for crediting the press with decreasing their number by the wide publicity it gives them than for charging it with increasing that number by the very mild degree of suggestion in these directions and upon a few people, which is all that it can possibly exercise. Accidents, properly so called, are, of course, not suggested at all, and at most only the methods of crime and suicide can be suggested to persons who, by always complex and often mysterious causes, have already been brought to the determination of committing the one or the other. Normal humanity, says Dr. REED, must long ago have been immunized to such little positive suggestion as is contained in hearing about evil or desperate deeds, and he might have added that it has enormously profited by the negative suggestion that is so conveyed.

Any expectation that our press, our philosophies, our drama, or our literature will be accommodated to the taste and welfare of the insane, the defective, and the mentally unstable is obviously absurd, and the meeting of that expectation would have disastrous consequences, huge, indeed, in comparison with those which would follow acceptance of the "good advice" which silly and ignorant people constantly and generously offer to successful practitioners of the several arts, professions, and trades—including the getting out of newspapers, which is all three.

A Process Slow But Sure.

A reader of THE TIMES sent to it by mail, last January, a nickel, with the request that a copy of a certain Sunday issue be sent her. Neither the letter nor the money arrived at its intended destination, but, naturally enough, a complaint did, on account of the failure to deliver the paper supposed to have been purchased. Then the matter, on general principles, was laid before the Post Office authorities. They took it up with commendable promptness, made a careful investigation, and discovered that the letter containing the five-cent piece had almost certainly been stolen with some other mail which disappeared at the same time.

Now, although the Government does not guarantee the safe transportation of money sent in this form and without registration, yet it recognizes a measure of obligation to recompense the victims of its laches as of its misfortunes, and in this case, after mature deliberation, it decided that it, and not THE TIMES, should suffer for the theft which it didn't prevent. How long that deliberation lasted we do not know, nor just how much bookkeeping had to be done after the decision to pay was reached, but we are moved gratefully and publicly to acknowledge the receipt of a beautifully engraved—not printed, mind, but engraved—check for the 5 cents lost ten months ago.

That sum a "Superintendent, Division of Finance," whose name we cannot read, though it looks well, directs the Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New York, N. Y., to pay to the Business Manager of THE NEW YORK TIMES. The check is numbered 382, it reveals that somewhere there is stored away a Voucher No. 377 and a Case Record No. 354232-B, and on its back there is an inscription kindly telling the Business Manager that if he cannot "sign on this line" his name exactly as it is written on the face of the check he may make his mark (X) there if he is able to get said mark (X) witnessed by two persons who can write and who will give their place of residence in full.

The whole matter has evidently been treated by the Government with at least as much solemnity and formality as its importance deserved. One's first thought is that it got just a little too much of both, but that first thought, like many, is bettered by revision. System is a good thing, and it is an excellent plan when handling money, especially if it be money belonging to other people, always to use the same care, whether the particular sums be large or small.

Nothing New in This.

Humorists will doubtless make much of the fact that the first jury of Californian women before whom a case was tried discussed for four hours the testimony given and then came into court with the announcement that an agreement was impossible.

Some details of the episode were, indeed, rather amusing. The jurors—or were they juresses?—had trouble, it seems, in more than agreeing on a verdict, for they also had divergent opinions as to where they would lunch; also, it was the forewoman of the jury that "stuck out" against the other eleven and so made their unanimity futile.

It is well to remember, however, that juries have been "hung" before now, even though composed entirely of men, and that for centuries the proverbs of many nations have recognized the existence of dark mysteries in the mental processes of male jurors. The case, too, being one of overspeeding, presumably brought out testimony equally strong for and against the defendant, as such cases so often do, and it may well be that no conscientious verdict, the product of full agreement among twelve minds, could have been reached.

So, here, at least, there shall be no laughing at the juresses of Los Angeles.

PUBLISHERS' PLEA TO TAFT.

Want Treaty Obligation Observed to Admit Pulp and Paper Free.

The American Newspaper Publishers' Association, through John Norris, Chairman of its Committee on Paper, has sent a letter to President Taft urging that the Government show good faith in the observance of the twenty-eight treaties with respect to the free importation of pulp and paper when made from unrestricted wood.

The question has arisen because of the passage of Section 2 of the act of July 26, 1911, which granted a special privilege to Canada in the matter of free pulp and paper, and which did not depend upon Canadian concurrence, becoming effective immediately upon the passage of the law. It was a separate and independent tariff provision.

Canada's repudiation of reciprocity and the continued importation of Canadian pulps and paper free of duty after Sept. 21, 1911, the date of the Canadian election, put the United States in a position where it was granting a special privilege to Canada, and it became obligated by its twenty-eight treaties to give equal treatment immediately to the other nations. The question was thrust upon the Treasury Department from four sources:

First—By importers through the American Wood Pulp Importers' Association and others who objected to payment of duty under such conditions.

Second—By requests of customs collectors for instructions.

Third—By inquiries from representatives of the favored nations which claimed equivalent treatment.

Fourth—By paper users through the American Newspaper Publishers' Association.

Mr. Norris says there are indications that American paper makers are seeking to delay the execution of the law by urging reference of the matter to the courts for determination. He points out a precedent for executive action in 1899, when the Administration, through instructions issued by the Secretary of the Treasury to collectors, granted to Switzerland, under its favored nation clause, the same rates on wines and spirits that France enjoyed under its reciprocity treaty of 1898. The text of the favored nation clause reads:

> If either party shall hereafter grant to any other nation any particular favor in navigation or commerce it shall immediately become common to the other party freely, where it is freely granted to such nation, or on yielding the same compensation when the grant is conditional.

Mr. Norris urges that "immediately," as used in that clause, means in good faith what it says, and not after interminable delays in the courts or after Congress shall have subsequently passed upon the proposition. He says that the later law repealed so much of the Payne law as was inconsistent with it and with the twenty-eight treaties which are the supreme law of the land.

NONE TO WELCOME TAFT.

Family Not at White House When He Arrives—Eats a Lonely Breakfast.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—President Taft returned this morning to Washington from his 15,000-mile trip in time for a solitary breakfast in the White House. Mrs. Taft and his daughter, whom he had expected to find there, had not arrived.

No crowd was at the Union Station when the President's train pulled in at 6:45 o'clock. Secretary Hilles, expecting that the President's family would greet him at the White House, left Mr. Taft at the station and went to his home. The President, accompanied by Major Butt, proceeded at once to the White House.

After breakfast the President retired to his room with a stack of newspapers, which occupied his time until 11 o'clock, when he went to church. His welcome awaited him there. The sight of the motorcycles of the Secret Service men waiting at the church attracted a crowd that waited until he came out.

Later the President went through his enormous mail with Secretary Hilles. He will begin real work to-morrow.

MAIL NOT DELIVERED

When Left by Postmen with Apartment Elevator Boys.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

By what authority does the letter carrier who brings my mail to the house in which I live deliver this mail to a colored hallboy, who is responsible neither to the postal authorities nor to me? If the occupants of apartments were spread out over the city and living in private dwellings their mail would be delivered at their doors. Why, then, in houses where there are elevators cannot the letter carriers do the same?

In non-elevator houses one can understand that the task of climbing several flights of stairs would make the mail delivery too laborious to be practicable, and there are, or should be, lock boxes where letters may be deposited; but this argument does not hold where an elevator is provided to transport passengers from one floor to another.

As a consequence of the present method, mail delivered by the carrier at 8 A. M. is often not received by the addressee until one or two hours later. Of course, one has the privilege of kicking at that animated stone wall, the "Superintendent," but the point is, does the Post Office authorities' responsibility cease on delivery of mail addressed to me to an irresponsible agent, whom I don't appoint and who is permitted to intrude himself to some extent upon my privacy?

Registered mail would not be delivered in this way; why should ordinary mail? It is a crime for an unauthorized person to take a letter from a letter box in the street. Why is it legal for that same letter, which is addressed to me, to be delivered to a person I don't know and who should not be permitted to handle it? CLIFF D. WELLER.

New York, Nov. 11, 1911.

Opportunities on Pacific Coast.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In reply to "Daily Reader" on "Would Get a Fresh Start," will say I just returned from the coast, where I spent some months in looking over the situation from his standpoint.

Every coast town is overdone in a business way and full of Eastern people looking for business openings, with the result that competition is keen, and in many cases such methods are resorted to to obtain business that a man must entirely lay aside the idea of right and wrong to secure business. If one has a few thousand dollars to live on and can take time to look about and take advantage of opportunities, well and good. The great mistake of such as "Daily Reader" is that they hear and read only of the coast towns, particularly Portland and Seattle, while the towns one passes through en route hold far better opportunities. B. W. STOVER.

1,225 Broadway, New York, Nov. 11, 1911.

About 11, 11, 11.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I read with interest an article on Page 1, top of Column 2, in your issue of Saturday. The possibility of designating the day by the use of one digit repeated comes to-day for the first time in one century, according to your statement. May I suggest that the same privilege was enjoyed by every one as recently as Sept. 9, 1899, on which the day could be expressed 9, 9, '99. J. P. BLAIR, JR.

Princeton, N. J., 11, 11, '11.

[The point made was that the digit could be repeated six times only once in a century.—EDITOR.]

Seven to One.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the house where I am boarding it is the custom to put the newspapers of the guests on the backs of their chairs before they come down to breakfast. This morning I came down early; in glancing about the room I noticed seven chairs at five tables thus decorated with THE NEW YORK TIMES; one other newspaper; otherwise, nothing in sight but THE TIMES. PRO BONO PUBLICO.

New York, Nov. 11, 1911.

AGAINST WESTERN UNION.

Postal Wins Contention That Address on Telegram Should Be Free.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 12.—The Postal Telegraph Company has won its fight with the Western Union Telegraph Company, so far as the Public Service Commission can rule. The up-State commission has decided that a charge made by the Western Union Telegraph Company to the Postal Telegraph Cable Company for the words constituting the original address and the date upon a telegram transferred to the Western Union is unjust, unreasonable, and unduly discriminatory, and directed that the Western Union desist from the practice.

The opinion deciding the question, which was written by Chairman Stevens, says it is not possible to assign any reason for this distinction except the desire of the Western Union to suppress competition at competitive points.

"The only question which the facts and the necessary conclusions therefrom seem to leave open to be determined by the commission is whether it is legitimate and reasonable for the Western Union to make this charge for the name of the originating point and the date because a telegram originates at a competitive point. Its own practice determines that in other cases it is not reasonable, and it seems to us that this practice determines the whole matter. Clearly, a public service corporation must extend precisely the same facilities to a competitor as it does to the entire world. It can make no distinction between those offering it business."

The opinion further states that during the progress of the case the Western Union changed its position, and its later position expressly repudiates what it first admitted, that the charge is for the extra words which it adds to the message for its own convenience and purposes. The charge is a departure from its general and settled scale, and as such must have a satisfactory reason for its existence. The burden was upon the Western Union to justify the exception, and it has failed to do so.

The Western Union receiving a transferred message does add certain words to it, four or five in number, but it makes no charge whatever for these words. To all messages both companies add certain words for their own convenience in counting and otherwise, but for such added words neither makes any charge.

Officials Won't Discuss Rate Inquiry.

Belvidere Brooks, General Manager of the Western Union Telegraph Company, would not comment yesterday on the report that the Inter-State Commerce Commission may make an investigation of existing telegraph and telephone rates as a result of petitions filed with the commission charging that the American Telephone and Telegraph Company is apparently trying "to monopolize all facilities for wire communication."

Clarence H. Mackay, President of the Postal Telegraph Company, was out of town yesterday, and none of the officials who could be reached would discuss the matter.

CANADIAN CAPITAL IN HAITI.

Royal Bank to Open Branches in the Republic of Santo Domingo.

The Royal Bank of Canada, which has about 200 branches in Canadian territory, and has been rapidly extending its business in recent years throughout the West Indies, is about to open two branches in Santo Domingo, the eastern and larger half of the Island of Haiti.

Canadian banks have virtually a monopoly of the West Indian field, and the Royal Bank has fifteen branches in Cuba alone. It also has three branches in Porto Rico, two in Trinidad, and one each at Nassau, Barbados, and Jamaica.

Santo Domingo, unlike the Republic of Haiti, has a preponderent population of white or mixed blood, and has for many years welcomed foreign capital, so that there are already many railroads and other public utilities. Sugar, lumber, coffee, cocoa, banana, and general agricultural enterprises are extensive, and considerable American capitol has been invested in the republic. Up to the present there have been no banks in the island, the business being done through private banking houses.

The branches of the Royal Bank of Canada will be in Santo Domingo City and in San Pedro de Macoris. The bank's interests in the adjacent islands will open direct banking relations between Santo Domingo and Cuba, Porto Rico, Jamaica, Trinidad, Barbados, and the Bahamas, besides giving Canada an advantage in competing for the trade which now goes to the United States, France, and Germany.

Hitherto the greater part of the trade of the island has been with the United States. Canadian trade with the West Indies has been growing rapidly in recent years, and Canadian capital is heavily invested in Cuba, Porto Rico, and other islands outside of the British possessions, and trade with the Dominion has been fostered by her banking connections to such an extent that Canadian potatoes, oats, and other agricultural products, as well as some manufactures, have largely superseded the products of the United States in this field. The Royal Bank of Canada at the time of its Sept. 30 report had assets of over $106,000,000. It has a paid-up capital of $6,200,000, and a reserve fund of $7,000,000.

TELLIN' TH' GAL.

It was night in th' camp by th' ol' Dry Run,
An' th' beef herd was bedded down;
Bill Mullins, th' foreman, took off his gun
An' looked at th' boys aroun';
Then he looked at th' stars up in th' sky,
An' fur off in th' chaparral,
An' he heaved a hopeless, despairin' sigh,
Sayin': "Who's goin' t' tell th' Gal?"

Y' c'd hear th' lowin' o' sleepy steers
An' th' swish of th' wind in th' trees;
An' th' mournful noises a feller hears
On sorrerful nights like these;
Fer under th' wagon th' shadders fell deep
An' th' meanin' of 'em was grim,
Fer a form was stretched out like a man asleep,
With a blanket drawed over him.

Jest a few pine sticks in a dyin' blaze,
Where th' supper fire still burned;
An' th' flickers fell in a feller's face
No matter which way he turned.
"Hoss must a-r'ared on him an' broke his neck—
Big ches'nut he called Ol' Pal."
Bill Mullins sighed an' he dealt th' deck
To see who 's t' tell th' Gal.

'Cuz th' feller had a ranch on th' Antelope Hide
An' a Gal who was neat an' trim
As a yearlin' doe, an' was jest a bride,
Who was waitin' there fer him.
An' he was under th' wagon there,
Brung back fr'm th' chaparral,
With his blue eyes fixed in a frightened stare,
An' who's goin' t' tell th' Gal?

An' so by th' campfire's lights an' shades
Bill dealt an' th' faced cards fell;
An' th' feller t' draw th' Jack o' Spades
Was th' feller 'et had t' tell.
An' a hush like th' very chill o' death
Fell on that circle o' Pards,
While every feller held his breath
An' followed th' fallin' cards.

A deuce an' a queen an' a seven an' tray,
A king an' an ace an' a nine;
A jack—an' black!—an' I turned pale gray,
Fer I thought it was spades—an' mine!
But I see it was clubs when I looked again,
An' my breath came quick an' hard.
Bill dealt 'em around again—an' then
He says: "I've got th' card!"

An' after th' boys had all turned in
An' after we'd mounted guard,
Bill Mullins set where th' fire had been,
His face all weather scarred,
An' tears in his eyes, an' he looked at th' sky,
An' then out in th' chaparral,
An' he cried: "Good Lord, come nigh! come nigh!
'Cuz I've got to tell th' Gal!"

J. W. FOLEY.

FARLEY'S FAREWELL IN PACKED CATHEDRAL

Archbishop Deeply Moved by the Devotion of His Parishioners, Whose Prayers He Asks.

SAILS FOR ROME TO-MORROW

Mgr. Falconio Will Accompany Him to the Consistory at Which They Will Be Made Cardinals.

More than 15,000 Catholics sought places in St. Patrick's Cathedral at 11 o'clock yesterday morning at the last service conducted by Archbishop John M. Farley before his departure for Rome to be present at the services marking his elevation to the Cardinalate.

There was hardly standing room in any part of the big Cathedral, and the venerable Archbishop showed by his voice and manner that he was deeply moved by the big attendance.

After conducting the usual mass Archbishop Farley addressed his parishioners briefly, asking them to pray for him while he was gone—not for his personal safety, but that his new honors "might bring him more grace to serve God diligently."

"The honor to be conferred on me is a token of the regard which the Pope has for the zeal and loyalty of the Catholics of this city and country," Archbishop Farley said. "The loyalty of the Catholics of New York and America was shown last year, when one of the most notable assemblies of churchmen which ever convened on this continent met in this edifice to celebrate the Cathedral's freedom from debt and to take part in the final consecration services.

"The action of the Pope in appointing the new Cardinals recently shows the unswerving policy of the Catholic Church to conduct its affairs without being afraid of the attitude of others. By calling representatives of loyal missions to the highest councils of the church the Pope has shown rebellious countries in Europe that their demonstrations of treason are futile. I want to ask you especially this morning to pray to remain always loyal children of the church. Be faithful to her, whose Supreme Pontiff, though without temporal power, is more powerful than any potentate on earth. The dominion of the Pope to-day is more extended and his subjects are more numerous than those of any temporal ruler in the history of man."

Many of the city's 800,000 Catholics will gather to-morrow at the cathedral to witness the Archbishop's departure. Members of all the Catholic churches and societies of the city have received instructions to form lines on either side through West Fifty-first Street, from Fifth Avenue, for as many blocks as possible. Between these lines Archbishop Farley and the priests who are to accompany him will be driven to the Hudson River pier at the foot of West Fifty-first Street. The steamer Fosdale has been specially chartered to convey the Archbishop's party across the river to Hoboken, where the party will board the Kronprinzessin Cecilie. There will be a special service for children at the cathedral at 8 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Archbishop Diomede Falconio, another of the American Archbishops to be elevated to the Cardinalate, arrived in this city yesterday from Washington. He will be Archbishop Farley's guest until both sail for Rome.

Mgr. Falconio will be accompanied to Rome by the Right Rev. Thomas J. Shahan, rector of the Catholic University in Washington. The priests who are to accompany Archbishop Farley to Rome, aside from his personal suite, are Mgr. Francis H. Wall of the Church of St. Charles Borromeo, the Rev. Luke J. Evers of St. Andrew's, the Rev. Charles A. Cassidy of St. Peter's, New Brighton, S. I.; the Rev. William J. Stewart of St. Mark's, West 138th Street; the Rev. John J. McNamee of Mount St. Vincent, the Rev. James P. O'Brien of St. Rita's, the Rev. Francis P. Burke of St. Ambrose, and the Rev. Thomas F. Grey of St. Augustine's, the Bronx.

Fifty members of the Catholic Club, Bishop Thomas F. Cusack, three Vicars General, and all the other officers of the diocese will be at the Hoboken pier to see the party off. A large number of the city's prominent priests and laymen will accompany the Kronprinzessin Cecilie as far as Quarantine on the steamer Fosdale.

When Archbishop Farley returns to this country with his Cardinal's honors next month the Catholics of this city are planning to give him an elaborate reception. The programme of this reception will be announced in a few weeks.

Archbishop Farley, because he is a secular prelate, will wear a scarlet robe during the ceremonies at Rome. Mgr. Falconio, being a member of the Franciscan Order, will wear a robe of gray silk, with scarlet headgear. A Cardinal is entitled to wear four different sorts of hats. One of black felt, three-cornered, with a red and gold tassel, is worn with walking dress. A second hat of red is worn outside the church. The Pontifical hat is worn outside the church when he is in cappa and under a canopy, and is placed on his coffin and over his tomb. The fourth hat is of straw of large size, covered with red silk, and bound with a ribbon of red and gold.

This hat is never worn, but is always carried before the Cardinal by a member of the suite. A Cardinal wears a cassock, with a long train, during the ceremonial functions. He wears red collars, stockings, and gold-buckled red shoes. His three-cornered hat is also red, with gold tassels. His walking dress is a black, long-trained cassock, with scarlet buttons and cordings.

With the elevation of Archbishop Farley the College of Cardinals will consist of thirty-two Italian and thirty-two foreign Cardinals.

After the services at the Cathedral Archbishop Farley gave a reception at his residence on Madison Avenue to bid farewell to his friends. A graceful feature was the presentation to the Archbishop of a huge basket of flowers by little Elise C. Lavelle, daughter of Assistant District Attorney Lavelle and a niece of Mgr. Lavelle, Vicar General, on behalf of the children of the Catholic School.

BLESSES CROWD IN STATION.

All Kneel on Platform at Wilmington, Del., as Mgr. Falconio's Train Stops.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 12.—In the Pennsylvania Railroad Station here this evening more than 500 persons knelt on the platform and received the Apostolic blessing from Mgr. Falconio, who was en route from Washington to New York, where he will sail for Rome to receive the red hat. He stood on the platform of a Pullman car and bestowed the blessing during the brief stop of the train, being cheered before and after the ceremony.

Mgr. Lyons, Vicar General of this diocese, and Fathers Grant and Ryan of St. Peter's Cathedral, were in the crowd.

When the train stopped all cheered loudly, which the prelate acknowledged by bowing. Then, at the request of Mgr. Lyons, he blessed all. As the prelate raised his hands every man and woman in the crowd fell to their knees and bowed their heads.

Judiciary Inquiry to End This Week.

More than thirty witnesses have been summoned to appear before Supreme Justice Townsend Scudder at the Queens County Court House to-day to testify in the judiciary scandal investigation. Assistant District Attorney De Ford said last night that it would not take all of this week to complete the testimony he had to present. It now seems certain that William Willett, Jr., will ask to go on the stand and make an explanation in his own behalf.

FORCE HAMMERSTEIN TO ALTER HIS STAGE

One Hundred Men Working Day and Night to Meet Demands of London County Council.

IMPRESARIO NOT DISTURBED

He Says He Will Not Sleep Until the Work Is Completed for the Opening of the Opera House To-night.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—Oscar Hammerstein, whose magnificent London Opera House opens to-morrow with "Quo Vadis?" received word late yesterday from the London County Council ordering quite extensive minor alterations to be made before the house could be opened.

Within an hour a hundred men were carrying them out, and working continuously night and day it will require hard work to finish before the curtain rises to-morrow. The alterations are principally confined to the stage and include making an extra exit, enlarging the skylights that cover the stage, and screwing down some stage traps.

This work considerably hampered to-day's dress rehearsal of "Quo Vadis?" To use Mr. Hammerstein's own account of it:

"We had a soprano solo with treble F obligato by a bricklayer, and a cute little pizzicato movement introduced by a carpenter with a two-pound hammer and box of tacks, while a man with a saw on the limelight platform took time from the conductor. But we shall be ready for to-morrow night after eleven months' of the hardest work I can remember in the course of a not altogether indolent career."

Since yesterday afternoon Mr. Hammerstein has scarcely left the opera house for a moment, and late to-night he told THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent that he intended taking no sleep to-night, adding:

"I don't feel that I want it on these occasions."

Asked whether he felt excited, he replied:

"What's the good. The sensation of completion is no new thrill to me. I've got three theatres in America, besides this, to occupy my time. I manage to keep cool, but clammy."

To-morrow's opening is creating tremendous interest. Big premiums are being offered for seats in any part of the house. Royalty will be represented by Princess Christian, while not fewer than thirteen Duchesses have signified their intention of being present.

HECKSCHER WEDDING HERE.

Rich New York Girl Is to Marry a Viscount's Son.

The engagement of Miss Antoinette Heckscher, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. August Heckscher, an heiress to many millions, to the Hon. Oliver Sylvain Balliol Brett, son of Viscount Esher of England, has been made public, although formal announcement was not to have been made for another week. It was rumored at the Virginia Hot Springs, where Mr. Brett and Miss Heckscher were staying, several weeks ago.

This is the third engagement within a year of a titled Englishman, or the heir to a title, to a New York heiress of great wealth, the nuptials following speedily. Miss Heckscher, who made her début several years ago, is a sister of G. Maurice Heckscher, who married Miss Louise Vanderhoef.

Mr. Brett's grandfather was raised to the peerage in 1885, and the title of Viscount Esher was conferred upon him in 1897. He married Miss Mayer, daughter of Louis Mayer. The present Viscount, who is still a young man, succeeded to the title in 1899. He married Miss Eleanor Van der Weyer, a Belgian.

Mr. Brett has been in this country more or less for a year or so. It is planned to have the wedding here this coming Winter.

HOME FROM EUROPE.

Amerika and Caronia Bring Back Many Travelers from Abroad.

Liners arriving yesterday from Europe and some of their passengers were:

AMERIKA (Hamburg)—Lady Allan, Prof. O. Abrahamson, Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Alexander, Mrs. B. P. Anderson, J. M. Anders, Mrs. J. M. Bacon, Mrs. C. J. Barney, Mrs. E. E. Bird, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brandt, Mr. and Mrs. Irving Brokaw and the Misses Barbara and Minnie Brokaw, Mr. and Mrs. G. R. Brown, A. M. Carlisle, Ivan Caryll, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Childs, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Cook, Miss Dorothy L. Cook, Mr. and Mrs. Guy W. Currier, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel D. Dodge, Prof. D. Fanz, Capt. J. Fitz Gerald, Brinsly Fitz Gerald, Mrs. J. Warren Goddard, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Halle, Mrs. G. B. Holt, Mr. and Mrs. D. Edwin Irving, Mrs. F. D. Lanier, Miss E. D. Miller, Mrs. H. B. Morris, James H. Park, Miss A. B. Phelps, William C. Poe, Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Roberts, Mrs. M. Robinson, Mrs. M. Seligmann, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Cutts Shannon, Miss Juliette M. Shaw, Mrs. H. C. Smith, Count Stephan Zichy, R. W. Van Boskerk, Paul Desvernine, Miss Caroline Desvernine, Dr. and Mrs. C. C. Hoppin, Mrs. Mowbay Upston, John Wanamaker, Jr., Col. C. H. Watts, Mrs. Walter, Mrs. Clara Wilson, Miss Bessie Wood, Capt. O. Wolfert.

CARONIA (Liverpool)—Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Aspinwall, Arthur T. Beazley, Charles Bingham, Major E. H. Bullin, Miss J. S. Burns, H. Charlton, Mrs. W. H. Clifford, Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Copeland, Henry Corby, Peter Donaldson, E. W. Dunn, Sir Algernon Firth, Mrs. Gilbert Fraser, F. T. Fuller, Miss M. T. Gordon, Mrs. J. Dallas Hall, Daniel W. Harnett, G. M. Hodson, Miss A. F. Hooper, G. L. Hunting, Sam M. Irwin, Arthur B. Jarvis, A. Hamilton, W. Herbert, Miss W. B. Leeds, C. S. Lomax, United States Senator Newlands, Mrs. Newlands, Miss S. M. Nichols, Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Parks, D. C. Parson, Rufus C. Patterson, Roy T. Pryor, William H. Stuart, H. D. Symons, Mrs. J. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. Reginald B. Townshend, Mrs. E. B. Townes, T. C. Tebbetts, Arthur Spurgeon, Mrs. Forbes Tulloch, Mrs. A. H. Waterman, Capt. J. T. Cops, Mrs. C. L. Daniels, Miss E. L. Martin, George Young, Dr. and Mrs. A. U. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Wood, and Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Webber.

Drama Players to Remain.

The engagement of the Drama Players at the Lyric Theatre has been extended for another week, and the organization will remain at the Lyric until Nov. 25. Henry W. Savage's production of "Little Boy Blue," that was scheduled to open at the Lyric on Nov. 20, has been postponed until Nov. 27. On account of the change of plans, the Drama Players will continue to present Molière's "The Learned Ladies" all of this week, reserving "The Thunderbolt" for the week of Nov. 20.

Mormon Choir's Second Concert.

The Mormon Tabernacle Choir of Salt Lake City gave its second concert at the Hippodrome last night to a much larger audience than was present at the choir's first appearance. The programme last night contained several of the numbers that were best liked before, including the variations of "Dixie" and the soldiers' chorus from "Faust." A part of the prize "Irrigation Ode" was sung as a finale. Encores were demanded and given after almost every number.

WILL SUE MORDKIN.

Manager of Lydia Lopoukowa Charges Him with Breaking Contract with Her.

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, Nov. 12.—Lydia Lopoukowa, former premiere danseuse of the Russian imperial ballet, and Josef Mandelkern, her manager, left for New York City tonight. Both denounced Mordkin and all others connected with the ballet who were responsible for Mlle. Lopoukowa's not appearing as they say she should have in the ballet here Thursday night.

Mandelkern declared that the moment he reached New York he would bring action against Mordkin for breach of contract.

"As Lopoukowa's manager I am responsible to the Russian Government and the young lady's parents," he said, "and I intend bringing to time those who are responsible for the insults heaped upon her, and to make them pay for the personal suffering she has endured and for the financial loss incurred by reason of the breach of contract."

Before leaving with the troupe Mordkin said the fault lay with the printer who got out the programme.

"The dances in which the programme stated Lopoukowa was to appear, the 'Baby Swan' and the 'variations,' were not intended for her at all," he declared. "Miss Jame was to dance them, and it was a printer's mistake that Lopoukowa's name appeared on the programme as the danseuse.

"We have broken no contract with Loponkowa. The fact is Mandelkern broke the contract when he refused to allow Lopoukowa to appear with the ballet after Thurdsay night."

To this Mandelkern said: "That is tommyrot. Lopoukowa had been dancing those particular numbers, and it was not until Thursday night in Buffalo that she did not dance them. Mordkin suddenly turned against her because of professional jealousy, and tried to substitute Miss Jame. We shall see in court whether he had a right to do so or not. He acted the same way with Pavolowa, his leading danseuse last season, when she began to outshine him in the ballet."

When Lopoukowa danced one number Thursday night after the dramatic scene in which her manager harangued the audience from a box, the spectators applauded enthusiastically, apparently sympathizing with her.

THE MANNES RECITAL.

Music for Piano and Violin by Mozart, Reger, and Brahms at the Belasco.

Mr. and Mrs. David Mannes gave last evening in the Belasco Theatre the first of their three sonata recitals for violin and piano which are their annual contribution to the music of New York. There is much to give pleasure in these performances of chamber music, in which the two players have so complete an understanding of each other, and in which style of chamber music, and its intimacy, are so carefully preserved. The programme last evening consisted of Mozart's sonata in B flat, a "Suite in the Old Style," by Max Reger, Op. 93, and Brahms's sonata in G major, Op. 78; Reger's suite is unfamiliar matter. It consists of a prelude, a largo, and a fugue in which the composer has indulged his fondness for the style of Bach with his own ideas of harmony, which are not at all in the style of Bach; and this is especially to be observed in the prelude, of which the theme is stoutly modeled on an eighteenth century formula. In the largo and fugue there are moments of real charm; but the incessantly chromatic and shifting harmonies give a feeling of unrest. The performance was carefully studied and finished, but Mr. Mannes's tone suffered apparently from unfavorable atmospheric conditions.

COLLIER FOR THE FULTON.

He Will Come There with His New Comedy, "Take My Advice."

William Collier, who is starring under the joint management of Lew Fields and the Shuberts, will begin his annual New York engagement at the Fulton Theatre on Monday, Nov. 27. Arrangements were made on Saturday night by Mr. Collier's managers and Henry B. Harris, manager of the Fulton.

Mr. Collier was to have come to his own theatre, the Comedy, on the 27th, but the success of "Bunty Pulls the Strings" and the superstition of the theatrical profession that it is unlucky to change the home of a play during a run made it necessary for the comedian to find another playhouse. The closing of Robert Edeson in "The Cave Man" left the Fulton without a tenant.

Mr. Collier's offering this season will be a new comedy entitled "Take My Advice," written by himself and James Montgomery.

BURY DOG WRAPPED IN FLAG.

Action of Soldiers an Insult to the Colors, Woman Declares.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The burial of a dog by the Aeronautical Squad in College Park wrapped in the United States flag has deeply grieved Mrs. Isabel Worrel Ball, Chairman of the National Committee of the Woman's Relief Corps, who has written about it to the Secretary of War. She states that she represents 200,000 women, and that her corps has sympathized with the passage of flag laws in a number of States.

The dog was Muggies, mascot of the flying men, and when he died a few days ago a Sergeant and several members of the Signal Corps wrapped his body in a tiny flag, put him in a coffin, and buried him. As the grave closed a bugler sounded taps while the men stood by with heads uncovered.

This incident, in Mrs. Ball's opinion, is a disgrace to the flag, and indicates something wrong with the training of men whose whole duty it is to protect the colors. She asked the Secretary to investigate.

Robert Goelet's $500 Bulldog Gone.

The police were last night looking for a white English bulldog named Belle, belonging to Robert Goelet, who lives at 647 Fifth Avenue. Mr. Goelet's butler, who reported the loss of the dog to the East Fifty-first Street Station, said that when he was taking her for an airing she ran after a cat. Belle is worth $500. She has a gren collar without a license.

Free Organ Recitals by Mr. Carl.

William C. Carl will begin his annual series of free organ recitals at 8:15 to-night in the Old First Presbyterian Church, Fifth Avenue and Twelfth Street, assisted by Adele Laeis Baldwin, contralto. Dr. Carl will play selections from the works of Liszt, Bach, Guilmant, Fauré, Lemmens, Beethoven, and Schmid.

Arthur H. Hahlo & Co.
Special Exhibition of
Old English Mezzotints and Stipples
NOV. 3RD TO NOV. 29TH
Also on view, rare prints by
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TINIEST PRIMA DONNA TELLS OF HER START

Maggie Teyte Got Her First Real Chance in Paris Through a Singer's Jealousy.

HER MEETING WITH DEBUSSY

Adores the Opera Stage and Is Never Nervous—Her View of Beecham, a Lazy Musical Genius.

Miss Maggie Teyte is probably the smallest prima donna who has come to this country for some time; she is also one of the youngest. Andreas Dippel engaged her for his Philadelphia-Chicago company after hearing her sing in Europe, and she is to be in this country only two months, in the course of which she will be heard in several operatic rôles, and some song recitals.

Miss Teyte made her American début as Cherubino in "Le Nozze di Figaro" in Philadelphia on Saturday afternoon, Nov. 4. Two days later she appeared in the title part of Massenet's "Cendrillon." To a TIMES reporter she recently disclosed some of the details of her career.

"I was born in the English Midlands," she said, "and I am of English, Scotch, and Irish descent. I always seemed to believe I had a voice, and when I was very young my father took me to the Royal College in London. I was not very much older when I went to study with Jean de Reszke in Paris.

"My début was made four years ago, when I was 17, in Monte Carlo, in the rôle of Zerlina in 'Don Giovanni.' I had never appeared on the stage before, and yet I was thrust on without any sort of a rehearsal. I had not even seen the scenery and knew nothing about exits and entrances. Still I managed to get through.

"I had just one performance of Zerlina. It is the only one, in fact, I have ever sung anywhere, and I was heard no more at Monte Carlo. I was then engaged for the Opéra Comique in Paris. What they engaged me for I don't know, but a singer's jealousy gave me an opportunity to appear in an important rôle.

"Mary Garden had left the Opera Comique and was singing in New York in Winter and in Summer at the Paris Opéra, leaving several of her rôles were left without interpreters. Aphrodite was given to Chenal; Lemare got Louise; but there was no one to sing Mélisande. Now, Mélisande was a rôle which, according to the nature of things, would have fallen to Marguerite Carré, wife of the Director, whose jealousy of Mary Garden has been the subject of much gossip. However, she did not know the part and she had no time in which to learn it. She also feared that Mary Garden would be recalled simply to sing this one rôle and that she would re-establish herself at the Comique.

"As a result she decided that the best thing to do was to get an unknown singer to appear in the part, and as a consequence her mind hit on me, and I was chosen. I studied like mad and Marguerite Carré helped me with every means in her power.

"Then I sang Mélisande, appearing in it sixteen times at the Opéra Comique. After that Mme. Carré's desire to have me sing waned. I received a small part in 'Aphrodite' and one of the boys in 'The Magic Flute,' but nothing else. Finally I rebelled and left the theatre. In the meantime, it should be observed, Mme. Carré had found time to learn Mélisande, and she now sings it at that theatre.

"It was through Mélisande that I met Debussy. I was then even smaller than I am now. I have grown some in the last year. He had promised Carré that he would help me with the part. So one day I went to his house. I was shown into the salon and presently he came in. He looked me over for a moment and asked:

"'Is this Miss Teyte?'

"'Yes,' I said.

"'Miss Maggie Teyte?'

"'Yes.'

"'Miss Maggie Teyte of the Opéra Comique?'

"I smiled and again answered, 'Yes,' and he said no more, but still looked incredulous, as he led me to the piano. He went through the first act of the score with me and then he insisted on calling his wife and telling her how much he liked me. Since then Debussy and I have become the greatest friends, and I sing at many of his concerts. While I was singing in Paris I appeared at a performance of his 'Demoiselle Elue' at the Chatelet, at which he conducted.

"Well, after the Comique I next sang in opera with Thomas Beecham in London. There I was heard in 'Lentfürung aus dem Serail,' Antonia in 'Les Contes d'Hoffman,' and Cherubino in 'Le Nozze di Figaro.'

"What a man Beecham is! He has brains and he is a great musician, but he is no worker. He would call rehearsals for 1 o'clock, and when people came to them there would be no Beecham. All the principals, orchestra, and chorus might stand around the stage until 3, when he would walk in unconcernedly. He is not serious, that man. I have often told him so.

"But what can you say about a man who, at the first orchestral rehearsal of 'Elektra,' cuts the pages of the score as he goes along? That is exactly what he did. He has the sense of music. He understands things without having studied them, and he conducts magnificently, especially Strauss.

"But he cannot bear the idea of work, of study, of anything serious. Everything must be new to interest him. The more difficulties the better. I remember one performance of 'Le Nozze di Figaro' at which both the Countess and the Figaro were new and did not know their parts. We did the spoken rogue instead of recitatives, and it is really true that they did not know the words. They barely knew the music of the airs and ensemble numbers. Would you believe it, Beecham enjoyed that performance more than any other! It was keen pleasure for him to feel that he was holding the quartets and trios together by his magnetism and his beat. He was unflagging with the orchestra, and threw himself into the work with zest. It was not a good performance of course, but nobody broke down. If he had had time for countless rehearsals and had given a flawless performance he could not have been more pleased with the result."

"How long is your contract in America to run?" Miss Teyte was asked.

"Only two months, with an option on a renewal for next season. I do not care about long contracts. Success sometimes comes before they expire, and then one is not ready to meet it. I shall sing Lygie in 'Qou Vadis' and perhaps Mignon, besides some of my old parts."

"Do you prefer singing in opera or concert?"

"I much prefer opera, although I like concerts, too. But the stage I adore, and I am never nervous, while when I am giving a recital I am always nervous."

Miss Teyte is as pretty as she is young and small. She is the wife of Eugene Plumon, a young French lawyer, who has a degree from the University of Heidelberg. He has accompanied her, of course, on this her first visit to America.

Cecilia Loftus Here for Vaudeville.

Cecilia Loftus, the English vaudeville actress, arrived yesterday from Liverpool on the Cunarder Coronia for the Orpheum circuit. She opens her engagement at Chicago on Nov. 18. Miss Loftus was down on the passenger list under her married name, Mrs. A. H. Waterbury. She brought her eleven-months-old baby and will join her husband in Chicago.

Joseph C. Grew Here from Vienna.

Joseph Clark Grew, First Secretary of the United States Legation at Vienna, arrived yesterday on the Amerika, accompanied by Mrs. Grew. They will remain here two weeks. It is Mr. Grew's first trip home for seven years.

Mrs. De Lancey Nicoll to Give a Tea.

Mrs. De Lancey Nicoll will give a tea for her daughter at her home, 23 East Thirty-ninth Street, on Saturday, Dec. 2. As Miss Nicoll's mother is in mourning, Mrs. Benjamin Nicoll, her aunt, will give the dinner and dance for her at Sherry's on Tuesday, Dec. 19.

Fete to Help the Blind.

The New York Association for the Blind will give a fête at the Astor on the evening of Monday, Feb. 19.

THE NEW YORK SYMPHONY.

Rachmaninoff's Second Symphony Played—Miss Parlow the Soloist.

More than half the time taken by the concert of the New York Symphony Orchestra's concert at the Century Theatre yesterday afternoon was devoted to Sergei Rachmaninoff's second symphony in E minor. Notwithstanding its length, this symphony has made a record in this country in the last two years that would make it one of the most popular of recent compositions of its kind. It had been at least three times played in New York before Mr. Damrosch's performance yesterday afternoon—twice by the Russian Symphony Society and once by the Boston Symphony Orchestra. When the Boston Orchestra played it in Boston last season it was so enthusiastically received that it was repeated within a month. It was first performed in this country by the Philadelphia Orchestra two seasons ago, when Mr. Rachmaninoff was in this country.

A rehearing of the symphony yesterday, though it has many attractive qualities, makes it a little difficult to understand its popularity, and might suggest speculation whether it will be lasting. It seems unquestionable that the composition is unduly long, that the composer has said what he had to say at much greater length than was needed, and that greater conciseness would have given greater effect. Especially the third movement, the adagio, seems laboriously spun out and supersentimental. The work suffers also, to a degree, from its lack of points of repose, sections of contrast and quietude; the composer is continually speaking through the full voice of the orchestra. Beyond and above all this, however, there is much to please the listener in this symphony; much in the melodious beauty of many of the themes; in the rich and ingenious orchestral coloring, and especially in the rhythmic vigor of the music and in the pulsing animation and intensity of the composer's expression. Even though he seldom attains the highest distinction, he is not perfunctory. And Mr. Rachmaninoff, though he is a Russian, has refrained in this, as in most of his other compositions, from using a Russian idiom in music—native folk-song themes or dance rhythms.

An interesting feature of the concert was the reappearance of the young Canadian violinist, Miss Kathleen Parlow, whose playing justly roused admiration last season, and did so again yesterday in Bruch's "Scottish Fantasy." It has musical quality, expressed through remarkable energy and a certain nervous vitality that fasten the listener's attention and that make whatever she does interesting. There are still certain crudities in her style and in her manner of performance, but she has singular excellencies—a powerful and sympathetic tone, which she has no need whatever to force, as she seemed at times upon the point of doing yesterday; certainty and facility in technique that rarely fail her; incisiveness of rhythm, and a singularly free and virile style of bowing. In fact, it seems hard to believe that violin playing of such power can be the work of a young woman apparently so fragile as Miss Parlow as she stands upon the stage. Her performance of Bruch's fantasy was robust and straightforward, not lacking in sentiment, and evidently made a deep effect upon her listeners.

The concert closed with a performance of Berlioz's overture to his opera of "Benvenuto Cellini."

ELMENDORF'S FIRST LECTURE

He Takes His Audience at Carnegie Hall to the Riviera.

Dwight Elmendorf began his season of travel talks last night at Carnegie Hall. The first of the series of five lectures he has prepared for this Winter had the Riviera for its subject. The pictures and the talk that accompanied them took the audience from Genoa through the Italian Riviera, along the French coast as far as Nice.

As in other years, Mr. Elmendorf's pictures, both stereopticon views and motion pictures, were of the highest order, and the lecture was full of interesting and amusing anecdotes.

The same lecture will be repeated this afternoon. The other subjects in the course will be "Milan and the Italian Lakes," "Florence and Vienna," "Rome," and "Naples."

The Philharmonic's Wagner Concert.

The Philharmonic Society gave an extra concert yesterday afternoon in Carnegie Hall outside of its regular Sunday series. The programme was entirely devoted to Wagner. Ludwig Hess, tenor, was the soloist and made his first appearance in New York. The programme comprised the overture to "The Flying Dutchman," the "Siegfrid Idyl," Lohengrin's narration, sung by Mr. Hess; the funeral music from "Götterdämmerung," the prayer from "Rienzi," sung by Mr. Hess, and "Wotan's Farewell and Magic Fire Scene," from "Die Walküre."

Arthur Friedheim Here for a Tour.

Arthur Friedheim, the Russian pianist, who was a pupil of Lizst, arrived yesterday on the Amerika to make a tour of the country as far as the Pacific Coast after an absence of eleven years. He opens his season as soloist with the Russian Symphony Orchestra next Saturday evening and plays with the same organization on Sunday afternoon. He is also engaged as soloist with the New York Philharmonic Orchestra, the Theodore Thomas Orchestra, and the St. Louis Orchestra.

Benefit for Anti-Vivisection.

There will be a special performance at Wallack's Theatre on the afternoon of Thursday, Dec. 7, in the interests of the restriction of vivisection. The performance will be under the auspices of the New York Anti-Vivisection Society, and the bill will include many of the prominent actors now appearing in New York.

Arabian Style Music for "Kismet."

William Furst has been commissioned by Harrison Grey Fiske and Klaw & Erlanger to write the music for their production of Edward Knoblauch's Arabian play, "Kismet." The music will include a prelude, a march of the Caliph, a bridal march, and tunes for the harem scene. The ancient Arabian modes will be used, and the music will be played on the stage with Arabian instruments. The orchestral music between the acts will also be in the Arabian style.

The Rev. Dr. J. A. Carmichael.

WINNIPEG, Manitoba, Nov. 12.—The Rev. Dr. J. A. Carmichael, General Superintendent of the Missionary Board of the Presbyterian Church of Canada, died today of pneumonia.

Abby Napier Smith Holmes.

ORANGE, N. J., Nov. 12.—Abby Napier Smith Holmes, wife of Joseph Drexel Holmes, formerly an Alderman of Orange, died to-day at her home, 90 High Street, of a complication of diseases. Mrs. Holmes was active in the Woman's Club and in the Daughters of the American Revolution for the past six years. She was also a Director of the Children's Aid and Protective Society. She was the daughter of Henry W. Smith of New York City. The family had lived for the past twenty-five years in Orange, Mr. and Mrs. Holmes coming here soon after their marriage. Three sons and four daughters, with Mr. Holmes, survive her.

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MORTGAGE money is plentiful to-day. We are accepting all good applications without delay.
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TETRAZZINI THOUGHT SHE FOOLED CUSTOMS

Told the Inspector on the Pier That Her Jewels Were Paste, and He Let Them in Free,

AS THE LAW SAYS HE MUST

Singer Here for the Season in a Jocular Mood Says She Isn't Going to Marry Caruso.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 12.—Mme. Luisa Tetrazzini, the soprano, who arrived in New York to-day on the liner Amerika, gleefully told on reaching this city this evening how she had fooled the United States Government by telling the Customs Inspectors that all jewels worn on the stage by grand opera stars are imitations made of paste. She went on to say, in effect, that the customs Inspectors swallowed her story, hook, line, and sinker, notwithstanding that when she made the declaration he was running his fingers through jewels worth about $150,000.

"I told him," said Mme. Tetrazzini, "that the only real jewels I had were those I wore, and that they were valued at about $5,000."

"'These jewels you are handling,' I said, 'are paste—poor imitations—but they glitter under the strong glare of the footlights and they are just as well for the purpose and they fool the people.'

"'Well, that's just what I thought,' he remarked, and he put his official mark on my baggage and allowed me to get away from the cold pier."

Mme. Tetrazzini will appear here in "Lucia" on Wednesday and at the Saturday matinée at the Metropolitan Opera House, New York.

Mark P. Andrews, head of the Law Division in the Custom House here, said last night that Mme. Tetrazzini had not fooled anybody. She was entitled as a foreign resident to bring in her jewels free of duty as her personal property. Stage jewels, like stage costumes, would have to be listed and bonded, but personal effects were free.

Mme. Tetrazzini returns after singing in twenty-six operas during the season at Covent Garden, London, which was a record. They included the gala performance at the coronation of King George.

Two days after the Amerika left Cherbourg Mme. Tetrazzini received a wireless message from the working men and women she sang for at Hayes, near London, which pleased her very much. It read: "Good luck. We thank you from the bottom of our hearts for your kindness for singing to us and wish you a happy journey."

When asked at the pier here if it was true that she was engaged to marry Caruso, the prima donna smiled and placed her hand on her heart as she replied: "No, I am not going to marry Signor Caruso. I have come here to sing and fulfill my contracts to sing in New York, Boston, Philadelphia, and Chicago. I shall also sing at ten concerts in small cities in Maine and Massachusetts."

Mme. Tetrazzini declined to discuss Oscar Hammerstein's enterprise in London. She was willing to talk on any other subject but Mr. Hammerstein, who had sued her for breach of contract.

Benjamin F. Spellman, personal counsel to the prima donna, who went down on a revenue cutter to Quarantine to meet her, carrying a large box of American Beauties under his arm, said that Mme. Tetrazzini had settled the suit for $225,000 brought by Mr. Hammerstein, for $19,250. She had wished to fight the case, but her friends advised her to settle the matter, and subscribed the amount, so that she did not have to pay a cent of the money herself.

Mme. Tetrazzini, who looked in the best of health in spite of the movement of the ship in the rough weather, which upset her a little, left for Philadelphia to be ready for rehearsals to-morrow morning for "Lucia de Lammermoor," in which she will make her appearance on Wednesday night.

Ivan Caryll, composer of several musical comedies which have been produced at the Gaiety Theatre, London, also arrived on the Amerika to play over the music of his new opera. "Primrose Villa," to Marc Klaw. He said he did not know that the title had been changed to "Delphine."

Dr. Richard Morris Wyckoff.

Dr. Richard Morris Wyckoff, a physician of many years' experience and author of several articles on medical subjects, died Saturday night at his home, 532 Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn, at the age of 73 years. His death was due to angina pectoris, from which he had been suffering for several weeks. Dr. Wyckoff served in the Department of Health in the old City of Brooklyn under several municipal administrations. In 1894 he became Sanitary Superintendent of Brooklyn and Deputy Health Commissioner, serving in those positions until the consolidation in 1898. He was born in Brooklyn. After graduating from Amherst College in 1859 he entered Bellevue Medical College. He was an interne in the hospital in 1865, when he received a commission from the Government as Assistant Surgeon in the United States Navy. After the civil war he began to practice in Brooklyn. He was Secretary of the Kings County Medical Society for many years, and one of the founders of the New York State Medical Society and the New York Medico-Historic Society. He was unmarried.

James Cockcroft.

NORTHPORT, L. I., Nov. 12.—James Cockcroft, for many years President of the Edward Thompson Law Publishing Company, died at his home here to-day in his seventieth year. He founded a business here thirty years ago, which from a small start became in a few years one of the largest law publishing concerns in the country. He was born in New York City. After studying law he engaged in law publishing with his uncle, Peter Voorhees, and later went to Chicago, where he established a publishing house. He was burned out in the big Chicago fire. He was one of the oldest members of the New York Yacht Club.

John McDowell.

ORANGE, N. J., Nov. 12.—Friends in Orange heard to-day of the death yesterday at Tampa, Fla., of John McDowell, a comedian, whose wife, Alice McDowell, is a native of Orange. The dead man was 40 years old and a native of Detroit. His widow and one son, living in Orange, survive him.

Obituary Notes.

Dr. TALBOT WATSON, an old and prominent resident of Westfield, N. J., died suddenly at his home of heart disease, Saturday at the age of seventy-one. He was of Scotch parentage, and was born in Poland. He was a graduate of the University of Edinburgh and came to America in 1867. He lived in St. Louis and Canada and later practiced medicine in Baltimore. He is survived by five daughters, Dr. Marion Watson and Miss Nannie Watson of Westfield, Elizabeth Watson of this city, Helen Watson of Buffalo, and C. Rosa Watson of Greenwich, Conn.

EUGENE NICE, an artist, died Saturday at his residence, 1,063 Park Avenue, at the age of seventy. He had been ill for eight years. He was born in Italy and came to this country in 1866. He leaves a wife and several children.

GRIFFIN E. BARNES, an inventor, was found dead Friday night in a barn at 2,120 Honeywell Avenue, where he had been at work on a new type of motor boat. He was 70 years old. He lived with his wife and three children at 760 Jackson Avenue until a year ago, when he told them that he wanted to go away by himself and perfect his invention. His body was found lying beside his motor boat.

WILLIAM H. WHITE, a contractor of Southampton, L. I., died suddenly Saturday from heart disease at the age of sixty. He was born in Sag Harbor.

GEORGE BRUCKNER, an old resident of Newark, N. J., died Saturday at his home, 16 Belmont Avenue, from a complication of diseases. He was fifty-eight years old.

MARY HERBERT, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Herbert of Bordentown, died Saturday at the age of sixty-eight, at the home of Benjamin E. Osmond.

Mrs. JAMES S. CATTANACH, wife of Dr. James S. Cattanach, an old veterinary surgeon of this city, died Saturday at her home, 61 Clifton Place, Brooklyn, at the age of seventy-five. She was a native of Scotland.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

CAMBURN.—Nov. 12, McIntyre, to Mr. and Mrs. R. Camburn, a son.
FOX.—Nov. 8, 281 Edgecombe Av., to Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Fox, a son.
FRIEND.—Nov. 8, 815 Cauldwell Av., Bronx, to Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Friend, a daughter.
GEISER.—Nov. 9, 40 East Morningside Av., to Mr. and Mrs. A. Geiser, a daughter.
KANTRO.—Nov. 1, 547 West 142d St., to Dr. and Mrs. J. M. Cantro, a daughter.
MEYERS.—Nov. 5, 80 St. Nicholas Av., to Mr. and Mrs. H. Meyers, a daughter.
MILLER.—Nov. 8, 2,340 7th Av., to Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Miller, a son.
STEINBERG.—Nov. 8, 400 West 150th St., to Mr. and Mrs. M. Steinberg, a daughter.
TURKUS.—Nov. 7, Bensonhurst, to Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Turkus, a son.

Married.

NESMITH—HEDGES.—On Saturday, Nov. 11, at 24 South Portland Av., Brooklyn, by the Rev. Cleland McAfee, Eliza Chinn, daughter of Mrs. McHatton Hedges, to Ralph Howard Nesmith.

CLANCEY—PENTZ.—Nov. 7, Nellie C. Pentz to John E. Clancey.
FALK—ISAACS.—Nov. 9, Helen Isaacs to Newton Falk.
HENNESSY—DONOHUE.—Nov. 8, Theresa S. Donohue to William F. Hennessy.
HIRSCH—KAHN.—Nov. 9, Minnette M. Kahn to Leo Hirsch.
PICKER—CODY.—Nov. 9, Mary G. Cody to John M. Picker.
WIENER—KRESSH.—Nov. 8, Gertrude Kressh to John Wiener.
WILSON—MASEMANN.—Nov. 8, Gertrude Masemann to George L. Wilson, Jr.

Brooklyn.

GRAFF—MAPLES.—Nov. 7, Hazel R. Maples to Mack Y. Graff.
MASON—SMITH.—Nov. 7, Margaret E. Smith to Peter F. Mason

New Jersey.

SHEEHAN—HOLMAN.—Nov. 9, Toms River, Emil R. Holman to James B. Sheehan.

New York State.

BUTLER—DYKEMAN.—Nov. 5, Millbrook, Luella B. Dykeman to William J. Butler.

Died.

BAXTER.—On the 11th inst., at Saugerties, N. Y., Anna Louise Baxter, daughter of the late Christopher Marshall and Louise A. Baxter, in her seventy-third year.
CHRISTENSEN.—On Sunday, Nov. 12, 1911, M. Frederick Christensen, in his 56th year. Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 674 Bedford Av., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Nov. 14, 1911, at 8 P. M. Friends and members of the 23d Regiment Veterans' Association invited.
DOUGLAS.—Entered into rest Nov. 12, 1911, Annah Martin Douglas, widow of Evander Myers Douglas. Funeral services at 3:30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon at her late residence, 255 Steuben St., Brooklyn. Interment at Whitehall, N. Y.
HALL.—At her home in Farmington, Conn., on Nov. 9, Josephine Augusta Collins, daughter of the late Augustus Collins of Westfield, Mass., and wife of the late Edward Hall of San Francisco, Cal. Funeral services in the chapel at Pine Hill Cemetery, Westfield, Mass., on Monday, Nov. 13, at 12. California papers please copy.
HALL.—At Fishkill-on-the-Hudson, on Friday, Nov. 10, of pneumonia, Florence B. Hall of 243 West 48th St., daughter of the late Francis C. and Elizabeth W. C. Hall. Funeral service at the Church of the Holy Communion, 20th St. and 6th Av., on Tuesday, Nov. 14, at 2 P. M.
HOLMES.—On Sunday, Nov. 12, 1911, at her home, 90 High St., Orange, N. J., Abby Napier, beloved wife of Joseph D. Holmes and daughter of the late Henry W. and Caroline C. Smith. Funeral private.
KUPFER.—Suddenly, on Sunday, Nov. 12, Henry W. Kupfer, in his 61st year. Funeral services at his late residence, 305 West 29th St., Tuesday, Nov. 14, at 8 o'clock P. M. Interment private.
KYTE.—On Sunday, Nov. 12, 1911, at her home, Fanwood, N. J., Mary Clementina, second daughter of the late Charles and Elizabeth Haynes Kyte. Services at All Saints' Church, Fanwood, N. J., on Wednesday, Nov. 15, on arrival of 2 P. M. train from foot of Liberty St., New York City. (Central R. R. of N. J.)
NEWCOMB.—Miss Mary K., daughter of the late Colin G. and Elizabeth T. Newcomb. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services, which will be held at the residence of William Newcomb, Tenafly, N. J., Tuesday, Nov. 14, at 3 P. M.
NICE.—Eugene Nice, aged 70. Funeral THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., Tuesday, 10 o'clock.
PALEY.—Kalman, suddenly, Oct. 11, 1911, 9 A. M., husband of Kriendel, father of Israel, Herman, Samuel, Nicholas, Louis, Ida, Ray, and Mary. Funeral at his late residence, 141 Division St., Monday, Oct. 13, 1911, at 10 A. M. Cemetery Mount Zion, Maspeth, L. I.
RUSSELL.—On Nov. 10, at Clifton Springs, N. Y., Alexander Gatherer Russell, for 36 years Pastor of First Presbyterian Church of Oyster Bay. Funeral services will be held in his church in Oyster Bay on Monday, Nov. 13, at 1:30 P. M.
VER PLANCK.—At Dalton, N. Y., on Saturday, Nov. 11, 1911, Melinda Gordon Ver Planck, daughter of the late William Gordon and M

YALE'S CHANCES GROW STRONGER

Elis Give Promise of Great Possibilities in the Brown Game.

In Saturday's achievements on the gridiron, the work of the Yale team against Brown furnishes food for reflection among followers of football, for, with the season's end but two weeks away, the Elis have again shown their ability to round into something like top form in a week's time. The score of 15 to 0 doesn't really tell how much better Yale played the game than Brown. The Blue's attack was surprisingly speedy and did not stop before the Brown line.

With the Yale-Princeton game coming Saturday, Yale's chances of winning look much brighter after the encouraging showing against Brown. If Yale does win football men do not fancy Harvard's hopes any too good when the Yale and Crimson elevens get together at Cambridge on Nov. 25. Yale showed a variety of attack and an aggressiveness that has been sadly missing all season. The ends, Bromeisler and Avery, played excellently, while Ketcham at centre was spry and irresistible. Yale's guards and tackles showed themselves to be an unusually formidable quartet. Capt. Howe displayed good generalship in running the team, and got away many good kicks.

The Yale team, in fact, became an entirely new machine during last week's coaching, and there is still room for improvement, so Princeton may just as well expect to get the battle of their lives at the end of this week.

It is not that Yale showed itself to be a wonderful team against Brown, but it did show that the team has resource and is just as apt to improve as much this week as it did last week. The team is capably of something much better than it has shown. And at New Haven the coaches seem to be able to accomplish wonders in the last week or two of the season. The season's work is carefully planned to the climax.

The freak field goal at Princeton, when De Witt's drop kick struck a Dartmouth player, then hit the ground, and bounded over the cross bar, has set the football experts humming. There is a difference of opinion about the play. In the Exeter-Andover game at Exeter, N. H., Saturday, the very same play came up, and Referee Mike Thompson ruled just opposite to the ruling of Referee Langford at Princeton. Referee Thompson admitted that technically it might be considered a goal from the field, but declared that to his mind it was against the spirit of the rules to call it a field goal.

When Mahan of Andover made the kick on Saturday, Referee Thompson ruled that it was a touchback. Andover didn't need the score, anyway, so it didn't matter so much in that contest, but Mr. Thompson stated that if the game had been a close one, he undoubtedly would have decided to call it a field goal on technical grounds. The rules covering the play says nothing about the ball bounding from the ground, but provides that it is a goal if it first strikes an opposing player before going over the bar. Walter Camp, the Yale advisory coach, and Park Davis of Princeton, a member of the Rules Committee, have both been quoted as saying that the ruling of Referee Langford allowing the play, was correct.

Princeton did not show as much against Dartmouth Saturday as the team did against Harvard, and won through a bit of luck with the much-discussed field goal. The Tigers didn't have the snap and dash or the dogged defense that greeted Harvard. It may be that Princeton, anticipating a huge task on Saturday, held a little effort in reserve. The Tigers' attack is quite below the standard expected of a team of championship caliber, and it must improve this week if it expects to be powerful enough to wade through the line of Blue.

Harvard held the Indians too cheaply, and the Redskins went on to Soldiers' Field with one of the fastest elevens that ever represented Carlisle, and they have had some fast ones. Glenn Warner has developed a speedy, powerful eleven, which will rank up in the first group of teams this season. Its record this season has been remarkable. It has won every game, and has a total of 246 points as against 25 for opponents. True Harvard used a substitute team for three periods, but in the fourth, with the regulars in, the Crimson line was unable to stop the Indian onslaught. The interference and remarkable speed of the Carlisle team was by far the best that Harvard has had to contend against this season. Harvard's two defeats at the hands of Princeton and Carlisle take all the lustre off the Cambridge team, which looked powerful a few weeks ago.

Pennsylvania, driven to desperation, showed something better against Lafayette than they have shown this season. Capt. Mercer was back in the game, and the Red and Blue looked like an entirely different aggregation. Cornell was another surprise on Saturday. The Ithacans outplayed the big Michigan eleven and has evidently come out of the slump in which they were struggling in the fore part of the season. The clean slate of the Army was marred by Bucknell's safety. With only 2 points against it, the Army has the best showing on the defense, at least, of the so-called big teams. The Navy team kept up its good work against West Virginia, and the Army-Navy contest shows more promise every day of being one of the best struggles of the year.

After this week's games there will be little doubt about which is the championship team of the East. If Princeton beats Yale at New Haven, the Tigers, having already defeated Harvard, will lay claim to the honor. Princeton has not been defeated this season, but Lehigh and the Navy have played tie games with the Orange and Black. Harvard, already twice defeated, and Pennsylvania, three times defeated, seem to be out of the running.

Carlisle and West Point on the basis of their great showing against the large teams will rank high if their remaining games are as much to their liking as those already played. Annapolis and Cornell are in the unbeaten class, and Princeton's freak goal on Saturday was the only blot on Dartmouth's record. Brown has also played a good game this year. None of the important teams of the year have a clean slate, all of them have been scored on.

The importance of the drop kick in the present day game was prominently brought out on Saturday. One of the principal factors of a team make-up this season must be a good drop kicker. In nearly every one of Saturday's games the drop kick played an importan tpart. Thorpe's great toe defeated Harvard. Howe's clever kicking helped to down Brown. A field goal—the luckiest imaginable—won for Princeton against Dartmouth. Cook, the Army quarter back, kicked one against Bucknell, and Dalton of the Navy made a place kick against West Virginia. In the Maine-Bowdoin game, Shepherd, the Maine full back, kicked three field goals. The field goal may be the deciding play in larger games this week, for it is being used more this session han ever bofore.

YALE PLAYERS IN SHAPE.

No Injuries of Note and Hospital Is Empty.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 12.—All the Yale players came through the Brown game yesterday in good shape except Jim Scully, the tackle, who returned to play only three days ago, and Half Back Walter Camp. Neither of them is seriously injured enough to keep him from a day's scrimmaging. Scully's head, which was cut in practice three weeks ago, was reopened, and a stitch was necessary last night. Young Camp walked with a limp to-day, but will report with the others to-morrow. For two weeks there have been no injuries of note, the hospital is empty, and all the players who occupied it for weeks are back with the squad and will be returned to the line-up this week. Spalding is the only player who is likely to find a regular place awaiting him. He will displace Freeman, whose work was fully satisfactory yesterday; but Freeman may go to full back. Dunn, the former end, did not prove the linebreaker the coaches expected, but played good average football. The position is a toss-up between him, Philbin, and Andersen.

A valuable player who will return to scrimmaging Tuesday is Parry, the former tackle. He will resume practice with his hand in a plaster cast, and will be ready for both the remaining games. He may be needed only as a most desirable substitute, as Paul and Scully are now in the best playing form they have shown. Parry and Gallauer, who is playing both tackle and end since his return to the game, will both be awarded generous portions of both big games.

The Yale coaches plan no more changes in the line. Barring accidents, it will face Princeton as it met Brown. The Yale players left the campus this noon, after attending chapel, and enjoyed an auto ride to Wallingford, where they lunched at the Oakdale Tavern. They continued their trip on an afternoon outing, designed to give them a change of atmosphere. Capt. Howe said that to-morrow's work would be nominal for the regulars. On Tuesday and Wednesday the only scrimmaging of the week will be done, but it will be short. Yale's long, grinding practices are over for the year.

The coaches avoided the Yale surroundings, going to New York last night. Telegrams from many alumni have come to Head Coach Field at the condition shown by Yale yesterday. His administration has given an eleven which is playing the most versatile football of any Yale team, and a general feeling of confidence among Yale men has been created by yesterday's victory.

Ex-Capt. Tom Shevlin will be here as strategist till the season closes, and Foster Sanford will continue to individually coach the linesmen in defensive work. Yale disclosed nothing of its new formations yesterday. The extreme heat caused a heavy loss of weight, which the players will try to reclaim before the Princeton game.

N. Y. U. Regulars Rest.

The New York University team came out of the Rutgers game unscathed, with the exception of Elliffe. The big half back was carried off the field toward the end of the second quarter after a very hard tackle. He was badly shaken up, and will be out of the game until Thursday, at least. Practically all of the regulars are overtrained, and Coach Olcott has excused the first team from all work this afternoon. Moore and Nixon, especially, are showing the effects of the strain, and they both have been told to go away for a day, and forget all about football. New York's final game of the season comes on Saturday next with Wesleyan. Only five days of practice remain for the team, and Olcott will drive the men to the limit during this time. Practice this afternoon will be for the second string men, and they will be drilled on the formations used by Wesleyan, to play them against the 'Varsity to-morrow.

READY FOR YALE GAME.

Princeton on Final Lap of College Football Season.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 12.—Princeton reached the home stretch of a successful football season to-day, and now faces the ultimate goal of each Princeton football year, "the Yale game." Impartial critics of the last two games, when Harvard and Dartmouth fell before the Tigers, have called it "Princeton luck." That indefinite term has not appeared in a Yale game for many years, and the Princeton eleven is not relying on good fortune to pull them through next Saturday at New Haven.

There has been an atmosphere of friendly criticism here to-day of the team's play against Dartmouth. There were many offensive plays shown by Dartmouth yesterday that strongly contrasted with the everyday football advanced by the Tiger, who was evidently "sitting tight," and Yale's football scouts learned little from the game. There will be secret practice at the field throughout this week, making one month of this work.

The noticeable lack of offensive strength yesterday was not due so much to individual weakness as to the woeful need of well-regulated teamwork. Pendleton, Baker, and Sawyer were unprotected on several occasions when open-field running was attempted, and their gains were made in an open field by their individual ability in warding off the Dartmouth tackles.

The Tiger backs received little help at line plunging, De Witt and Vaughan being stopped in their tracks. It was due to the lack of charge in the Princeton line, and such work did not look well to Princetonians after Hogsett and Morey for Dartmouth had found good holes awaiting them.

The Tigers will have light work to-morrow, with the stiff stunts being pulled off on Tuesday and Wednesday. Joe Duff and Tom Wilson, who were missed at the guard positions yesterday, will be worked slowly, and no chances will be taken with any of the gridiron warriors. Duff still limps from the wrenched knee sustained last Thursday, and his appearance in the line-up Saturday is a matter of much conjecture.

REAL TEST FOR NAVY.

Game with Penn State Expected to Show Middies' Strength.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 12.—It is felt at the Naval Academy that next week will be the critical period in the football season, and that it is absolutely necessary for the team to round into shape, as hard practice will be out of the question for the final week before the Army game on account of the danger of injuries to necessary players. The game against Penn State Saturday should be an excellent test of the ability of the Navy team, but the coaches may have to withdraw some of their best men for fear of injury, and they would rather lose this game than have some of their players injured, with so little time for them to recuperate.

When the game with Penn State was arranged it was thought that the Army team would be met two weeks later, and now the coaches are in something of a quandary.

There was general encouragement over the assurance that all of the cripples would be in shape next week. Nichols and McReavey, backs, and Davis, one of the best candidates for tackle, all of whom have been out of the game for some time, will be ready for practice to-morrow, and Leonard is expected to be in shape by the middle of the week. Cook and Alexander, who have shown much promise as the halves of the fourth-class team, will be transferred to the big squad to-morrow and tried out during the week.

The officials for the Army-Navy game at Philadelphia Nov. 28 will be: Referee, Mike Thompson, Georgetown; Umpire, Sharpe, Yale; Field Judge, Carl Marshall, Harvard; Head Linesman, Andy Smith, University of Pennsylvania.

INDIAN WARRIORS RETURN.

Redskin Students Give Victorious Team Enthusiastic Reception.

Special to The New York Times.

CARLISLE, Penn., Nov. 12.—The homecoming to the aboriginal students from Carlisle who trimmed Harvard so satisfactorily in the latter's stadium at Cambridge yesterday, came to-day at noon after the school students had almost exhausted themselves of enthusiasm. Nevertheless the whole institution turned out to meet the train bearing the victors, who were in remarkably good shape physically. Gus Welch, quarter back, the field general for the redskins, was the only aborigine hurt in the contest. Welch's back was slightly sprained, but he will be out of the school hospital to-morrow.

Thorpe, hitherto unrecognized in football except for his marvelous running, stiff-arm work, and punting, earned fresh laurels yesterday, and had his name substituted for that of Frank Hudson as Carlisle's greatest goal kicker. Thorpe was the personification of modesty to-day when he disclaimed having done anything very remarkable at Boston. His swollen ankle with which he did his counting yesterday against Harvard is a little better. Contrary to the general belief he was not taken out of the game injured in the fourth quarter when Harvard's freshmen were sent in, but was eliminated because his ankle needed resting.

Dickinson in Poor Shape.

Special to The New York Times.

CARLISLE, Penn., Nov. 12.—Dickinson's condition after the tedious victory over Gettysburg yesterday on Biddle Field is not as good as it might be, although the team will gain the services of Shearer during the week. Coach Pauxtis was pleased with the successful efforts of his men in coming back effectively after their long lay-off before their last game, and said they would have to be particularly careful in their training in advance of the coming event against Swarthmore on Saturday. The practice to-morrow afternoon will likely be very light and nothing heavy will be done probably until Wednesday. It is not thought that Dickinson will be able to stand a practice scrimmage against the Carlisle Indians as usual.

Y. M. C. C. Takes Final Game.

In the deciding game of a three-game dual competition, between the football teams of the Young Men's Catholic Club and the Acorn A. A., the former were victorious by the score of 8 to 0, yesterday, at Saratoga Field, Brooklyn. With each eleven having a victory to its credit the final game was productive of a hard fought struggle from beginning to end. The best work for the victors was done by Ruckert and W. Stallings, while W. Nelson, Kearns, and Salsbury played a strong game for the Acorns. The line-up:

Young Men's C.C.	Position.	Acorn A.A.
Corcoran	Left end	Weissmiller
Steigerwald	Left forward	Goldfarb
O'Connor	Left guard	Kearns
Hettrick	Centre	W. Nelson
White	Right guard	McDonough
Hall	Right forward	Seller
E. Stallings	Right end	Larkee
Burchell	Quarter back	Salsbury
Bisson	Left half back	Fann
W. Stallings	Right half back	H. Nelson
Coffey	Full back	Spoerle

Substitutes—Plonding, for White; Ruckert, for Bisson; Bruggy, for Coffey; Dalton, for Larkee. Touchdowns—Ruckert, W. Stallings. Referee—Mr. Halstead, Dartmouth. Umpire—Mr. E. Goate, Boys' High. Field Judge—Mr. Schmelke, Atlantic A. A. Time of quarters—Ten and fifteen minutes.

GARDEN GETTING ITS ANNUAL BATH

Cleaners and Decorators Take It in Hand for Its Annual Horse Show.

Once a year Madison Square Garden gets a bath. It gets an overhauling and cleaning at other times, too, but for a thorough scraping, scrubbing, and rinsing nothing equals the process the National Horse Show people put the famous old arena through every year for its annual function which this year starts next Saturday.

Carpenters, scenic painters, and florists took possession of Madison Square Garden early yesterday, and by the time the Horse Show opens there on Saturday afternoon they will have transformed the generally dingy interior of that building into a brilliantly lighted bower of white and green. This being the last Horse Show that will ever be held in the Garden the management has decided that it shall excel all previous exhibitions in beauty, just as it will in magnitude, and the decorative plans are most elaborate.

A cream-colored canopy will cover the entire ceiling, hiding the big steel girders that support the roof, and over the arena will be suspended thirty-four electroliers contahing more than three thousand lights. Twenty-eight electroliers of eighty-six lights each will be placed over the outer edge of the arena, while above the centre will hang six great clusters of lights, each containing one hundred and thirty lights each. Long ropes of smilax and hundreds of branches of evergreen will be twined around the light fixtures and hang in festoons from the ceiling.

The front of the boxes around the entire circumference of the arena will be arranged to give the effect of a white balustrade on a stone base, the background being a dark red. The same white balustrade will stretch between the pillars along the front of the balcony and around each of the columns there will be a small semi-circular platform which will also be bound by the balustrade.

The pillars will be concealed from the front by slender evergreen trees, and between them will stretch wide arches outlined with electric lights. At the top of the columns will be an arrangement of white lattice work in which will be twined strings of smilax. The lower edge of the balcony will be concealed beneath draperies.

At frequent intervals white posts will be erected at the intersection of the boxes, and each will be crowned with a mammoth tulip, in the centre of which will be a large light, the leaves of the flower softening its rays.

At the Madison Avenue entrance heavy wooden beams and much slender vine covered trellis work will be arranged to give the effect of an arbor, so the impression will be that of stepping from the lobby into a beautiful Italian garden.

Miniature lights will illuminate the entrance with a soft glow in the evening.

The Fourth Avenue entrance will be treated in much the same way. At that end of the arena will be a wide arch beneath which will be two passage ways. The walls between the arch and the street will be painted to resemble trees fenced in by tall white palings.

The members' seats over the main entrance will also be tastefully decorated with trailing vines and potted plants and so will be the clubrooms. The restaurant will be fixed up to resemble an old English inn.

Aerodrome for Aeronautical Society.

An agreement was signed yesterday between Percy G. Williams and Thomas Adams, owners of a big tract of land at Bergen Beach, now devoted to amusement purposes, and the Aeronautical Society of New York, whereby the latter leases the premises for a period of three years, for the purpose of experimenting with and constructing all manner of aircraft, maintaining flying and aviation grounds and facilities, and organizing meets, exhibitions, and other public demonstrations. The land is 900 by 1,080 feet, with a water frontage of 1,080 feet; the use of the water adjacent being conveyed to the Aeronautical Society by the terms of the lease. At the present time there are a number of amusement devises scattered about the premises, which for the most part will remain, all of which rights continue in the control of Mr. Williams.

Mohegan Basket Ball Team Wins.

The Mohegan basket ball team of the Young Men's Hebrew Association defeated the quintet of the Bronx Reserves yesterday on the former's court by the one-sided score of 69 to 28. The home team outplayed their opponents, and set such a pace that the visitors were unable to follow it. The line-up:

Mohegan.	Position.	Reserves.
Ruben	Right guard	Morse, Coben
Taub	Left guard	Rosen
Glasel, Keller	Centre	Craine
Brissel	Right forward	Eichel
Abbey	Left forward	Friend, Gross

Goals from field—Brissel, (11;) Glasel, (9;) Abbey, (4;) Taub, (4;) Eichel, (2;) Craine, (2;) Rosen, (2;) Keller, (2;) Morse, Friend, Gross, Cohen, and Ruben. Goals from foul—Craine, 3; Brissel, 5.

MORE SAVANNAH ENTRIES.

Fred Wagner Secures Apperson Cars for Automobile Races.

Special to The New York Times.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Nov. 12.—Information was received to-day by President Harvey Granger of the Savannah Automobile Club from Fred Wagner, who is looking after the entries for the club, that the entries of the two Apperson Jack Rabbit cars had been secured, one for the Grand Prize and the other for the Vanderbilt.

Eddie Hearne and his mechanician, L. B. Randall, who will drive one of the Benz cars in the Grand Prize race, have just arrived in Savannah, the first of the Benz team to reach the city. Hemery and Burman, the other two Benz drivers, arrived in New York to-day from Mannheim, Germany. With them also is Wagner, one of the Fiat drivers. The Benz racing cars arrived in the city to-day. While in appearance they are very much like those of last year, the visit of both Burman and Hemery to Mannheim argues very strongly that they are improved products. The rivalry existing between the Benz and Fiat teams and their performances will be closely watched in the coming races.

The County Commissioners have ordered the roads of the county over which the races will be run to close on the two racing days. Gov. Smith has been requested to order out the Savannah military to patrol the course. The necessary executive order will be issued within a few days giving the military full and exclusive authority over the course, so that no one without a military pass signed by Mayor Tiedeman and countersigned by Col. O'Leary, commanding the volunteer militia, will be allowed to put his foot on the course on racing days.

The entries to date for the four events follow: Grand Prize—Three Fiats, 3 Mercedes, 3 Benzs, 2 Buicks, 2 Loziers, 2 Marmons, 2 Abbott-Detroits.

Vanderbilt Cup—Three Fiats, 3 Mercers, 2 Abbott-Detroits, 2 Loziers, 2 Mercedes, 2 Marmons, 2 Appersons, 1 Jackson, 1 Pope-Hartford.

Tiedeman Trophy—Three E. M. F.s, 3 Abbott-Detroits.

Savannah Challenge Cup—Three Marmons, 3 Cases, 3 Mercers, 2 Abbott-Detroits.

COURT TENNIS SERVICE.

Movement on Foot in England to Curb American "Railroad" Method.

Antagonism to the American style of service in the game of court tennis has manifested itself in England to the end that action is contemplated toward making it less effective. This phase of play, called the overhead "railroad" service, is said to spoil the game primarily in that it so frequently precludes the striker-out from having any real chance at making a correct first stroke, which is a feature of the game.

In summing up schemes to limit the American service, an English authority concludes that the three most feasible methods of doing so are: (1) To move the present service line on the penthouse further toward the grille wall. (2) To draw a line parallel to the half court line some feet from the service wall, and enact that no service shall be delivered nearer the wall than this line. (3) A combination of these two proposals.

It is conceded in England that the American style of service should be discouraged, because of the tendency, when this method is resorted to, for the whole game to become rough. The players, while this service is going on, strive at all costs to get on the service side. Moreover, it is contended that beginners can deliver this so-called ungraceful form of service with some effect after a very short apprenticeship at the game, which tends to warrant a neglect of the study of legitimate service, which, it is contended, is the most difficult part of tennis, as well as one of the most fascinating features.

Up to this point there is unanimity among a very large number of players in England. Some of these, however, are not in favor of any proposed change in the rules with a view to limiting the "railroad" service. Others believe that a limitation would be beneficial.

There is a general feeling that in dealing with a game like court tennis nothing should be done rashly or without great consideration. At the same time it is conceded that there is precedent for an alteration of the rules. In the first place, the present service line on the penthouse was only placed there in modern times, and, secondly, the custom that a pass shall not annul a fault has come to be so generally recognized as to practically become a rule of the game.

It is hoped that an experimental match which is to be played in London by two professionals under the following conditions will help to clear up the situation: "The service line on the penthouse to be moved to about chase the second gallery on the hazard side, and a line to be drawn five feet or so from the service wall parallel to the half court line."

Wesleyan Basket Ball Schedule.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., Nov. 12.—Manager A. F. Haus of the Wesleyan University basketball team to-night announced the schedule for the Winter season. It calls for twelve games, seven of them at home, as follows:

Jan. 6, Rhode Island State College at Middletown; Jan. 13, Springfield Training School at Middletown; Jan. 20, Dartmouth at Hanover; Feb. 3, Colgate at Hamilton; Feb. 10, Union at Schenectady; Feb. 17, Massachusetts Institute of Technology at Middletown; Feb. 21, Williams at Middletown; Feb. 24, Brown at Providence; Feb. 28, New Hampshire State College at Middletown; March 2, Williams at Williamstown; March 6, Dartmouth at Middletown; March 9, Brown at Middletown.

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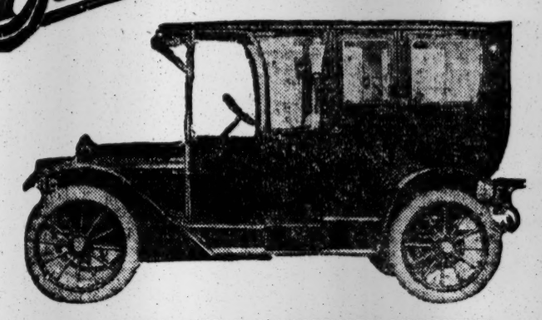

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Green's Purchasing Agency, old Brewster Building, 1,587-1,589 Broadway, corner 48th St.; used automobiles of the highest grades can be purchased from us at sacrifice prices; we have the largest showrooms in the city and the greatest variety of cars to select from; all makes, from $125 to $3,000; demonstrations cheerfully given; satisfactory time payments arranged; if you want to sell your car quickly bring it here.

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Bargains in high-grade used cars, including Simplex, Lozier, Thomas, Speedwell, Palmer-Singer, American Traveler, Chalmers, Darracq, Alcos, with open and closed bodies; guaranteed; several chasses suitable for 1,000-pound trucks.
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Packard, 18 H. P. 1909 Landaulet.
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Renault, 20-30 H. P. 1908 Limousine.
Sanford, 'Phone Bryant 1381, 46 W. 43d St.

Bargain.—See my stylish inside drive coupe body car; just right for all kinds weather; has 40 H. P. full equipment, demountable rims; must sell quick. Russell, 1,974 Broadway.

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Closing Out—250 at $75, $150, $250, etc.
100 NEW Bodies; ⅓ Others' Prices.
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It costs nothing to try on a suit.

Evening suits ready for the opera to-night, $40 to $70.

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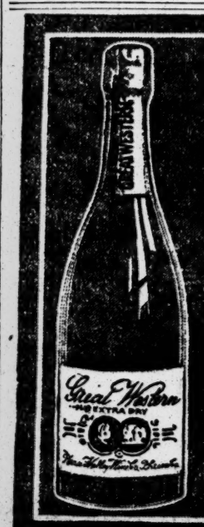

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MANY GOOD BOUTS HERE THIS WEEK

Several Boxers of Note Scheduled to Appear in Local Rings.

The boxing programme for the present week in New York presents an unusually attractive array of matches, with many performers of considerable note in the fistic world scheduled to show their ability. Barring Saturday night, when quantity will make up for any lack of quality, there will be a bout of considerable interest every night this week in Manhattan. On Saturday night no less than five clubs in Manhattan and five in Brooklyn will put on the usual popular-priced shows.

A match that will serve as the second try-out for the most advertised of all white hopes, and also show the worth of another newcomer in the heavyweight division, is that scheduled between Carl Morris and Jack Geyer of Denver at the Olympic A. C. in Harlem to-night. Morris's début in New York was anything but a success for the Oklahoma giant, but instead of making him retire from the ring, the beating at the hands of Jim Flynn served to teach Morris a lesson. He was so completely out of form that night that he decided on a course of hard training, and is now said to be in the best trim possible. He also made a mistake in starting at the top of the heavyweight division, and now he proposes to work his way gradually up the ladder. Little is known of Geyer here, but if he is as good as the reports from the West would indicate, he should give the Oklahoma giant a hard battle. This bout was originally scheduled for the Empire A. C., but was transferred to the Olympic. It is likely that the Empire A. C. will stage no more bouts at the Manhattan Casino.

The return match between Knockout Brown and One-Round Hogan at the Madison A. C. Friday night is attracting considerable interest, but the bout means far less in the lightweight division than the first clash between this pair, which occurred at the same club last February. At that time both were considered strong contenders for the lightweight title, and both have since received setbacks that completely changed the situation. In their last bout, which was Hogan's first contest in the East, the Californian made a strong impression and earned a draw with the east sider. Shortly after this bout Hogan proved a mark for Champion Ad Wolgast, and Brown's work in recent bouts has not been of the kind that makes him appear as likely to dethrone Wolgast. But regardless of its meaning on the lightweight situation, the bout this week should furnish plenty of fireworks. Both are hard hitters, with a fair amount of cleverness. On recent performances Brown should appoint the Californian.

Two contenders for the title held by Johnny Coulon—Frankie Burns of Jersey City and Young Wagner of New York—will clash in the star bout of Thursday night's show at the National Sporting Club. Wagner has been trailing Burns for a bout for more than a year. Burns is regarded by many as the logical opponent for a bout with Coulon, a position which Wagner disputes. The latter is easily the best of New York's crop of bantamweights, and should give the Jerseyite a hard battle. A battle royal will also be staged at this show.

The Fairmont A. C., which has been running only Saturday night shows for the past three months, will put on a show to-morrow night that will bring together two of New York's best lightweights—Tommy Maloney of the west side and Leach Cross, the east side dentist. Cross has enjoyed a long rest since his defeat by Matt Wells five months ago, and has been working out in the mountains for this bout. Maloney has been coming along fast of late, and in his last bout he gained a verdict over Willie Beecher. Phil Cross will hook up with the best lightweight obtainable in the semi-final bout.

Abe Attell, the featherweight champion, will don the mitts in a local ring Wednesday night at the Houston A. C., his opponent being Young Cohen, the English featherweight. The latter showed enough in his first bout here to get a match with the champion, but the contest is not likely to prove much more than a workout for crafty Abe. He has matches in view with Patsy Kline and Johnny Kilbane, and this bout will help him get in shape.

Another attractive bout on Wednesday night is that between Tommy Houck and Joe Coster at the New Star A. C. It will be a battle of a featherweight against a bantam, and Coster has enough cleverness in addition to his extra weight to make him the favorite.

Harry Forbes, the former bantamweight champion and the greatest "come-back" in ring history, will be seen in the main bout of to-morrow night's show at the Royale A. C., Clermont Avenue and Brooklyn. Forbes was scheduled to oppose Philly McGovern, but the latter withdrew, giving as his reason that he did not have sufficient time to make the weight. Charley Goldman was substituted. He can take a lot of punishment, but Forbes should have little trouble outpointing him, judging from the former champion's work since his return to the ring.

Heavyweights will do the honors at the Long Acre A. C. Wednesday night. The principals in the main bout will be Jim Stewart of Brooklyn, who suffered a setback from Andy Morris two weeks ago, and Bob Williams, the ex-white hope and masked marvel. Stewart has gone back considerably of late, but he should not find it difficult to outpoint his lanky opponent.

Willie Fitzgerald, the Fighting Harp, who made a successful return to the ring by defeating Harry Powers Saturday night, will clash with Young Nitchie at the American Boxing Club, Grand Street, Brooklyn, to-night.

Young Solsberg and Young Callahan will be the headliners at the Brooklyn Beach A. C. to-night.

Joe Shears and Young Brown will figure in the feature bout at the Palm A. C. of Brooklyn Wednesday night.

The usual week-end stags will be held Saturday night at the Olympic, Fairmont, Sharkey, and Long Acre Clubs in New York, and at the Royale, Standard, Gowanus, and National Clubs of Brooklyn.

O'Donnell Leads Harriers.

Frank J. O'Donnell captured first honors in the scratch cross-country run of the Harlem Evening High School Athletic Association, held yesterday at Macombs Dam Park. A strong aggregation of members was on hand to try for hill-and-dale honors. The competition throughout was keen, and resulted in some good performances. T. O'Neill, who finished second to O'Donnell, went out at the start to set the pace and was closely followed by D. Quinlan. O'Neill held the lead for the greater part of the journey, but in the last half mile O'Donnell, who was back in fourth place, opened up a sprint that carried him past the leader, and he breasted the tape the victor by a safe margin. O'Neill and G. Creed put up a hard fight for the second place, but the former was victorious. The order of finish: J. F. O'Donnell, 17:06; T. O'Neill, 17:12; G. Creed, 17:15; P. O'Neill, 17:30; D. J. Quinlin, 17:50; M. Morgen, 18:10; P. Miller, 18:14; J. Casey, 18:21; D. Hammond, 19:00; R. Ryan, 19:05.

Cycling at Great Neck.

Bicycle racing was revived in Great Neck yesterday, when an open meet was held under the auspices of the Great Neck Wheelmen's Association. Over 1,000 people witnessed the events at the Great Neck A. C. field. The races were closely contested and some good sport enjoyed. The feature of the day was the Australian pursuit race, in which Stanley Carman of the Empire City Wheelmen's Association defeated John Becht of the Great Neck Cycle Club. The summary:

Half Mile (novice)—Won by John Townsend, Irish A. A.; Franklin Fisher, Irish A. A., second; Charles Hasenbauer, Atlas Bicycle Club, third.

One Mile (handicap)—Won by Franklin Fisher, Irish A. A.; Charles Uhl, Great Neck C. C., second; Stanley Carman, Empire City Wheelmen, third.

Australian Pursuit Race—Won by Stanley Carman, Empire City Wheelmen; John Becht, Great Neck Cycle Club, second.

Four-Mile Miss-and-Out Race—Won by John Townsend, Irish A. A.; George Uhl, Great Neck Cycle Club, second; Franklin Fisher, Irish A. A., third.

Phillies Lose in Cuba.

HAVANA, Nov. 12.—The Havana baseball team defeated the Philadelphia Nationals today by a score of 3 to 2.

SOCCER PLAYER INJURED.

David Bell of Clan McDonalds Suffers Broken Shoulder Blade.

David Bell of Brooklyn was severely injured in a soccer game, played at Hawthorne Field, Brooklyn, yesterday, between the Clan McDonalds and the Critchleys. His immediate removal was deemed necessary, his left shoulder blade being broken, and he was taken to Kings County Hospital. Bell was going down the field full tilt when he was intercepted by Poll, the Critchleys' right half back, the sound of the collision fairly setting the spectators' teeth on edge.

The Clan McDonalds won the game by the score of 2 goals to 0, after holding a 1 to 0 lead at half time. Peters and Harrower were the goal scorers. On Thanksgiving Day the same teams will meet at Hawthorne Field in a benefit game for Bell. The line-up:

Clan McDonalds.	Position.	Critchleys.
Wilson	Goal	Marshall
Hoyle	Right back	Sterling
John Ross	Left back	Herald
Cave	Right half	Poll
McCann	Centre half	Neil
Dye	Left half	Kidd
Wood	Outside right	Hampson
James Ross	Inside right	McBride
Bell	Centre	McCann
Harrower	Inside left	Russell
Peters	Outside left	Isaacs

Referee—Mr. Sinclair. Linesmen—Mr. Hollywood and Mr. Hampson. Goals—Peters, Harrower for Clan McDonalds. Time—Halves of 45 minutes each.

In a championship game of the National Football League played at Marquette Oval, Brooklyn, yesterday, the Brooklyns and the West Hudsons of Newark tried conclusions for an hour and a half, and the contest ended in a tie, with the score of 2 goals each. Fully 3,000 enthusiasts witnessed the conflict, and were rewarded by seeing the best game played in this district since the season started. The line-up:

Brooklyn.	Position.	West Hudson.
Tierney	Goal	Lichley
Milne	Right back	G. McAllister
Kirby	Left back	Wilson
Matthews	Right half	Lawson
Adamson	Centre half	Clarke
Watts	Left half	Lennox
McNeil	Outside right	Carter
McConville	Inside right	Knowles
Van der Weghe	Centre	J. McAllister
Coward	Inside left	Tait
McKenzie	Outside left	McHollan

Score—Brooklyn, 2; West Hudson, 2. Referee—Mr. White. Linesmen—W. Hull, Brooklyn; C. McKay, West Hudson. Goals—Van der Weghe, McConville, for Brooklyn; Tait, (2,) for West Hudson. Time of halves—Forty-five minutes.

The Brooklyn Celtics continued their upward fight for championship honors in the New York and district amateur league by defeating the Yonkers F. C. at Celtic Field, Brooklyn, by the one-sided score of 5 goals to 0. This is the fifth consecutive win of the Celtics, and as yet they have no defeats charged against them.

At McNutley Field, the Clan McKenzies surprised the Hollywood Inn F. C. by defeating them by the score of 3 goals to 2. At the call of time at the end of the first half, Hollywood had the advantage of a two to one count. D. Christie and his brother, S. Christie, were responsible for the visitors' score, while A. B. Dunn contributed the tally for the McKenzies. Upon resumption of play in the second period the Clans tied the score, Mackie turning the trick, and Serrier scored the winning goal after thirty minutes of play. Wilke was unable to play owing to a sprained ankle, but Serrier, who played in his position, made good.

At Van Cortlandt Park yesterday the Newark F. C. humbled the Camerons by the score of 3 goals to 1. In the first half Minno scored twice for the Jerseymen, Sheridan, the Cameron goal keeper, fumbling the ball on both occasions. In the second half E. Pickford saved the Camerons from being blanked by a pretty shot. John Leggett added another tally for the winners.

Failed to Score at Soccer.

The soccer football teams of the De Witt Clinton High School and Erasmus Hall High School played a no-score game yesterday at Van Cortlandt Park. The inability of both teams to score was due to poor shooting on the part of the forwards, who missed several good chances by poor judgment. The work of the backs of both teams was the feature of the game, as the men at these positions played far above that of the remainder of the line-up. Clinton outplayed its opponents. Capt. Hordes of Clinton was unable to get into the game on account of poor condition. The line-up:

De Witt Clinton.	Positions.	Erasmus Hall.
Strand	Goal	O'Connor
McLoughlin	Left back	Milch
Brill	Right back	Cairns
Schwartz	Left back	Selberg
Miller	Right half	Kennedy
Nesbitt	Centre half	Dougherty
Mintz	Outside right	Stachs
Putasco	Inside right	Friedlander
Jacobson	Centre forward	Plottsin
Kronbluh	Inside left	Lefsowitz
Sokolink	Outside left	Moore

$250 FOR BAKER'S BAT.

Home Run Stick Auctioned at Benefit for Fred Knowles.

A benefit performance was tendered to Fred M. Knowles, former Secretary of the New York Giants, at Wallack's Theatre last evening and a sum of about $3,500 was realized. Mr. Knowles retired from the New York Club two seasons ago and has been in poor health for some time.

There was a lively auction for Frank Baker's World's Series home run bat between Mike Donlin and George M. Cohan. The bidding started at $25 and Donlin dropped out at $200. The bat went to Mr. Cohan for $250. Autograph baseballs from Mathewson, Marquard, Bender, Coombs, and Morgan brought from $5 to $20.

Pop Anson made a speech and ended his act with a dance. A number of well-known theatrical people appeared at the entertainment, and a large audience witnessed the performance. Mr. Knowles will reside in Denver in the hope of improving his health.

O'Connell Makes Fast Time.

In a hard finish Fred Powell, with a two-minute handicap, defeated O'Connell, the scratch man, in the cross-country run of the Riverdale A. C. yesterday. O'Connell established a new mark for the course, being timed at 18:40. His performance of yesterday bettered the best previous time made for the distance by 10 seconds. O'Leary, also a low-mark man, gave a creditable exhibition by finishing in third place from the 15-second mark. The order of the finish:

Powell, (2:00,) 18:40; O'Connell, (scratch,) 18:20; O'Leary, (0:15,) 18:36; Johnson, (1:34,) 20:25; O'Brien, (1:15,) 20:25; Ellis, (2:45,) 21:35; Gale, (3:00,) 21:25; Burke, (1:45,) 20:45; Nolan, (0:30,) 19:45; Kelly, (0:45,) 20:17; McDonald, (0:30,) 20:16; Hearn, (1:00,) 20:52; Thomas, (1:30,) 21:22; Rosen, (3:00,) 22:59; Pelty, (2:15,) 22:16.

Three-Cornered Billiard Tie.

Thirty-two three-cushion players are to start in the rapid-fire tournament which will be held to-night at Doyle's Forty-second Street billiard room. The men will start on sixteen tables at 8 o'clock, and through an elimination process the affair will narrow itself down to a final game with two players in about two hours. It will be a handicap tourney of short games, the scratch men playing 20, while the limit men play but 7 points.

Following is the standing of the clubs of the National Billiard League to date:

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.		Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	8	4	.666	Pittsburgh	3	3	.500
Chicago	4	2	.666	Kan. City	3	6	.333
St. Louis	2	1	.666	Brooklyn	1	2	.333
Boston	3	3	.500	Philad'a	0	3	.000

Web Carter and Tyosa Matched.

As a result of the successful race meet on the Grace Place at Great Neck Saturday two o fthe notable winners will come together in a match race on Friday. The two horses in question are Mrs. Payne Whitney's Web Carter and John Turton's Tyosa. The race as arranged will take place over Belmont Park's steeplechase course and will be at three miles. Mr. Appleton will ride Web Carter and Henry Lawrence Bell will ride Tyosa. Both horses will carry 165 pounds.

Foreign Wrestlers to Compete.

Two foreign wrestlers will be seen in action at the Harlem Casino to-night when Ivan Romanoff, the Russian champion, and Mehmet Courdrelli, the Turk, appear against Dr. Roller and Hans Lehner. Romanoff will tackle the Seattle physician and Lehner will give the Turkish grappler his first try-out in this country. Josef Smejkal will be at the ringside to challenge. He will have one for Frank Gotch and one for the winners of the two big bouts carded at the Casino. Each of the four wrestlers is confident of winning his match, and some good sport is promised wrestling enthusiasts.

COLEMAN CAPTURES 10,000-METER WALK

From Limit Mark Guardsman Leads Vollmecke and Others at Macomb's Dam Park.

E. Coleman of the Twenty-second Regiment won the Morris A. A. 10,000-meter walking race yesterday from a score of opponents over the Macomb's Dam Park athletic field track. He had a handicap of nine minutes from Al Vollmecke, Pastime A. C., the scratch man, who traveled the distance—6 miles 376 yards—in 50 minutes 12 4-5 seconds.

The contestants were compelled to combat a heavy wind, which swept across the field from almost every point. Coleman was the only one of the limit men to make good, and won mainly through his ability to sustain a fair pace for the greater part of the journey.

Al Vollmecke attracted the attention of most of the big crowd which had gathered to witness the contest. He mowed down his field in fine style and carried off their feet any who challenged as he drew up. For the first four miles he maintained an eight-minute pace to the mile, and, although his pace did not appreciably diminish, his stride shortened and the watch told the tale of his being tired.

E. Renz, Mohawk A. C., and Bennie Mann, Glencoe A. C., filled the eyes of the spectators as the men best calculated to give Vollmecke an argument. They finished fourth and fifth, respectively, both starting from the 1:30 mark.

But four of the starters fell by the wayside, sixteen men finishing, and all in good shape at the end, despite the severity of the race. The order of finish, with the handicaps and actual time of each contestant, follows:

Name and Club.	Hdc.	Act. Time.
E. Coleman, 22d Regiment	9:00	58:42
J. Redmond, Pastime A. C.	3:45	53:55
A. Vollmeke, Pastime A. C.	Scratch	50:12 4-5
E. Renz, Mohawk A. C.	1:30	51:52
B. Mann, Glencoe A. C.	1:30	52:29
J. F. O'Connor, Morris A. A.	9:00	58:25
C. Levy, Glencoe A. C.	4:00	56:32
F. Weiler, Pastime A. C.	5:00	57:10
A. Davis, Morris A. A.	8:00	58:45
J. Innes, unattached	5:00	57:23
M. Friedberg, Morris A. A.	8:00	58:52
E. Werner, Morris A. A.	9:00	58:52
W. Berner, Morris A. A.	3:45	54:25
F. Ruggles, Morris A. A.	9:00	59:25
I. Pittel, unattached	9:00	59:40
C. Meyerheim, Morris A. A.	9:00	59:53

NELSON RUNS GOOD RACE.

Morningside Runner Captures Club Cross-Country Run.

Oscar Nelson of the Morningside Athletic Club showed his heels to a strong pack of hill and dale runners in the club's weekly cross-country run over the regular four-mile course yesterday, covering the course in 19:43. Charles Ochenriter, considered one of the best harriers of Brooklyn, who formerly represented the Trinity Club but now is competing unattached, after leading the chase for over three miles was compelled to break ground in the final struggle, and was defeated for the honors by the club member by a safe margin.

At the start the former Trinity Club runner went out in front and carried the pack at a fast clip. Nelson was content to lay behind and reserve his strength for the final struggle. At the three-mile mark Nelson gradually cut down the lead on Ochenriter, and after working up to him ran abreast for a short distance.

Nelson timed his work with accuracy, and when the rest of the field began to show the effect of the early sprint the Morningside athlete put on speed and drew away from Ochenriter, whom he defeated for the stellar position by almost a full minute.

In view of the interest shown by local athletes in the Morningside runs, the club has decided to stage a special event in addition to the regular one next Sunday. The special race will be for a distance of fifteen miles, to prepare the athletes for the coming Yonkers Marathon, in which many prominent New York athletes will participate. Some of the runners who have already announced their entry for next week's run are Frank Masterson, Charles Timmons, Mike Ryan, and J. J. Reynolds. The order of finish follows:

O. Nelson, Morningside A. C.; C. Ochenriter, unattached; W. Wilson, Hudson Guild A. A.; R. Nickerson, Yonkers A. A.; G. Mazucca, Glencoe A. C.; W. Burke, Union Settlement A. C.; E. Erickson, Pastime A. C.; H. Crist, Pennant A. C.; J. O'Mara, unattached; E. Brennesen, unattached; B. O. Byrne, unattached; W. Franz, unattached; H. Pressenger, unattached; H. Hartnett, unattached; E. Nickerson, Yonkers A. A.; W. Smith, Trinity, A. C.; O. Rogge, Ramapo A. C.; B. Levy, unattached; A. Finamore, unattached; C. Siegferth, unattached; S. Sand, Ramapo A. C.; R. Belcher, Ramapo A. C.; C. Weiss, New West Side A. C.; C. Schiller, Pennant A. C.; C. Stein, unattached; B. Coffey, Pilgrim A. A.; H. Wagner, Pavonia A. C.; E. O'Neill, Pelham A. A.; C. Castle, Tuxedo A. C.; J. Kelly, Horatio A. A.

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†AMERIKA ..... Nov. 21, 10 A. M.
MOLTKE ..... Nov. 25, 9 A. M.
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American Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON.
St. Paul ..... Nov. 18 | St. Louis ..... Dec. 2
Philadelphia .... Nov. 25 | New York ..... Dec. 9

Atlantic Transport
NEW YORK—LONDON Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Min'waska .. Nov. 18, 9 AM | Minnetonka .. Dec. 9
Minneapolis, Dec. 2, 7:30 AM | Minnehaha .. Dec. 16

Red Star Pier 61, N. R., 10 A. M.
LONDON, PARIS VIA DOVER—ANTWERP.
Lapland (new) .. Nov. 18 | Finland ..... Dec. 2
Vaderland ..... Nov. 25 | Zealand ..... Dec. 13

White Star Piers 59 & 60, N. R.
PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON.
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Oceanic .. Nov. 25, noon | Olympic (new) .. Dec. 9
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Celtic .... Nov. 23, noon | Baltic ..... Dec. 14
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GEORGE WASHINGTON, Largest German Steamer Afloat, Thursday, November 23, 10 A. M.
FRIEDRICH DER GROSSE, Bremen Direct, Thurs., Nov. 30, 10 A. M.
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Sandy Hook	1:07	1:17	7:05	7:43
Governors Island	1:35	1:38	7:45	8:29
Hell Gate	3:25	3:28	9:25	10:08

Arrived—Sunday, Nov. 12.

SS Caronia, Liverpool, Nov. 4.
SS Perugia, Palermo, Oct. 28.
SS Lituania, Libau, Oct. 26.
SS Duisburg, Hamburg, Oct. 27.
SS Crown of Navarre, Trinidad, Nov. 5.
SS Thespis, Barbados, Nov. 5.
SS Algonquin, Turks Island, Nov. 8.
SS Galveston, Grand Pabos, Nov. 6.
SS Pinar del Rio, Cienfuegos, Nov. 8.
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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION

Whatever view may be taken of the rapidity of the rise in Stock Exchange values during the past fortnight, and more particularly last week, there can be no doubt that of late events have moved in a way to strengthen confidence in the general business outlook. An advance in prices, which in two weeks has wiped out approximately half of a three months' decline, undoubtedly affords reasonable ground for a feeling of caution in respect to the market's position at the higher level to which it has risen. This forward movement, however, represents something more than a reflection of current events in business and finance. It unmistakably suggests a revulsion from the pessimism which until lately pervaded so large a part of financial sentiment and which gave room to foreboding for which, it is now beginning to appear, there was far less ground than many had feared existed. Two events last week which directly contributed to the changing sentiment were the decision of the United States Circuit Court approving the plan for the readjustment of the American Tobacco Company and the issuance by the Court of Commerce of a temporary injunction against the enforcement of the reduced rates on the transcontinental lines ordered by the Inter-State Commerce Commission last July. In approving, with only slight modifications, the plan submitted by the American Tobacco Company for its dissolution under the recent decree of the Supreme Court the United States Circuit Court fully confirmed the view formed at the time of the recent hearing that no countenance would be given to the destructive suggestions of the independent tobacco interests. The court did not go even as far in modifying the plan submitted to it as the Attorney General had urged, although his own position in behalf of the Government had been much more constructive than many had thought it was likely to be. Under the plan for the breaking up of the Tobacco Trust which has now been approved by the court there may possibly be some lessening of past profits, but there is to be no destruction of business.

It is proper, and even much to be desired, that so much of the profits of this or any other combination which have been directly due to monopolistic or other unlawful methods should be foregone in the reorganizations designed to bring outlawed corporations within the spirit as well as the letter of the law. It is not to the advantage of any one, least of all to the country as a whole, that a great business built up under the tacit approval of those charged with the execution of the law, even though not, as has now been shown, in compliance with the law, should be reduced to impotent fragments. And the more nearly a corporation has obeyed the spirit of the law, however much it may have infringed its letter, the more forcibly does this comment apply. The decision in the American Tobacco reorganization proceeding makes it clear beyond peradventure that the law is to be enforced without destruction of property, and that it is possible to bring a great industrial business which has violated the law within the law without at the same time bringing it into bankruptcy. The effect of enforcing the law, Judge Noyes wrote in his concurring opinion, is not to destroy, but to recreate. The recreation is being done with the specific sanction of the court, and thereby all uncertainty as to legality of form is done away with. Common business honesty, a sense of which has happily been stimulated, and business sagacity, of which no lack has existed among the leaders of our great corporations, can be intrusted to accomplish the rest of the reform which the court has decreed. There must be no disposition shown, however, to escape the responsibility which is thus put upon the newly organized corporations. Any attempt to go back to the conditions which have been specifically condemned would not be tolerated, nor could business afford to pass again, unnecessarily as it would be, through the throes of a renewed trust prosecution.

The course which the American Tobacco reorganization has taken unquestionably has helped to allay the apprehension which many felt regarding the effect upon business of a suit against the United States Steel Corporation. More than two weeks have passed since that suit was filed, and business has not retrogressed, but has actually shown some changes for the better during this fortnight. The orders of the Steel Corporation itself have increased, and many steel men concur in the opinion that the outlook in their trade is measurably better than at any time since cuts in the prices of steel products became general six months ago. The railroads are again ordering in larger quantities, and inquiries are coming from many sources looking to the laying in of stocks at the present low level of prices. If these inquiries are to be reduced to orders, as there is reasonable ground to hope, a turning point in the steel situation would appear to have been nearly reached. What, however, has really great significance in this situation is the fact that the suit against the Steel Corporation has not, it would appear, adversely affected business in general nor even the corporation's own business. May it be inferred that the business men of the whole country, as well as many in the financial community, have become convinced that the hardships which must accompany the bringing of big business within the law have been exaggerated and that they foresee in the prospective establishment of harmony between law and the great corporations an advantage far outweighing the temporary discomfort of the law's enforcement?

The injunction granted by the Court of Commerce against the enforcement of the reduced freight rates in the inter-mountain territory ordered by the Inter-State Commerce Commission last July and which were to have gone into effect Nov. 15, was another incident of the week which helped sentiment in the sense that it emphasized the part which the courts play in insuring the fullest measure of consideration for any proposed changes which effect the earnings of the country's railroads. Some jumped to the conclusion that the granting of this temporary injunction pointed directly to a final decision in favor of the railroads in these inter-mountain cases. That was going far beyond the point warranted by the facts for, as a matter of fact, railroad men themselves have admitted that the rate situation in the inter-mountain territory calls for some readjustment, and it is, therefore, if for no other reason than this, unsafe to assume a final decision in this action wholly in favor of the railroads. Quite apart, however, from this fact and apart even from the important principles involved, it is gratifying that an opportunity is to be afforded to try out to a final conclusion the questions involved in these cases without the railroads having meanwhile to suffer a loss of revenue.

Signs which last week supplied bearing on the general business situation included some indications of a growing disposition on the part of merchants to modify, to some slight extent at least, their long-standing policy of buying only from hand to mouth. Present low prices in the steel trade, and for cotton in particular, are contributing their share to this disposition to provide a little further ahead than has been done in the recent past. The report of the stocks of copper in the hands of producers showed a decrease for October, and the United States Steel Corporation's unfilled orders were shown to have increased during that month by 83,000 tons. The ginning figures up to Nov. 1 confirmed the expectation of a record cotton yield, while the November crop report modified slightly for the better some of the October estimates. Bank clearings throughout the country showed some increase, and current railroad returns made a favorable showing. These factors as stock market influences were reinforced by such announcements as the special 35 per cent. dividend declared by the Lackawanna and the 2 per cent. extra dividend on National Biscuit common. The passing of the American Cotton Oil dividend had been so generally anticipated that its announcement was without unfavorable effect, even on the stock of that company itself. We still have before us, among the more important matters which will come up for discussion, the revision of the tariff, and that is even now a factor of some consequence in the situation, but the fact that some improvement is already showing itself is of itself a legitimate source of satisfaction.

Some favorable effect in the foreign money markets of the recent formal settlement of the Moroccan dispute has already shown itself. Last week's statement of the Bank of France showed a considerable strengthening of the position of that institution, due in part to a reduction in loans, but the result in large measure of a gain in cash, which may well reflect the return to use of money hoarded during the recent political unsettlement. A continuance of this tendency toward improvement will increase the likelihood of the return to this market by the beginning of next year of many of the advances which our bankers have made to the foreign markets.

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Baltimore & Ohio and Shipping Shares Up Several Points.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Nov. 12.—Influenced by lively transactions on the New York Stock Exchange during the last week as well as satisfactory reports of the home and international iron markets, the tendency of the Berlin Boerse was firm throughout.

Reports of an extension of the Chinese revolutionary movement, of fresh Turkish successes, as well as the internal political conflict caused by the Morocco debate only temporally influenced Boerse rates.

Baltimore & Ohio Railroad shares rose several points. Canadian Pacific shares remain firm, a report being circulated of an increased dividend next year. Shipping shares rose all along the line, North German being quoted yesterday 5 points higher than last Saturday.

LOMBARD STREET SANGUINE.

But the Near East and Egyptian Failure Cause Some Thought.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—The unfortunate state of affairs in the Near East and an important failure reported from Alexandria, reflecting as it does unsatisfactory conditions in Egypt, cause some thought in monetary circles, although, in the ordinary way, the fact that French banks are relieved from direct anxieties and are more disposed to employ their balances might indicate some slackening in the near future of the demand for French gold in London.

Despite natural hardening rates toward the end of the week, there is very little real change in the Lombard Street outlook. Favorable signs perhaps are not so pronounced, but the market is still comfortable and optimistic, and Lombard Street certainly still believes that the Bank of England will get through the year on the present official rate, although the demand for French gold may require watching.

MONEY EASY IN PARIS.

Some Anxiety Because of Government Bill for Control of Railways.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—The abundance of money accumulated as a precaution during the Franco-German negotiations began to flow back to the market during the past week for the purchase of various stocks which had depreciated during the negotiations.

The upward movement was checked somewhat by anxiety over the approaching negotiations with Spain regarding the Spanish occupation of Morocco.

French rentes were heavy. The Bourse was apprehensive owing to the Prime Minister's announcement that the income tax project would be forced through Parliament. Home rails were depressed through the Government's statement of a bill extending the Government control of railways to the nomination of officials and the regulation of wages.

YEAR'S RANGE IN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Where no sale occurred in 1911 the last previous price is given.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.
Alabama Currency Fund 4s..J. J.	.....	.....	111 Mar. 20, 1904
Louisiana consol. 4s, 1914....J. J.	99 May 12	99 May 12	99 May 12, 1911
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1958.	103⅜ Oct. 20	103¾ Oct 20	103¾ Oct. 20, 1911
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1960.	.....	.....	105⅛ Oct. 28, 1910
N. Y. State 4s, June, 1961....M. S.	103¾ Oct. 10	102⅝ Aug 10	103¼ Nov. 11, 1911
N. Y. Canal 4s, July, 1960....J. J	106¼ June 2	103⅛ Aug 21	103⅜ Nov. 2, 1911
N. Y. Canal 4s, Jan., 1961....J. J.	104 Sep. 28	103⅛ Aug 24	103¼ Nov. 8, 1911
North Carolina 6s, 1919.....A. O.	.....	.....	114¾ Mar. 28, 1910
North Caro. consol. 4s, 1910..J. J.	.....	.....	99⅝ Feb. 3, 1909
North Caro. consol. 4s, small....	.....	.....	100¼ Apr. 8, 1907
North Caro. special tax.....A. O.	.....	.....	117 Dec. 11, 1903
South Carolina 4½s, 1933.....J. J.	.....	.....	103½ July 27, 1910
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913.....J. J.	98 Oct. 5	96 Jan 18	98 Oct. 5, 1911
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913, small....	97¼ Oct. 6	97¼ Oct 6	97¼ Oct. 6, 1911
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. cfs	67½ Mar. 6	40 Jan 13	50 Nov. 10, 1911
Virginia fund debt, 2-3s, 1991.J. J.	88 Aug. 30	86½ Mar 4	87¼ Nov. 6, 1911
Virginia Riddleberger.....	.....	.....	90 Dec. 20, 1907
U. S. 2s, 1930, reg.....Q. Jan.	101⅛ Feb. 15	101⅛ Feb 15	101⅛ Feb. 15, 1911
U. S. 2s, coupon.....J. Jan.	101¾ Apr. 3	101 Feb 1	101 May 10, 1911
U. S. 4s, 1925, reg.....Q. F.	116 Feb. 24	113⅞ Aug 22	113⅞ Aug. 22, 1911
U. S. 4s, 1925, coupon.....Q. F.	116⅜ Feb. 17	113⅜ Aug 2	113⅜ Oct. 23, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, coupon.Q. F.	102¾ Apr. 17	100⅜ Sep 25	102¼ Nov. 10, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg.....Q. F.	103 Feb. 7	101⅜ Aug 30	101⅞ Sep. 8, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, small.....	.....	.....	102½ Nov. 11, 1910
Panama 2s, 1936, reg.....Q. F.	100½ Jun. 6	100½ Jun 6	100½ Jun. 6, 1911
Panama 2s, 1938, reg.....Q. Nov.	.....	.....	101¼ Aug. 11, 1910
Panama 3s, 1961.....Q. Mar.	103 June 22	101⅞ Aug 5	102⅜ Nov. 3, 1911
Panama 3s, 1961, reg.....	102½ Oct. 10	102½ Oct 10	102½ Oct. 10, 1911
Dist. of Columbia 3-65s, 1925.F. A.	.....	.....	110 Nov. 28, 1909
Philippine 4s, 1914-1931.....Q. F.	.....	.....	111 May 3, 1906
Phil. Isl. p. w. & imp. reg. 4s, 1935. Q. M.	.....	.....	108¾ Feb. 26, 1908
Phil. Isl. land pur. 4s, 1914-45. Q. F.	.....	.....	100½ July 14, 1910
Argentina 5s.....	99 Jan. 18	96¾ Sep 18	97 Nov. 8, 1911
Republic of Cuba 5s.....M. S.	104 Feb. 20	102⅛ Apr 4	102⅞ Nov. 1, 1911
Republic of Cuba 4½s.....	100 Feb. 2	97½ Sep 26	97¾ Nov. 6, 1911
Sao Paulo (U. S. of B.) 5 p.c., 1919.	97¾ July 20	96⅞ May 24	97⅛ Oct. 27, 1911
U. S. of Mex. s. f. 5s.....Q. J.	97¾ Jan. 6	95½ Jun 26	96⅜ Oct. 23, 1911
U. S. of M. 4s, Ser. A, Dec. 1, 1953. J. D.	94⅞ Jan. 6	89½ Aug 23	92¼ Nov. 9, 1911
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Series B.....	.....	.....	96⅜ May 2, 1910
Imp Chinese Gov. rects, full paid for Hukuang Ry. 5% sterling bonds and interest.....	99 July 31	96¾ Oct 31	96 Nov. 10, 1911
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4½s, Feb. 15, 1925. F. A.	95¾ Jan. 6	93½ Mar 30	94⅛ Nov. 9, 1911
I. Jap. Gov. 4½s, 2d ser. Jy. 10, 1925. J. J.	95¼ Jan. 9	93 Oct. 7	93⅛ Nov. 9, 1911
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4s, Jan., 1925. F. A.	90 Jan. 5	86⅝ Sep 23	87¾ Nov. 8, 1911

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IRON FURNACES HAVE LARGE ORE STOCKS

Enough on Hand to Last a Year, and Freight Rates Have Already Been Reduced.

PIG IRON MARKET DULL

Steel Corporation's Report of Unfilled Tonnage Better Than Expected—Plenty of Rail Capacity.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 12.—The halt in pig iron buying for forward delivery, which has come in the wake of the continued agitation of the ore freight rate question by the independent steel interests, has developed a peculiar situation in the merchant pig iron trade which is almost certain to lead to interesting complications early next year.

Last year the ore interests brought down 8,000,000 tons more of Lake Superior ore than was required by the reduced operations of the furnaces during the second half of the year. This year there has been another huge overproduction of ore—nearly all of which was brought down the lakes. The statement is made that half of those independent merchant furnace interests which buy their ore in the open market are at this juncture stocked up, or committed, for a full year ahead in ore supplies.

All this ore, still to be turned into pig iron and sold in Pittsburgh and Eastern Ohio territory, was bought at the old figures, and the old freights have been paid for it. Already there has been a substantial reduction in freight rates at the upper end of the lakes, and the agitation for further concessions from Lake Erie ports south into the valleys seems most likely to succeed. If it does, and next year's ore as a consequence carries 30 to 50 cents a ton less freight burden, somebody will lose money—and it will not be the ore men who have loaded up this whole section with ore stocks and hold contracts with some furnaces on which all deliveries have not been filled.

It is needless to say that the merchant furnace interests which are carrying these overstocks have not led in the agitation on the freight question. Their passive attitude during the Summer aroused considerable curiosity, which is now explained. The freight rate movement was led by a party of energetic steel interests, which control their own ore supplies in the Lake Superior field, and which had been finding competition with Eastern steel plants enjoying the benefits of cheap foreign ores at seaboard a burden.

The pig iron situation during the week was extremely dull. There was no new call for Bessemer and basic, although some malleable for December delivery is under negotiation, on which extraordinarily low prices are being quoted. Malleable is generally obtainable at $12.50, Valleys, which is the low mark of forge iron in Valley territory, the disappearance of the spread between malleable, forge, and basic grades being one of the features of the present extraordinary market.

The Steel Corporation's unfilled-tonnage statement, out on Friday, showing a gain of 83,000 tons over the September report, was an agreeable surprise to the trade in Pittsburgh. The general prediction had been that the unfilled orders on Oct. 31 would show at least 100,000 tons loss from the total on Sept. 30. The Steel Corporation mills have operated more steadily than have the independents during the month, and the excess of business booked over orders filled for the thirty days means more capacity in operation before the close of the month. It is known that the October report does not include the rail reservations announced by the mills last week, which were closed up after Nov. 1. The only single large piece of work included in the total is the Hell Gate Bridge, New York, 38,000 tons.

The reports of heavy rail orders for Winter rolling which were allowed to go out toward the end of last week are taken with a grain of salt in Pittsburgh. Although the railroads are generally allowed to announce rail purchases, last week's bulletins are understood to have emanated largely from Steel Corporation sources, which opens a suspicion that optimistic publicity was wanted at the moment. There is no possibility of the rail mills reaching the filled-up stage, for America to-day has an annual rail capacity considerably in excess of 6,000,000 tons, and has never made 4,000,000 tons in rails in a year.

The crude steel trade enjoyed a good run of new business last week, there being considerable quiet contracting into the first quarter of next year. Sheet mills and pipe mills are likely to increase operations within the coming week; otherwise plants in this district will run practically without change. There was another flurry in wire during the week, caused by an additional decline of $1 a ton, to $1.35 base for plain wire and $1.55 base for wire nails. This is a total decline of $3 a ton since the opening of October. The present disorganized condition in the wire trade is blamed largely on the fact that three important independent steel interests made their début in the wire field last year, some overproduction resulting.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

7,585. MACHINERY FOR OYSTER, SHRIMP, AND FISH CANNING.—A board of trade in an American city has been requested by persons who have obtained a concession in a foreign country to put them in touch with manufacturers who can supply them with the necessary machinery for oyster, shrimp, and fish canning.

7,586. MACHINES FOR DRYING FRUIT.—An American Consul in the West Indies has forwarded the name of a person who wishes information concerning machines for drying fruit that would not discolor bananas in the process of drying them. The Consul himself wishes to receive catalogues or circulars of such machines also.

Meetings Officially Announced.

	Books Close.	Books Open.	Date of Meeting.
*Am. Cot. Oil Co.	Nov. 16	Dec. 8	Dec. 7
At. C. L. R. R. C.	Nov. 8	Nov. 22	Nov. 21
Balt. & Ohio.....	Oct. 28	Oct. 31	Nov. 20
Bklyn. U. Gas Co.	Oct. 28	Nov. 15	Nov. 14
Buf., R. & Pitts.	Oct. 30	Nov. 21	Nov. 20
Col. & Southern...	Oct. 14	Nov. 17	Nov. 16
†Detroit Edison Co.	Nov. 4	Nov. 16	Nov. 15
*Iowa Central....	Nov. 25	Dec. 20	Dec. 19
*Lehigh Valley....	Nov. 16	Nov. 17	Jan. 16, '12
*†Minn. & St. L...	Nov. 18	Dec. 19	Dec. 18
N. Y. Dock Co....	Nov. 18	Nov. 22	Nov. 21
Rome, W. & Ogd..	Oct. 31	Dec. 2	Dec. 1
St. L. & San F...	Sep. 30	Nov. 14	Nov. 13
Texas Co	Nov. 11	Aft. Mtg.	Nov. 21
*United Fruit Co.	...	..	Dec. 13
Va.-Car. Chem. Co. 1st mtg. 15-year 5%, 1923	Nov. 16	Dec. 1	Dec. 1
Va. Ry. & P. Co..	Nov. 6	Nov. 16	Nov. 15

*Announced this week. †Special meetings.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Adams Express Co. for dividend.
Massachusetts Gas Companies for dividend on preferred.
New York Dock Co. for annual meeting.

ANNUAL MEETING.

St. Louis & San Francisco Railroad.

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Union Trust Company, Pittsburgh, Pa.
United States Mortgage and Trust Co., N. Y. City
New England Trust Company, Boston, Mass.
All stockholders are requested to present their certificates promptly for exchange. All certificates presented must be duly endorsed for transfer.
November 1st, 1911. T. W. SIEMON, Treasurer.

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Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 5th day of December, 1911, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $25,589.86. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.
THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.—By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, November 1st, 1911.

HOME TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Further information regarding the following home trade opportunities may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

349. REVOLVER CARTRIDGE BELTS.—Sealed proposals in duplicate will be received at the Rock Island Arsenal, Ill., until Nov. 20 for furnishing 3,000 revolver cartridge belts, model 1910 as shown on drawing 20-2-45, and 115, which can be obtained, together with specifications, from the commanding officer, Rock Island Arsenal, Rock Island, Ill.

350. NAVY DEPARTMENT SUPPLIES.—The Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., will receive bids until Nov. 23 for the following supplies: Firms interested therein should make application to the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts, giving the schedules desired by number: Schedule 4,070, stove bolts, ¼-inch boat chains, sheet lead, brass spittoons, voice brass tubing, coaling trucks, brass and copper wire; schedule 4,078, magnesia pipe covering, cruciblea, without covers, steam gauges, generators, and spare parts, graphite and grease, mineral lubricating grease, air hose, flexible metallic hose, kaolin, castor oil; schedule 4,070, tool hardening and annealing furnaces, recording pyrometers; schedule 4,069, pneumatic portable geared hoists, rivet and bolt forgings; schedule 4,077, pig iron; schedule 4,067, packings; schedule 4,074, black shell powder; schedule 4,068, illuminating wax; schedule 4,075, alcohol, drop black, marine glue, lamp black in oil, dry red lead, white lead in oil, pine tar oil, crude petroleum, venetian red, white zinc in oil. Tenders are invited until Dec. 12 for furnishing the following: Schedule 4,071, furnishing and installing electric traveling crane; schedule 4,073, portable oil burning furnaces; schedule 4,079, strip and sheet gum gaskets; schedule 4,072, electric motor trucks; schedule 4,075, rubber hose washers.

351. REPAIRS OF CONVEYORS OF COAL SHED.—The Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., will receive proposals until Dec. 2 for repairs of two conveyors of coal shed at the Naval Station, Key West, Fla. Plans and specifications can be obtained upon application to the Bureau of Yards and Docks or to the commandant of the Naval Station concerned.

352. PANAMA CANAL SUPPLIES.—Sealed proposals in duplicate will be received at the office of the general purchasing officer of the Isthmian Canal Commission, Washington, D. C., until Dec. 30, for furnishing spillway gates and pumps. Bids will be received until Nov. 22 for supplying locomotive cranes, stiff-leg derricks, and hoisting engines. Circulars Nos. 631 and 632, respectively.

353. CONCRETE CONSTRUCTION.—Sealed proposals for constructing in concrete guard crib, guide and guard walls, and revetment in the Muskingum River, Ohio, will be received at the United States Engineer office, room 413 Custom House, Cincinnati, Ohio, until Dec. 7, and then publicly opened. Apply to John C. Oakes, Major Engineers, for information.

354. TIDE BRIDGE AND REBUILDING WHARF.—Proposals for tide bridge and rebuilding wharf will be received at the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., until Dec. 2, and then publicly opened. This work is at the United States Naval Proving Ground, Indian Head, Md. Plans and specifications can be obtained on application to the Bureau or to the Inspector of Ordnance in charge, Naval Proving Grounds, Indian Head, Md.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCKS IN THE WEEK ENDED NOVEMBER 11. TOTAL WEEK'S SALES, 4,092,954.

Range for Year 1910. High	Low	Range for Year 1911. High. Date.	Low. Date.	Closing Saturday, Nov. 11. Bid.	Ask	Week's Net Change.	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid. Date.	Per Cent	Period.	Range for Week Ended Nov. 11. First	High	Low	Last	Closing Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended Nov. 11, '11.
15	7½	9⅝ May 31.	2 Oct. 7.	3	3¼	+ ¼	**Allis-Chalmers Co.**											
54⅝	27	84 Feb. 3.	9⅝ Oct. 18.	12	14	+ 1¼	Allis-Chalmers Co. pf.	100	$18,820,000									
90⅝	55⅛	71⅝ June 19.	44⅜ Sept. 25.	59½	59⅝	+ 4	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	16,050,000	Feb. 1, '04.	1¾	Q	3½	3¼	3¼	3¼		
49½	35	60¼ May 18.	46 Jan. 3.	53½	58	+ ½	American Agricultural Chem. Co.	100	153,887,900	Aug. 28, '11.	50c	Q	51	55	55	55		
47¼	24	59⅝ Oct. 20.	39¾ Jan. 12.	55⅞	56	+ ½	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	17,215,000				51	60⅞	51	56		
91½	83⅜	97 Feb. 27.	87 Sept. 21.	87½	90	+ 1	Am. Brake, Shoe & Fy. Co.	100	15,000,000				57	57¼	56	56		
13⅜	6⅝	12¼ May 9.	⅞ Jan. 6.	11⅞	12	+ 2⅜	American Can Co.	100	3,600,000	Sept. 30, '11.	1¾	Q	88½	88½	88½	88½		
82¼	62	92¼ Nov. 9.	77 Jan. 5.	90½	91	+ 3⅝	American Can Co. pf.	100	41,233,300				111¾	112⅝	111¾	112⅝		
72⅞	39½	58⅝ July 19.	42⅝ Sept. 28.	53⅝	53⅝	+ 1⅛	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	41,233,200				92⅞	88	91	91		
120	109	120 May 23.	113 Oct. 24.	115½	116⅜	+ 1	American Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1¼	Q	50	54⅞	50	53⅝		
69¾	52⅜	62⅝ Feb. 28.	41⅝ Nov. 2.	43⅝	43⅞	+ 1	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	30,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1¼	Q	115½	116⅛	115½	116⅛		
107	100	105½ Feb. 16.	95 Oct. 25.	96	104	+ 5	American Cotton Oil Co. pf.	100	20,237,100	June 1, '11.	2½	QSA	43½	45¼	42½	43⅝		
301	237	247 Mar. 27.	201 Sept. 26.	210	212	+ 1	American Express Co.	100	10,108,600	June 1, '11.	3	SA	99	100	99	100		
47⅞	19	26⅝ June 14.	18 Sept. 25.	22	23½	+ 1⅝	American Hide & Leather Co. pf.	100	18,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	3	Q	212	212	210	211		
29¼	16⅝	25⅝ July 11.	16½ Aug. 28.	18¼	18½	+ ½	American Ice Securities Co.	100	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '05.	1	Q	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼		
46⅞	25⅞	34 Feb. 14.	26½ Oct. 27.	28½	29	+ ⅛	American Linseed Co. pf.	100	19,057,000	July 20, '07.	1¾		18½	18½	17½	18½		
62½	29	43¼ May 22.	22½ Oct. 27.	33	36½	+ 1⅝	American Locomotive Co.	100	16,750,000	Sept. 1, '00.	1¾		41⅝	41¾	41⅛	41¾		
115	102¼	110⅝ Mar. 1.	102 Oct. 24.	103	104	+ ⅛	American Locomotive Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Aug. 26, '08.	1¾		72½	73	72½	73		
48	28½	43⅜ July 22.	31½ Mar. 8.	41⅝	41¾	+ ⅛	American Malt Corp. pf.	100	25,000,000	Oct. 21, '11.	1¾	Q	35	37¼	35	35		
104	81⅝	83¾ June 15.	56⅝ Sept. 25.	72½	73	+ 3⅝	American Smelt. & Refining Co.	100	8,698,800	Nov. 2, '11.	2		102½	103⅜	102⅛	103⅜		
112⅝	98¼	108½ June 15.	98¾ Sept. 27.	102½	103	+ ½	Amer. Smelting Securities pf. B.	100	50,000,000	Oct. 16, '11.	1¾	QQQ	41	41¾	40¾	41¾		
90⅞	82	89¼ July 19.	82 Sept. 26.	86	87	+ ½	American Steel Foundries pf.	100	50,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	QQQ	73⅝	74	67½	72½		
66	38	52¾ Feb. 9.	25 Sept. 25.	32½	33	+ 1⅝	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	30,000,000	Sept. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	102	103	101½	102½		
127½	111½	122½ Feb. 27.	112¾ Sept. 25.	116½	117½	− 2	American Sugar Refining Co. pf.	100	16,218,000	May 15, '11.	1¾	Q	86	86	86	86		
124	111½	119½ Feb. 14.	111 Jan. 5.	115	116		American Tobacco Co.	100	45,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	Q	31	32⅝	31	32⅝		
143⅜	153⅛	153½ June 8.	137½ Aug. 30.	140¼	140½	+ 4⅝	American Tobacco Co. pf.	100	45,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	Q	118¼	118⅝	116½	116½		
99¾	90½	102 May 18.	87 Aug. 24.	98	98¼	+ ⅝	American Woolen Co.	100	27,500,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	Q	116	116	116	116		
		98¼ Nov. 6.	92½ Sept. 1.	98	98⅜		American Woolen Co. pf.	100	32,808,600	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	Q	136¼	136¼	136¼	136¼		
39½	25¼	36½ Mar. 21.	27 Sept. 14.	27½	30	− 1½	American Writing Paper pf.	100	45,580,500				98	99	97	98		
100¼	90⅜	100½ June 15.	85¼ Oct. 27.	88¾	89	− 1½	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	100	29,501,000				27	28½	27	28½		
32⅝	14⅝	25¼ June 5.	17¼ Sept. 26.	27½	28	+ 2½	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe.	100	40,000,000	Oct. 16, '11.	1¾	Q	88¼	88¾	88¾	88¾		
64⅞	40	49⅞ Feb. 6.	36 Sept. 14.	39½	40	+ 2½	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf.	100	12,500,000	Oct. 18, '11.	50c	Q	103	103	103	103		
158⅜	113⅜	133½ Feb. 6.	114 Sept. 26.	116½	117	+ 2⅜	Atlantic Coast Line.	25	108,312,500	Sept. 1, '11.	1	SA	108½	109	106½	108½		
104⅝	83⅝	97 Feb. 6.	70 Sept. 26.	87	88	+ 2		100	160,310,000	Sept. 1, '11.	1½	QSA	103⅞	103⅞	103⅜	103⅜		
107	95	126 Feb. 8.	100 Sept. 22.	102	115	+ 5		100	114,199,500	Aug. 1, '11.	1½	QSA	128½	129⅜	128	128		
								100	56,973,200	July 10, '11.	3	SA						
202⅜	176⅜	247 July 21.	195⅝ Jan. 3.	241⅞	242⅛	+ 2	**Baltimore & Ohio**											
48⅜	25¼	53⅜ Feb. 2.	38½ Sept. 25.	42	42⅜	+ 3	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	100	152,304,800	Sept. 1, '11.	3	SA	99⅞	103½	99⅞	102⅜	106⅜	
100¼	90¼	105 Feb. 10.	91½ Nov. 4.	94⅞	95	+ 3½	Bethlehem Steel Corporation.	100	60,000,000	Sept. 1, '11.	2	SA	88	89½	89	89½	106⅜	
312⅞	248	307 Nov. 10.	260 Aug. 24.	300	302	+ 2	Bethlehem Steel Corporation pf.	100	14,862,000				207	207	81	207	90	
92	65	86⅝ Feb. 8.	68⅝ Sept. 25.	75⅞	76	+ 1	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	100	14,008,000	Feb. 1, '07.	⅜	Q	57⅞	58⅞	57⅞	58⅞	80	
36⅞	19	25¼ June 5.	17¼ Sept. 14.	20⅞	21	+ 2½	Brooklyn Union Gas Co.	100	45,000,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1½	Q	76⅞	78⅝	76⅞	78	51	
64⅞	40	49¼ Feb. 6.	36 Sept. 14.	39½	40	+ 2½	Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg.	100	17,908,500	Oct. 2, '11.	1½	Q	76⅜	78⅝	76⅜	78	61	
51½	27	33⅜ June 13.	27 Oct. 17.	28	28½	+ 1		100	10,500,000	Aug. 15, '11.	2	SA	139¾	146	139⅜	146	76⅜	
41	24	47 Feb. 6.	33 Sept. 14.	35	36	+ 1							105	105	105	105		
100	63⅜	63⅜ Feb. 8.	46 Mar. 13.	50	60	+ 2½	**Canadian Pacific**											
30	15	22⅝ Feb. 6.	12⅝ Sept. 26.	14	15	+ 1	Central Leather Co.	100	179,909,000	Oct. 1, '11.	2½	Q	241½	242¼	240⅜	242	196	
30	15	25¼ June 5.	17¼ Sept. 14.	20½	21	+ 2½	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	30,574,100				24¼	24⅜	21¼	24	14,125	
96⅞	84	100⅜ July 22.	13¾ Oct. 20.	15½	16½	+ 2½	Central Railroad of N. J.	100	33,284,100	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	QQ	95	96	92	95	10,250	
80⅜	46½	50 Feb. 2.	36 Sept. 14.	39½	40	+ 2½	Chesapeake & Ohio.	100	27,436,800	Nov. 1, '11.	2	Q	206⅜	207	206⅜	207	278	
110¼	101⅜	109⅝ Aug. 15.	104 Sept. 22.	106	108	+ 3½	Chicago Great Western.	100	62,703,700	Sept. 30, '11.	1¼	Q	74	76⅜	73½	75¾	822⅝	
37½	23½	38⅝ Feb. 15.	25⅞ Aug. 28.	33¾	33⅝	+ 3½	Chicago Great Western pf.	100	45,114,900				19⅜	21¼	19½	21	2,375	
22⅜	17½	21¼ June 14.	15⅜ Sept. 25.	17½	17⅝	+ 1	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul.	100	49,991,100				38¼	40	38¼	39¾	45	
65½	59	76 Feb. 4.	45 Oct. 24.	56	60	+ 1	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf.	100	116,348,200				100⅞	114½	100⅜	113⅜	1221⅝	
129	105⅛	115½ Feb. 3.	97⅝ Sept. 21.	108	108⅜	+ 1	Chicago & Northwestern.	100	116,274,900	Sept. 1, '11.	3½	SA	147	148⅞	144½	146⅜	1481⅜	
68⅞	55½	65 Jan. 19.	49 Sept. 25.	57⅝	58	+ 1	Chino Copper.	100	130,121,700	Oct. 1, '11.	1¾	SA	145	147⅜	144½	146⅜	1447⅛	
162	89	153⅛ Feb. 23.	124⅜ Sept. 25.	141	141½	+ ½	Colorado & Southern.	5	3,500,000									
50	38½	46⅞ July 22.	37⅝ Sept. 14.	39½	40	+ 1	Colorado & Southern 1st pf.	100	34,235,500				20⅝	23⅞	20⅝	23⅞	5,100	
108⅝	88½	110¼ June 26.	99⅝ Sept. 25.	102	103	+ 3⅜	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	30,345,000	Apr. 15, '02.	1¾	A	27½	29	27½	28½	20,880	
84	60⅜	76⅜ May 20.	64 Jan. 10.	75	77	+ ⅝	New York Products Refining Co.	100	8,500,000	Dec. 31, '10.	2	A	49½	49½	48½	48½	33	
145⅜	111½	137¼ June 8.	*20 Nov. 8.	*20	22½	+ 2¼	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	90,816,000	Oct. 2, '11.	1¾	QA	59½	59½	59½	59½	1,500	
							Corn Products Refining Co. pf.	100	49,756,500	Sept. 15, '11.	1½	Q	75	75	75	75	784	
185	149¼	174⅞ June 8.	159¼ Sept. 20.	171	172	+ 2½	Cripple Creek Central.	100	29,818,600				141½	142⅜	139½	140⅞	141	
620	490	570 Nov. 10.	505 Sept. 25.	560	570	+ 15		100	2,500,000	Oct. 16, '11.	1	Q	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞	135¼	
52	23¼	55 Feb. 15.	21½ Sept. 14.	23¾	24	+ ⅝							75	78½	75	76½	168	
84	62⅝	74 Feb. 21.	44 Sept. 14.	49½	50	+ 1							20	20	20	20	77¼	
36⅝	25¼	38½ Mar. 1.	29 Sept. 26.	31½	32	+ ½	**Delaware & Hudson.**											
18⅝	10	15⅜ Mar. 30.	9¼ Sept. 1.	9	11	+ ½	Delaware, Lackawanna & Western.	50	42,503,000									
							Denver & Rio Grande.	100	30,277,000	Sept. 20, '11.	2½	Q	169¾	172	170	172		
34⅝	19½	38⅝ July 1.	27½ Jan. 11.	33½	33½	− ⅝	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	100	38,000,000	Oct. 20, '11.	2½	Q	560	570	560	570	166	
52⅜	35	61¼ July 1.	45⅜ Jan. 12.	54⅛	54½	− ⅝	Distillers' Securities Corporation.	100	49,773,600				24½	24⅝	24¼	24⅜	32	
42	20¼	49⅜ July 1.	35 Jan. 9.	44½	44⅞	− ⅞	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.	100	30,754,600	Jan. 15, '11.	2½	Q	49	50	49	49½	72¼	
								100	12,000,000	Oct. 31, '11.	2½	Q	30⅝	32⅜	30⅝	31⅜	32⅝	
60	12	36 Feb. 16.	15 Sept. 23.	16	20	+ 3½	**Erie**						10	10	10	10	12¾	
88	37	66½ May 19.	47 Oct. 13.	48	50½	+ ½	Erie 1st pf.	100	112,378,900									
							Erie 2d pf.	100	47,892,400									
107	101¼	108 Apr. 5.	103⅜ Jan. 11.	105	106¼	+ 2⅞		100	16,000,000	Feb. 20, '07.	2		34	34½	32⅜	33⅜	29	
160⅞	134	168⅜ May 29.	142 Sept. 22.	153½	154	+ 2⅞				Apr. 9, '07.	2		54⅝	55⅞	53⅜	54⅛	48	71,040
		51⅝ Aug. 4.	37½ Sept. 27.	39½	41	+ ½	**Federal Mining & Smelting.**						45¾	45½	44¼	44½	38¼	9,310
9¼	7¾	86⅝ Aug. 5.	75 Sept. 26.	78½	79¼	+ 1	Federal Mining & Smelting pf.	100	6,000,000									1,200
143⅞	118	7⅞ Jan. 3.	3½ Oct. 18.	4½	4⅝			100	12,000,000	Jan. 15, '09.	1½	Q						
80½	45	140 June 8.	119 Sept. 25.	128	128½	+ 1⅞	**General Chemical Co. pf.**			Sept. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	19⅜	20	19	19	20	
		63¾ Feb. 2.	40 Oct. 19.	43	45⅝	+ 1⅞	General Electric Co.	100	12,500,000				50	52	50	50	48	600
89	81	85¾ Mar. 20.	81¾ Sept. 27.	85	85½	+ ½	General Motors.	100	77,262,200	Oct. 2, '11.	1½	Q	106	106	106	106		1,200
							General Motors pf.	100	14,903,000	Oct. 14, '11.	2	Q	152	154⅝	152	154⅝	152½	
147	124	147 July 31.	132 Jan. 3.	140	141	+ ⅝	Goldfield Consol. Mines.	100	13,057,600				38	39	38	39		72
25½	14¼	20⅞ Feb. 10.	13½ Sept. 22.	14½	14⅝	+ ⅜	Great Northern pf.	100	35,591,480	Oct. 2, '11.	3½	SA	79	79	79	79		4,400
62⅞	41⅜	56⅝ July 19.	39½ Sept. 25.	44⅝	45	− 1	Gt. Northern ctfs. for ore prop.	100	209,081,100	Oct. 31, '11.	50c	Q						400
125⅞	83⅛	129⅜ May 5.	99½ Sept. 20.	108¼	109	+ 1½			1,500,000	Nov. 1, '11.	1¾	QQ	41½	45	41½	45	8	6,800
129	117	128¾ May 4.	115 Sept. 22.	121	122½	+ 1½				Aug. 2, '04.	1		42	43⅝	42	43	1247⅞	33,595
16	9	58⅝ Jan. 31.	9 Sept. 9.	10⅜	10½	+ ⅛	**Homestake Mining.**	100	21,840,000	Aug. 23, '11.	1¾	QQ	126¼	129½	126¼	128⅝	59¼	6,020
61½	41¼	56⅝ Jan. 16.	44⅜ May 15.	46¾	47	+ ⅛				Aug. 15, '11.	2		42	43⅝	41⅞	43		
54⅝	36⅝	44 Feb. 8.	23 Oct. 20.	34	34⅝	+ 5⅛	**Illinois Central.**											
90⅜	78½	90¼ June 12.	80 Oct. 9.	82½	83	+ 1	Interborough-Met. vot. tr. ctfs.	100	109,291,800	Oct. 25, '11.	50c	M	85	85	85	85		104
30	15	22 Sept. 7.	15 May 12.	18	19	+ 1	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	60,419,500									
54¼	25	42 Sept. 7.	28 Apr. 24.	35	37	+ 1	Interborough-Met. pf., vot. tr. ctfs.	100	16,955,000									
							International Harvester.	100	28,784,100	Sept. 1, '11.	3½	SA	140½	141½	140	141	133½	1,400
44⅛	23	37⅜ June 13.	25½ Sept. 25.	26⅝	30	+ ⅝	International Harvester.	100	79,999,700	July 1, '07.	1¾	Q	46½	46⅝	44¾	45	20⅝	8,300
71	58	69⅜ June 13.	61½ Sept. 25.	63	64	+ ⅛	International Paper Co.	100	60,000,000	Oct. 14, '11.	1¾	Q	44¼	44½	43¾	43¾	55⅛	6,060
		61¼ Jan. 11.	50 July 27.	47	52	+ ⅝	International Paper Co. pf.	100	17,442,900	Sept. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	107	112	107	108¼	111¼	300
50⅛	25⅝	39⅝ July 26.	29⅛ Sept. 27.	30⅝	31	+ ⅝	International Steam Pump Co.	100	22,539,700				122	122	122	122	120½	160
77½	51⅝	72 June 26.	50⅜ Jan. 3.	51	52	+ 1⅜	International Steam Pump Co. pf.	100	17,762,500				104½	104½	10	10⅝	13	2,050
86½	48½	56⅛ Feb. 6.	34 Sept. 25.	42¼	44	+ 1	Iowa Central.	100	11,350,000	Apr. 1, '05.	1½	Q	45⅞	46⅞	45⅞	46⅞	56	
138⅜	103¼	126⅝ June 26.	101½ Sept. 25.	114⅜	114⅝	+ 1⅜	Iowa Central pf.	100	8,524,400	Nov. 1, '11.	1½	Q	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾	34	1,495
33⅜	18	33⅜ July 10.	24⅜ Sept. 28.	30⅛	30⅜	+ ⅜		100	5,673,700				82	83	81	83	42⅜	5s
75	43	75¼ July 20.	61¼ Jan. 11.	71¼	71⅝	+ ⅝				May 1, '00.	1½		18	18	18	18	83⅜	14,000
		32¼ Oct. 11.	30 July 27.	47	52	+ ⅝							35	35	35	35	20¾	2,000
40⅞	10⅝	44 June 13.	30½ Sept. 25.	35⅝	36	+ ⅝	**Kansas City Southern.**										35⅜	250
44	34	48 Apr. 12.	30 Sept. 22.	30	31		Kansas City Southern pf.	100	30,000,000									
116½	93¾	114½ Jan. 20.	101½ Sept. 25.	105¾	106½	+ ½		100	21,000,000	Oct. 16, '11.	1	Q	29½	30¼	29½	30¼	32	637
25⅜	15	17 Nov. 9.	10 Sept. 25.	13	16								66½	66½	65⅞	65⅞	63¼	900
92⅜	55	40 June 13.	25 Sept. 25.	30	31		**Lackawanna Steel Co.**											
136⅛	153⅜	138 Feb. 3.	131½ Jan. 3.	134	135	+ ½	Laclede Gas Co.	100	34,978,000									
54⅜	19	34¾ Feb. 8.	17 Sept. 11.	18½	19	+ 1¼	Lake Erie & Western.	100	9,500,000									
72¾	42⅝	53⅞ Jan. 5.	38 Aug. 28.	42⅝	43⅜		Lake Erie & Western pf.	100	11,840,000									
117½	103	111 Feb. 2.	104 Sept. 15.	105⅜	106		Lehigh Valley.	50	60,501,700	Jan. 15, '08.

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Temporary Offices
113 BROADWAY

THE MECHANICS TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY

Bayonne, N. J.

Commenced Business March 1st, 1886.

STATE, CITY AND COURT DEPOSITARY.

Only Trust Company in New Jersey Clearing Through New York Clearing House.

Accommodations based on balances and responsibility.

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Allows Interest on Deposits.
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New York
CAPITAL and SURPLUS $6,000,000.
Personal and Business Accounts Invited

Guaranty Trust Co. of New York
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N.Y.
London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital and Surplus. $23,000,000
Deposits..... 161,000,000

TO THE HOLDERS OF
Interborough Rapid Transit Company
45 Year Gold Mortgage Bonds,
Due November 1, 1932.
Subscription and
Sinking Fund Notice.

Notice is hereby given, as provided in Article XI. of the Indenture dated November 1, 1907, securing the above bonds, that sealed offers will be received up to Twelve o'clock noon on the fifth day of January, 1912, by the undersigned at its office, No. 28 Nassau Street, New York, for the sale to it, as Trustee, at the lowest price at which such bonds shall be offered, not exceeding 105% and accrued interest, of sufficient of the above bonds to exhaust the sum of Three hundred and fourteen thousand, seven hundred and forty-three dollars and sixty cents, ($314,743.60).

Offers should be sealed and endorsed "Offers for sale of Interborough Rapid Transit Company Series 'A' 5s to Sinking Fund" and addressed to the TRUST DEPARTMENT.

GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK,
By A. J. HEMPHILL, President.
New York, November 2, 1911.

NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS
—FIFTEENTH YEAR—

ASSETS	$3,141,593.64
LIABILITIES	847,274.67
CAPITAL & SURPLUS	2,294,318.97

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Pitts., Cinn., Chic., St. Louis Ry.
CONSOL. MORTGAGE 4½s
SERIES "A," "B," "C."
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BANKERS,
100 Broadway, New York City. No. American Bldg Philadelphia.

WANTED—PROMINENT BOND HOUSE DESIRES EXPERIENCED SALESMAN TO HANDLE CORPORATION AND MUNICIPAL BONDS AMONG INDIVIDUAL INVESTORS IN NEW YORK CITY. ADDRESS 313 X TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information at hand. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. §Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. 'Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Nov. 11, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Albany So. 5s..	$1,302,000	2½s	S	M. & S.	97	99
Am. Cities Co..	V	V	V	V	25½	26
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	79½	80½
Am. Gas & El...	2,500,000	V	V	V	63	66
Do preferred.	1,637,500	V	V	V	42½	43¼
Am. Lt. & Trac	10,305,400	2½s	Q	Aug. 1, 11	203	205
Do preferred	14,236,200	1½	Q	Aug. 1, 11	106	107
Am. Pow. & Lt.	5,593,800	..	..	.....	74½	77
Do 6% cum.pf.	2,798,100	1½	Q	July 1, 11	81	82
Appalach. Pow.	6,000,000	V	V	V	20	23
Do preferred	2,180,000	1¾	Q	V	65	72
Ariz. Power....	3,000,000	..	..	.....	15	17
Do preferred	825,000	..	..	.....	56	..
Do 1st 6s, '31	1,795,000	3	S	M. & N.	83	87
Aub'n & Syr. E. R. R. 5s....	1,450,000	2½	S	A. & O.	90	101
Aug.-Alk. R. & E. s. f. 5s, '35.	2,400,000	2½	S	J. & D.	92	94
Do pf. stock	1,500,000	V	..	.....	70	75
Do common..	2,250,000	V	..	.....	19	25
Aug. R. & E. 5s, '40	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100	..
Aur., El. & Chi.	3,100,000	¾	Q	Apr 10, 11	40	42
Do preferred.	3,100,000	1½	Q	Apr 10, 11	84½	86
Do 1st 5s, '41	3,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	100	100½
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46 (tax ex., N.Y.)	917,000	2½	S	M. & N.	95½	97½
Benton Har.-St. Jo. 1st 5s.....	810,000	2½	S	M. & N.	88	90
Bing'mt'n 5s, '31	1,204,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	100
Birmingham R., L. & P. Co. 4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	A. & O.	91¾	93½
Buf. Cr'it'n 1st5s	2,974,000	2½	S	M. & N.	104	104½
Buff. Gen. El. 5s	2,375,000	2½	S	F. & A.	101	..
B. & Lac. Tr. 5s	V	V	V	V	87	92
B. & Lockp. 5s.	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	100
B. & L.E. Trac. 5s, '36.....	7,005,000	2½	S	M. & N.	65	69
B. & N. Falls El. L.& P.1st5s,'42	500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98	..
Capital Trac...	12,000,000	1½	Q	July 1, 11	127	130
Do 1st 5s, '47	4,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	110	110¼
Central Maine Power 1st 5s..	1,100,000	..	S	M. & N.	95½	97½
Charleston Con. R.,G.& E.($50)	1,500,000	2	S	V	40	45
Do con. 5s,'99	1,650,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	98
Chas. City Ry. 5s, 1923.....	750,000	2½	S	J. & J.	103	104
Chattan'ga Rys 1st 5s, '56.....	1,857,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94	96
Chi.-Terre H. & S. E. 1st 5s...	3,100,000	2½	S	J. & D.	..	98
Citz. L.,H.&P.5s	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	102
Clev. El. R.5s,'13	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	100½
Clevel'd Ry. 1st 5s, '31.....	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	100	101
Columbia Ry. G. & El. 1st s.f.5s	2,454,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93	95
Col., Nwk. & Z. 5s, '24.....	1,250,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97	99
Conn. R. & L. 1st 4½s, 1951, st. red m'ble..	10,782,000	2¼	S	J. & D.	100¾	..
Do unstamp.	1,709,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100¾	..
Con. Gas, E.L.& P. (Balt.) 4½s	11,564,000	2½	S	J. & J.	87	87¼
Con. Tr. of N.J.	15,000,000	2	S	Jul 15, 11	75	75½
Do 1st 5s, 1933	15,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	104	104½
Consum. Power (Mich.) 5s	6,388,000	2½	S	J. & J.	95½	97½
Dallas Electric Corp. 1st 5s..	V	V	V	V	92½	95
Detroit & Flint 5s, '21.....	1,400,000	V	V	.....	93½	..
Duluth Ed. El. Co. 1st 5s, '31	1,103,000	2½	S	M. & S.	..	100
D'th S. Ry. 1st 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	..	101½
E. Penn. Rys. Co	1,948,300	3	S	J. & J.	78	81
E. Liverpool L. & Tr. 5s, 1925.	V	V	V	V	..	68
Economy L. & P. 1st mtg. 5s, '56	1,621,000	2½	S	J. & D.	94	..
Elmira W., L. & R. R. con. 5s.	2,166,000	2½	S	M. & S.	92	95
El Paso El. 5s, '32	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96½	99
Emp. Dist. El. Co	1,756,500	V	V	V	50	..
Do preferred	501,100	V	V	V	80	82
Do 5s.....	1,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	77	78½
Do 6% notes, '12		V	V	V	99¼	100
Gas & El. Sec. Co	1,000,000	..	..	.....	95	100
Do preferred	1,000,000	7	A	Monthly	85	90
Gt. W. Pow. 5s	9,800,000	2½	S	J. & J.	84	85
Hamburg Ry. 5s		V	V	V	..	86
Harwood El. 5s, '39	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	99
Hyd. Pow. 5s, '60	2,205,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	102
Int. Ry. of Buf.: Buf. Div. 5s, '31	4,706,000	2½	S	F. & A.	104	104½
Do deb. 6s, '17	1,000,000	3	S	M. & S.	103½	105
L. & O. Div. 1st 5s	800,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	98
B. & L. Div. 1st 5s	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	100
B & N FD 1st 5s	750,000	2½	S	F. & A.	104	104½
Int. Trac. 4s, '49 receipts flat..	18,315,000	2	S	J. & J.	69	70
Jer. Central Tr. 5s, '54.....	750,000	2½	S	J. & D.	87	94
J. C., H. & P. 4s	14,061,000	2	S	M. & N.	75½	76
Joplin & Pit. Ry. 5s	1,750,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94½	96½
Kan. C. R. & L. Do preferred	9,543,080	..	..	.....	16	18
	9,407,500	1¼	Q	Mar 1, 11	43	44
Do 1st l.r. 5s	10,200,000	2½	S	M. & N.	91½	91½
Do cv. 6s, '12	5,478,000	3	S	M. & S.	95¼	96¼
K. C. Belt L. 6s	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	106½	107
K. C. Elv. 4s, '22	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	77	79
Kan. C. West. 5s	1,650,000	2½	S	M. & S.	85	86
K.C. Met. St. Ry. cn.ex.1st 5s, '13	7,243,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94¼	95
K. C. & Westpt. 1st 5s, 1926..	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91	92½
Knoxv. R. & L. 5s	1,932,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94	97
Knoxv. Trac. 5s	824,000	2½	S	A. & O.	104½	..
Leavenw'th L., H. & P. 5s....	V	V	V	V	89	91
Lit. Rock Ry. & El. 1st 5s, '33.	1,972,000	2½	S	A. & O.	104½	..
Lockp't L., H. & P. 5s, '38...	V	V	V	V	91	95
L. R., H. S. & W. 4s, '39..	V	V	V	V	84¼	84⅝
Los A. G. & E. 5s	2,920,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96½	..
Met. Elec. (Reading) 1st 5s, '39.	2,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	96½	97½
Min'p's Gen. E. 1st con 5s, '33.	5,486,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100	101
Min. St. Ry. 6s, '13	600,000	3	S	M. & N.	102½	..
Mobile El. 5s, '46	1,581,000	2½	S	M. & N.	86½	89
Nash. R. & El. 5s	4,054,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	104
Do stock....	4,000,000	1¼	Q	July 1, 11	69	71
Do preferred	2,500,000	1¼	Q	July 1, 11	88¼	89
Nassau & P. 1st 5s, '27.....	619,000	2½	S	A. & O.	99½	102½
Nat. L., H. & P. col. tr. 5s, Ser. B	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97½	100
Do Series C..	405,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97½	99
Nev.-Cal. Pow. Co. 6s, '27....	2,896,000	3	S	A. & O.	94½	96
N.Y. & Q. Elec. Lt. & P.....	1,250,000	..	..	.....	54	56
Do preferred	1,250,000	1	Q	Sep 1, 11	73	77
Do 1st 5s....	2,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	101	103
N. Y. State Rys	3,862,500	1¼	Q	.....	..	81½
N. Am. Co. 5s, notes, 1912....	1,922,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	..
N.F. Pow. 5s, '32	10,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	102
Niag., L. & O. P 5s, 54.....	4,910,000	2½	S	M. & N.	..	94
N.Y. & Westch'r Ltg G M 4s, 2004	10,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	82½	84½
Do 5s.....	V	V	V	V	..	103¾

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Nov. 11, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Northam't'n—E & W. Tr. 5s, '50	550,000	2½	S	M. & N.	92	96
Nor. El. Ry. Co	1,200,000	1¼	S	J. & J.	22½	23½
Do 1st 5s....	1,200,000	2½	S	J. & D.	73	77
N. Hud. Co Ry. 5s	1,291,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	101
Nor. Jersey Ry. 1st 4s, 1948...	15,000,000	2	S	M. & N.	77	77½
No. Ohio Tr. 5s, '19	2,700,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99¾	100¼
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
Okla. Ry. 5s...	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94½	96½
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28.	6,814,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	97
Ont. P. stock..	8,119,000	V	V	V	53	53
Ontario Pow. 5s	6,949,000	2½	S	F. & A.	97	98
Do deb. 6s, '21	3,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	94½	95¼
Ont. Transmis. 1st 5s, 1945..	1,556,000	2½	S	M. & N.	90	92
O. & C. B. Ry. & B. 1st 5s, '28.	1,657,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96½	..
Oreg. Elec. Ry.	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	..
Oreg. W. P. & Ry. 6s, '32....	3,931,000	3	S	J. & J.	103	105
Pacific Lt. & P. (Los Ang.) 1st 5s, '42	88,827,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	100
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st 5s, '30.	8,220,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Port. R., L. & P. 5% notes, '12	4,273,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	100⅛
Port. Gen. El. 5s	7,178,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99½	101½
Pot'm'c El. Pow con. mtg 5s, '36	4,391,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101½	101¾
Do 1st 5s, '29	1,700,000	2½	S	J. & D.	109	110
Pub. S. Cor. ctfs	19,970,440	2¾	S	May 1, 11	107	108½
Roch. Gas & El. 1st 5s, 1912...	2,000,000	2½	S	V	100	160¼
Roch. Ry. 1st con. 5s.....	2,760,000	2½	S	A. & O.	103	..
Do 2d 5s, '33	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	101½	..
Do pf. stock.	V	V	V	V	89	..
Roch. Ry. & L. 5s	9,401,000	2½	..	J. & J.	100½	101½
Same bond, tax exempt N. Y.	.....	.....	.....	.....	101	102
Roch., S. & E..	6,000,000	V	V	V	15	17
Do preferred	2,500,000	V	V	V	65	70
Do 5s, '45....	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	87	88
Rockld. L. & P. 5s	555,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Rutland R., L. & P. 1st 5s, '46	1,702,000	2½	S	M. & S.	..	..
St. Jos. (Mo.) R., L., H. & P. 5s	4,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	100
Sagn. Val. Tr. 5s	813,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98	100
St. Lou. Ry. 4½s (B'y Cable) '20	1,948,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	97¼	97⅝
Salt L. & Ogd. 1st 5s.....	1,000,000	..	S	F. & A.	96	98
San Diego Con. G. & E.....	727,400	1¾	Q	Jun 15, 10	100	..
Do preferred	1,505,000	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 11	95	..
Do 1st 5s, '39	2,200,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	99
San Joaquin Lt. & P. 1st 5s, '45	2,695,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98½	99¼
Savan. E. 5s, '52	2,051,000	2½	S	J. & J.	71	75
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '33....	1,600,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
Scranton El. 5s	2,271,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101½	103
Scran. Ry. ($50)	2,000,000	..	..	.....	50	..
Do pf., ($50).	1,500,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	62½	70
Do con. 5s, '32	1,100,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
Seattle Elec. Co	6,427,200	3	S	Apr. 1, 11	106½	108
Do preferred	5,000,000	1¾	Q	Jul 15, 11	101	..
Do 1st 5s, '30	V	V	V	V	104	106
Do con. 5s, '29	7,271,000	2½	S	F. & A.	97	99
Seattle Ltg. 5s.	3,623,000	2½	S	A. & O.	95½	97½
Seat.-Tac. Pow. 1st 5s, '25....	1,963,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100	..
Sierra & San F. Pow. 1st 5s...	6,500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	93	95
So. Cal. Ed's'n 5s	7,633,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94	96
South'n Pow. 5s	4,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s..	4,035,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	..
Spgfld. (Mo.) R. & L. F. L. 5s, '26	2,060,000	2½	S	M. & N.	92½	95
Superior W., L. & P. 1st 4s, 1931.	1,600,000	2	S	M. & N.	81	85
Syrac. Rap. T..	1,169,872	V	V	V	65	72
Do preferred	2,748,200	V	V	V	..	98½
Tampa El. 1st 5s	932,500	2½	S	J. & J.	98½	99
Tex. Trac. 1st 5s	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	94½	..
Tri-City R. & L.	9,000,000	..	..	.....	28	29½
Do preferred	.....	.....	.....	.....	93	95
Do 5s, '23....	8,107,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97¼	98⅜
Twin City R. T. 5s, '28.....	V	V	V	V	104½	105¼
Unit. Elec., N.J.	18,617,500	2	S	J. & D.	90	93
Do 4s, '49....	18,617,500	2	S	J. & D.	78½	79
Unit. E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s..	4,368,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	93¾	95
U. Ry. & Elec. (Balt.)	15,000,000	V	V	V	19¾	20
Do 1st 4s....	26,450,000	2½	S	M. & S.	80¾	87
Do fdg. 5s...	V	V	V	V	88½	89
Do inc. 4s....	14,000,000	2	S	J. & D.	64¼	64½
UG & E of N.J. 5s	V	V	V	V	93	98
Utica & M'h'k V. Ry. 4½s, '41	2,268,000	..	S	M. & S.	96½	..
Va. Ry. & P. 5s	10,345,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94½	97½
Wash., Alex. & Mt. V. Ry. 5s.	2,450,000	2½	S	M. & S.	90	95
Wash., Balt. & A. 1st 5s.....	V	V	V	V	78	80
Wash. R. & El.	5,500,000	2	S	J. & D.	42	43½
Do preferred	8,500,000	2½	S	June 1, 11	89½	90
Do con. 4s, '51	10,244,000	2½	S	J. & D.	85½	86½
Wash.-Va. Ry..	1,378,000	2	S	M. & S.	41	44
Do preferred	1,000,000	3	S	M. & S.	67½	69
West'n Power..	12,000,000	..	..	.....	32½	34
Do 6% cum. pf	5,220,000	..	..	.....	62½	64

TRUST COMPANIES.

Astor Trust....	$1,250,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 11	350	360
Bankers' Trust.	5,000,000	6	Q	Oct. 2, 11	690	700
Broadway Tr..	700,000	1½	Q	Nov. 1, 11	140	148
Brooklyn	1,000,000	5	Q	Oct. 2, 11	445	455
Central	3,000,000	9	Q	Oct. 2, 11	1000	1015
Citizens'	500,000	2½	S	Sep 30, 11	120	130
Columbia Trust	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 11	300	305
Commercial ...	500,000	V	V	V	100	110
Empire	1,000,000	2½	Q	Sep 30, 11	300	310
Equitable Trust	3,000,000	6	Q	Sep 30, 11	485	495
Farmers' Loan & Trust ($25).	1,000,000	12½	Q	Nov 1, 11	1375	1425
Fidelity	1,000,000	3N	S	July 1, 11	217	222
Flatbush	300,000	4	S	July 1, 11	200	215
Franklin	R1,500,000	4	S	Jun 30, 10	270	290
Fulton	500,000	8	S	Sep 30, 11	785	800
Guaranty	5,000,000	..	..	.....	100	115
Guardian	500,000	3	Q	Nov 1, 11	265	275
Hamilton	750,000	2	..	Jul 15, 07	105	115
Home	500,000	3	S	July 1, 11	145	155
Hudson Trust..	500,000	4	Q	Nov 1, 11	520	535
Kings County..	500,000	4	Q	Sep 30, 11	285	295
Knickerb. Trust	3,181,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 11	285	295
Lincoln	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 07	115	116
Long Island....	1,000,000	6	S	Oct. 2, 11	355	380
Manhattan ($30)	1,000,000	6	S	July 1, 11	375	400
Metropolitan ..	2,000,000	6	S	Sep 30, 11	400	450
Mtge. Bond Co.	1,000,000	1½	Q	Jun 30, 11	105	107
Mutual Alliance	700,000	1½	Q	Oct. 2, 11	127	135
Nassau	600,000	2	Q	Nov 1, 11	155	165
New York.....	3,000,000	8	Q	Sep 30, 11	585	595
People's Trust..	1,000,000	1	M	Nov 1, 11	285	295
Standard	1,000,000	4	Q	Sep 30, 11	375	400
T. Guar. & Tr..	4,375,000	5	Q	Sep 30, 11	475	485
Tr. Co. of Am..	2,000,000	2	Q	Oct. 2, 11	310	325
Union	1,000,000	12½	Q	Oct 10, 11	1230	1260
U. S. Mtg. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Jun 30, 11	450	470
United States..	2,000,000	25	S	July 1, 11	1135	1150
Washington Tr.	500,000	3	Q	Oct. 2, 11	360	385
Windsor§	1,000,000	3	S	Dec 20, 10	185	195

§New stock. N—Paid on old capital of $750,000.

INSURANCE AND SURETY COMPANIES.

Amer. Surety...	$2,500,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 11	255	270
City of N. Y...	500,000	2½	S	Oct. 1, 11	..	185
Commonwealth.	500,000	5	S	July 1, 11	325	..
Continental	2,000,000	25	S	July, 1911	975	1000
Empire City....	400,000	5	S	July, 1911	180	..
Fidelity & Cas.	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	475	..
Fidelity-Phenix	2,000,000	5	S	July, 1911	293	298
Germ. All'ance.	2,000,000	15	S	Jul 12, 11	280	295
Germ.-Amer....	2,000,000	15	S	Jul 12, 11	515	525
Germania ($50).	1,000,000	10	S	July 5, 11	290	310
Germania Life.	200,000	3½	S	July 1, 11	210	225
Glens Falls ($10)	200,000	15	S	J. & J.	1700	..
Globe & Rutgers	400,000	10	Q	Jul 31, 11	500	..
Hanover ($50)..	1,000,000	4	Q	Oct. 2, 11	210	215
Home Fire.....	3,000,000	17½	S	Jul 11, 11	680	700
Home Life.....	125,000	6	S	M. & N.	275	..
Manhattan Life	100,000	13	S	F. & A.	400	425
Metro. Casualty	200,000	5	S	Jul 20, 11	185	..
Metrop. L. ($25)	2,000,000	3½	S	M. & N.	150	170
Nassau ($50)...	200,000	5	S	J. & J.	145	150
National Surety	1,500,000	3	Q	Oct. 1, 11	245	250
N.Y. Life I. & T.	1,500,000	20	S	Jun 10, 11	1000	1010
Niagara ($50)...	1,000,000	10	S	July 6, 11	280	310
Nor. River ($25)	350,000	5	S	Apr 10, 11	150	160
Pacific ($25)....	200,000	17	S	Jul 12, 11	175	..
Prudential ($50)	2,000,000	10	A	Jan. 3, 11	400	450
Stuyv'n't ($100)	400,000	5	S	J. & J.	150	160
Un. States ($20)	400,000	6	A	V	80	..
U. S. Casualty..	500,000	2½	Q	July 1, 11	210	..
U. S. Life.....	264,000	7	A	J. & J.	90	105
W'sb'g City ($50)	250,000	10	S	Jul 21, 11	375	400

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation Nov. 11, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Nat.....	$300,000	2	Q	Oct. 2, 11	175	185
America	1,500,000	13	S	July 1, 11	600	610
Am. Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	5	S	Nov. 1, 11	245	255
Batt'y Pk. Nat.	200,000	3	S	July 1, 11	135	..
Bowery	250,000	8	Q	Nov 1, 11	390	415
Bronx Borough.	150,000	10	S	July 1, 11	300	..
Butch. & Drov. (Nat.) ($25)...	300,000	3	S	July 1, 11	130	140
Century	200,000	1½	Q	Oct. 2, 11	150	160
Chase National.	5,000,000	5	Q	Oct. 2, 11	550	575
Chat.-Phen. Nat.	2,250,000	..	..	.....	167	172
Chelsea Exch..	200,000	2	Q	Oct. 2, 11	185	200
Chemical Nat..	3,000,000	2½	B	Nov 1, 11	435	450
Cit'z Cent. Nat.	2,550,000	1½	Q	Oct. 2, 11	153	160
City (National).	25,000,000	25	S	May 1, 11	415	425
Coal & Iron Nat	1,000,000	1½	Q	Oct. 2, 11	153	160
Colonial	400,000	2½	Q	Oct. 2, 11	440	..
Columbia	300,000	8	S	July 1, 11	370	400
Commerce (Nat)	25,000,000	2	Q	Oct. 2, 11	198	200
Corn Exchange.	3,000,000	4	Q	Nov 1, 11	312	310
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	3	S	July 1, 11	115	125
Fidelity	200,000	3	S	Nov 1, 11	165	175
Fifth Avenue...	100,000	25	Q	Oct. 2, 11	4100	4350
Fifth National..	250,000	3	Q	July 1, 11	300	350
First National..	10,000,000	7	Q	Oct. 2, 11	965	975
Fourth Nat....	5,000,000	2	Q	July 1, 11	202	206
Gal'tin Nat. ($50)	1,000,000	7	S	Oct. 6, 10	330	345
Garfield Nat...	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 11	287	297
Ger.-Am. ($75)..	750,000	3	S	Aug 1, 11	140	145
German Exch..	200,000	10	S	July 1, 11	480	490
Germania'.....	200,000	12½	S	Oct 21, 11	525	575
Gotham Nat....	200,000	4	S	July 1, 11	150	155
Greenwich	500,000	2½	Q	Nov 1, 11	240	250
Hanover Nat...	3,000,000	4	Q	Oct. 2, 11

FEDERAL CHARTERS FOR BIG BUSINESS

Samuel Untermyer Presents His Plan to Supplement the Sherman Anti-Trust Law.

LIMIT PUT AT $1,000,000

Industrial Commission to Have Charge and Permit Some Agreements Limiting Competition.

Samuel Untermyer, who for several years has been an advocate of Federal control of corporations and has evolved in detail a system of regulation, has submitted his plan in outline to a committee of the National Civic Federation. The legislative programme he outlines involves the chartering or licensing by the United States Government of every corporation engaged in inter-State commerce having gross assets or an authorized capital of $1,000,000 or over, and requires the appointment of an industrial commission similar to the Inter-State Commerce Commission, its orders also to be subject to appeal to the Commerce Court.

In explanation of what it is desired to accomplish through the industrial commission, Mr. Untermyer states the principles to be recognized in six divisions. The people, he says, are for the enforcement of the existing anti-trust law to the extent of preventing further consolidation of competing industries and of prosecuting those now operating in violation of law. Under his plan no further mergers of competing business are to be permitted, even if lawful, under the present construction of the Sherman law, except under Federal authority. Under the assumption that neither the present law nor the machinery of the courts is adapted to the disintegration of corporations decreed in violation, the details of executing such judgments and of investigations of violations are to be intrusted to the industrial commission.

Broad considerations of what constitutes an ideal balance between monopoly and ruinous competition are set forth in the fourth, fifth, and sixth sections of his statement of principles. "The effective enforcement of the anti-trust law involves the freeing and keeping free to competition of all the arteries and channels of inter-State trade and the punishment of all secret and other agreements and understandings affecting competition," Mr. Untermyer holds, and business competitors have no alternative under the present law, he says, to competition to the point of ruin of the weaker. "Enforced ruinous competition is not an economic benefit or necessity," Mr. Untermyer explains, "and must result in legalized monopoly or State socialism. It is inconsistent to punish business methods calculated to destroy competition, and at the same time to prohibit all understandings that are intended to avert that result, going no further than to secure to the parties to such agreements the right to stop competition only at the point at which they would ruin one another."

No law is capable of enforcement, he asserts, which demands as its basic principle that capital must compete to the point of doing business indefinitely at a loss. Circumvention of the law would be the result, and the alternative in the enforcement of anti-trust laws lies, he says, "between permitting on the one hand a just and reasonable limitation of competition subject to supervision and control, at the point where the burden becomes unbearable, and on the other hand suffering secret violations of law that are practically impossible of detection and with no opportunity to protect the public."

Mr. Untermyer introduces his outline of a plan for legislation to supplement the Sherman law with the statement that it is still "crude and tentative." It has these three divisions:

(a) Every corporation which at the time of the passage of the act or thereafter has gross assets or an authorized capital of $1,000,000 and over, and that is now engaged in inter-State commerce, is prohibited from thereafter engaging in such commerce unless it shall within six months after the passage of the act secure a Federal charter under a Federal incorporation law to be enacted or a Federal license, (as may be decided.) Every corporation of the character above described hereafter formed or hereafter engaging in inter-State commerce must secure a Federal charter or license (as may be determined) before engaging in such commerce.

(b) An industrial commission of seven members to be appointed by the President with the advice of the Senate similar in its general character and constitution and in its powers over industrial corporations engaged in inter-State commerce to the present Inter-State Commerce Commission.

(c) All orders of the commission to be subject to appeal to the Commerce Court by the parties in interest in like manner as appeals are now authorized from orders of the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

Although chartering is recommended instead of licensing in order to put an end to the powers of immunity from liability and other "illicit" inducements held out by certain States, the possibility of trouble over State rights is recognized in providing for Federal license. It is provided, however, that if licenses are issued, the State charters of applicants for a Federal license shall be uniform in preventing holding companies, the issuance of watered stock, and improper immunity of stockholders and Directors from liability. State charters should also be amended, the plan provides, so as to prevent the operation of "statutes of limitations in favor of corporate wrongdoers that bar causes of action before the victims can possibly know they have one, and all the numerous other tricks and jokers which corporate cupidity and dishonesty have engrafted upon the State corporation laws."

All the powers now possessed by the Bureau of Corporations would be invested in the Industrial Commission, which would thus be able to fully investigate the affairs of every corporation engaged in inter-State commerce, and not only pass upon the applications, but since to conduct inter-State business without a Federal charter or license would become a felony, to recommend for prosecution all corporations which its investigations should disclose were so operating.

Prosecutions would be conducted under the Untermyer plan by the Industrial Commission's counsel in conjunction with the Attorney General. No coporation existing in violation of the Sherman law could obtain a Federal charter or license, and by its failure to obtain one would become subject to prosecution if it continue in business. A further power of the commission would be the disintegration of corporations found guilty, but subject to the control and direction of the courts which had acted in the case. It would have the power to appoint receivers, sell property, and ratify or reject plans of reorganization, all subject to the confirmation of the courts.

Summed up, the commission would be a body that would have "the power and the machinery through its experts and other officials to supervise the proper enforcement of the court's decrees and to see to it that they are kept enforced."

On the constructive side the Industrial Commission would be empowered to give its approval to trade agreements limiting production or fixing prices, provided that these facts are demonstrated by those petitioning for the permission:

(a) That the output is not to be restricted beyond the usual and legitimate demands for the commodity;

(b) That the maximum price chargeable by the petitioners under the terms of the agreement does not allow an undue profit; and

(c) That as a result of competition between the petitioners and with others (if there are others) who do not care to join in the petition, the industry on the whole has been unprofitable for at least one year next preceding the presentation of the petition due to overproduction and ruinous competition.

These licenses to agree would run for two years only, and would be subject to cancellation or modification as conditions changed, and the parties would remain subject to prosecution if unfair methods were used against competitors.

These trade agreements, Mr. Untermyer contends, would do away with the excuse for consolidations and would render it easy to obtain convictions for secret understandings and gentlemen's agreements.

FIGHT ON FOR 3-CENT LIGHT.

Cleveland Mayor-elect Begins Crusade for a Lower Electricity Rate.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 12.—Newton D. Baker, a disciple of the late Tom L. Johnson and Mayor-elect of this city, was elected on a platform advocating cheaper electric light, and already the Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company, which has a practical monopoly of the field, has begun its campaign in opposition.

One of the questions of the recent election was the issue of $2,000,000 of city bonds to enlarge the municipal plant to which the city fell heir a few years ago when it annexed South Brooklyn. On this a referendum vote was taken, and it was favored by the people, despite the strenuous advertising campaign carried on by the corporation.

When the campaign opened, the maximum rate folights, 12 cents a kilowatt hour, was cut to 10 cents, with 5 cents as the minimum to larger consumers. Mr. Baker insists that light or power can be sold profitably at 3 cents minimum.

The next City Council, which will be with Mr. Baker almost solidly, will face the task of granting a new franchise to the electric company for part of the city, and Mr. Baker will insist on lower rates as the price of its passage.

QUEENS $800,000 ASTRAY.

Road Repair Fund Tangled Up in Red Tape—Rescue Party Out.

Somewhere in the court of Justice Clark in Brooklyn, the Controller's office, and the Corporation Counsel's office in Manhattan an appropriation of $800,000 for the repair of roads in Queens has gone astray. There is a hunt on at present to determine where the responsibility lies, in which President Connolly and taxpayers of Queens are engaged.

The money was appropriated last August by the Board of Estimate, when Lawrence Gresser was in office. There has never been any question about that fact. Under the specifications as prepared Mr. Gresser, the Borough President, let contracts aggregating $450,000. At this point there was introduced a committee of men from Flushing who called themselves the Broadway Paving Committee, consisting of S. M. Jackson Jacobs, B. F. Egan, William H. Sullivan, Ira L. Terry, Clifford M. Bougey, Charles K. Olsen, and Edward J. Sullivan.

They went before Justice Clark in Brooklyn and got an injunction restraining the Borough President from laying a granite block pavement on Broadway in Flushing from Murray Street to Tenth Street, Bayside.

From that time on there has been no movement of contracts, waiting in the Controller's office for certification. The Controller has been waiting for advice from the Corporation Counsel. The Corporation Counsel has had so many of his assistants out of town that his office has been unable to give one.

President Connolly, who has been trying to save the $800,000 for his borough, is inclined to lay the whole blame on the committee who got out the injunction. The Broadway committee is now blaming everybody.

LIFT QUEENS BUILDING BAN.

Encroachment Ruling Will End Long Tie-Up in the Permit Bureau.

For more than two months there has been a tie-up in the Building Bureau of Queens because the officials have been in doubt as to their powers to grant permits for buildings that encroach over the building line into the street. Borough President Connolly found this tie-up when he took office. There were hundreds of permits then in the Building Bureau to be passed upon, and since he took office the number has been added to each day.

Lawrence Gresser, when he was President, had got around the difficulty by issuing an order that no permit be granted when there was the least encroachment, even if it be a cornice thirty or forty feet above the sidewalk.

This tie-up has affected particularly hundreds of builders in the Ridgewood and Jamaica sections, where two and three story family houses, with stores on the first floor, are being erected, and also many other operators in the Long Island City section, where three, four, and five story tenements are being erected. According to the estimate of builders, more than $1,000,000 worth of buildings in these sections have been held up.

President Connolly has given an order that he will allow areaways to be built beyond the building line, provided they are covered with a safe covering flush with the sidewalk. No open areaways will be allowed of any kind. Cornices will also be allowed to project when they are ten feet above the sidewalk. As a result of this order, it is expected that hundreds of permits, which have been held up for months, will be issued to builders during the present week.

Vaniman To Tell of Balloon Plans.

The prospects of crossing the Atlantic Ocean in a dirigible balloon will be discussed next Thursday evening by Melvin Vaniman at the West Side Y. M. C. A., Eighth Avenue and Fifty-seventh Street. The lecture is free to the public, and precedes the opening of a course in aeronautics. Other speakers will be J. S. Fanciulli, manager and Vice President of Glenn H. Curtiss Company, who will speak on "The Hydro-aeroplane," and Wilbur R. Kimball, instructor of the aeronautic course.

Football Player's Leg Broken.

John Schifferbecker, 23 years old, who is attached to the naval training ship Granite State, was playing football with the team from the ship yesterday afternoon in Van Cortlandt Park. The ball was passed to him for a run around the end, and he escaped one tackle, but fell after the next one, and the other players piled on him. When the players had regained their feet Schifferbecker remained on the ground moaning. His right leg was broken and he was taken to Fordham Hospital.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 12.—Forecast for the cotton and grain States:

North and South Carolina—Fair and colder Monday; cold wave in eastern and central portions. Tuesday fair, with rising temperature in western portion; brisk westerly winds.

Georgia—Fair and colder Monday; cold wave in southeast portion. Tuesday fair; slowly rising temperature; brisk northwesterly winds, diminishing.

Florida—Fair and colder Monday; cold wave in northeast and central portions. Tuesday fair; moderate northwesterly winds.

Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Fair and continued cold Monday. Tuesday increasing cloudiness and warmer; moderate northerly winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair Monday, with slowly rising temperature. Tuesday unsettled and warmer; light to moderate variable winds, becoming southeasterly.

Western Texas—Cloudy Monday; warmer in northern and eastern portions. Tuesday, unsettled.

Utah—Unsettled weather and warmer Monday, probably followed by rain by Monday night and on Tuesday.

Oklahoma—Fair and somewhat warmer Monday. Tuesday unsettled.

Arkansas and Tennessee—Fair and continued cold Monday. Tuesday unsettled and warmer.

Kentucky—Fair weather and slowly rising temperature Monday. Tuesday unsettled and warmer.

Ohio—Fair and continued cold Monday. Tuesday increasing cloudiness and warmer; high westerly winds, diminishing.

Indiana—Fair Monday; slowly rising temperature. Increasing cloudiness and warmer; brisk westerly winds; diminishing.

Illinois—Fair weather and slowly rising temperature Monday. Tuesday increasing cloudiness and warmer, probably followed by snow; brisk westerly winds, diminishing.

Michigan—Fair and continued cold Monday. Tuesday increasing cloudiness, probably followed by snow, brisk westerly winds, diminishing.

Wisconsin—Fair Monday. Tuesday increasing cloudiness, probably followed by snow; brisk westerly winds, diminishing.

Minnesota—Increasing cloudiness, probably followed by snow Monday night or on Tuesday; brisk westerly winds, diminishing and becoming variable.

Iowa, and Missouri—Fair weather and rising temperature Monday. Tuesday unsettled, probably followed by snow.

North Dakota—Increasing cloudiness, probably by snow Monday, and on Tuesday; colder Tuesday.

South Dakota—Increasing cloudiness and somewhat warmer Monday, probably followed by snow Monday night or on Tuesday.

Nebraska and Kansas—Fair and warmer Monday. Tuesday unsettled, probably rain or snow.

WHEAT GOES OFF, BUT RECOVERS LOSS

Chicago Shows Midweek Weakness on South American Crop News and Investigation Fears.

CORN IRREGULAR—OATS FIRM

Rains Hamper Picking of Cotton Still Left in Fields—Live Hogs Follow Edible Fats to Higher Levels.

Wheat prices broke from extreme high of early last week 3 cents a bushel, and sold on Saturday back to the high point, but were unsettled at the close. The liquidation in the market was pronounced on several days. As the time went by the selling seemed to be less of a forced character and more of a speculative character. Traders seemed to be trying to forestall further liquidation on the part of the big holders at the West. The decline in the market was accompanied by various reports regarding the situation at Chicago. There was less said about Government action, and more attention was called to the immense stocks of wheat and the enormous movement from the country.

Reports came of heavy sales of cash wheat at Chicago by the bull party. These sales were said to be based on a discount of 5½ cents under the May delivery. The buyers were to take out 1 per cent. of the purchase daily, paying carrying charges after the fifth day with the price to be fixed daily on the amount taken out, and at no time to exceed a basis of $1.01.

This was construed by bears as meaning great anxiety on the part of holders to get rid of the wheat, and by bulls as an indication of the confidence of the big interest in the market in that they were willing to guarantee the buyer against loss. At the extreme decline the market showed a loss of 10 cents a bushel from the recent high point. Naturally the speculative liquidation brought about by such decline was heavy, and the atmosphere was materially cleared by the decline in values.

With the readjustment in price levels, there was a disposition to go over the situation again very carefully. The enormous stocks of wheat have tended to discredit the insistence of the bulls that the American situation is a domestic one this year. The fact that the daily receipts continue much in excess of last year, that the visible supply continues to gain heavily, and the American stock of wheat is 72,000,000 bushels in the United States, 20,000,000 bushels more than last year, makes it difficult to conceive of the correctness of the bull argument.

On the basis of the Government figures and the apparent distribution the past two years, it would seem as though all the wheat which has been exported from the Eastern coast since July 1 must have been from the reserve carried over from last year. Yet with exports of United States wheat considerably in excess of last year, with the visible supply 20,000,000 bushels more than last year, and the farmers' deliveries continuing 1,000,000 to 1,500,000 bushels more per week than last year, it is difficult for the bulls to maintain their arguments. If they are right, then the supply of wheat for the season is mostly in the "show window," and deliveries after the turn of the year must fall off vastly. This will result in Western points becoming points of distribution and not points of accumulation. If, on the other hand, the crop is under-estimated, as the continued enormous selling movement seems to indicate, then the vast visible supply will have to be distributed the last half of the year in competition with what promises now to be a record South American crop.

It makes a most uncertain situation. If the crop figures are correct the American supply will all be needed for home account, while if the crop was under-estimated, it will place the American big stocks on a competitive selling basis with the world's markets, and at present experts maintain that even on red Winter wheat the market is 4 to 5 cents a bushel above an exporting basis.

An estimate by the Secretary of the Canadian Northwestern Grain Dealers' Association placed the crop at 178,000,000 bushels this week, of which 70 percent. was thrashed. The grading of the wheat, however, is decidedly unsatisfactory. The wheat is moving heavily and the movement is expected to keep up until stopped by the storms. European markets have moved quietly at a basis below an American parity. Russian shipments are increasing, notwithstanding the recognized short crop there, and the world's exports seem to be of ample volume for the demand. The European visible is less than last year, but this appeared to have little or no influence. The world's visible supply of wheat showed an increase during the month of October of 36,000,000 bushels, against an increase a year ago of 25,000,000 bushels. Reports from the Argentine are still very optimistic, with minimum estimates of the export surplus 124,000,000 bushels. The crop there is just on the eve of being cut. Until it is cut, however, and safely secured there is plenty of opportunity for sensational damage.

CORN.

The fluctuations in the corn market have been rather irregular. Low levels for the decline were made on Monday from which there has been a recovery of 2 to 2½c, influenced in part by the steadiness in wheat and the strength in oats. There has also been considerable speculative buying for reaction on the theory of small crop and immense foreign demand. A sensational article was sent from Washington talking of dollar corn on account of the American feed stuff shortage of all kinds, the great feed stuff shortage in Western Europe, the deficient corn crop in Southeastern Europe, and the failure of the corn crop this season in the Argentine.

The Government report on corn was given out last week, showing the preliminary estimate of yields. The figures were only one-tenth of a bushel larger than the October indications, and did not confirm the recent private estimates of larger outturn per acre. An analysis of both the corn and the wheat crops as to acreage and results based on the last Census Bureau figures indicates in both cases an overestimate of the acreage and also of the crop, but the change in supplies is relative and simply means that the home distribution has been smaller than the large size of the crops reported has indicated.

The carry-over of corn from last year's record crop was only 132,000,000 bushels, showing that the low prices resulted in the distribution of the enormous outturn. The question which the trade is trying to solve now is whether the advance of prices compared with last year, at the present time about 33 per cent., discounts the shortage in the world's feed stuff situation or not.

OATS.

There has been a decided change in tone in the oats market and a good improvement in values from the recent low level. In fact most of the decline which occurred in the last two weeks has been recovered. The advance in the market was apparently due to a rather important falling off in the Western receipts of oats on the one hand and a considerable improvement in the demand for cash oats for domestic distribution. The rally in tone shown in other grain markets also was helpful influence and tended to encourage the developing feeling of confidence in the oats situation.

PROVISIONS.

The provision market has been strong and active during the week with a sharp advance in values. The advance in the future market was somewhat unexpected in view of the hog situation and the heavy packing, but as prices improved there were found to be a great many resting buying orders and quite a large short interest to cover. The live hog market at first refused to follow the advance, but later in the week developed a better tone with the rise in product. The movement of hogs was heavy and the packing returns show continual large packing compared with last year. The distribution of product, however, has been excellent, although the sharp advance in values recently—about $1 in pork and ½c a pound in lard—may have had some influence in checking the demand. Compound lard is now about 2c a pound under Western lard, compared with only 1c a pound discount a short time ago, and it is expected that this will result in a material increase in the distribution of the compound article.

COTTONSEED OIL.

The tendency of prices during the past week seems to be toward a higher plane, but net results were trivial. There has been a decided absence of pressure, and although Western interests who are recognized as practicaly the only bulls at present were not greatly in evidence, the undertone was not a cause for disappointment from their standpoint. News was colorless or rather mainly in reiteration of developments of recent date, and despite the fact that this seems to favor advocates of lower prices, there was little aggressiveness noticeable. Possibly the better tone to the pure lard market restrained selling, but it is obvious that the improvement in those prices has not materially benefited the compound lard trade, which is only fair, as indicated by a sagging tendency to oleo-stearine values.

Crop estimates were larger, and even in some instances above bearish predictions made several weeks ago, but there was little influence exerted by these forecasts among the holders of oil in the future market or of the actual at the South. Moreover, consuming advices were not up to expectations, inasmuch as foreign demand shows a marked falling off. This is not entirely unnatural, however, in view of their urgent buying during the early part of the season. Foreign oils have recently shown an easier undertone, but it is not believed that there has been much reselling in the local market on this account, the resales in most cases being prompted by prevailing premiums. Home trade is quite satisfactory, and in the aggregate purchases are very fair. The indisposition to lay in supplies for other than a short period is still noticeable, but at all events the big forward demand experienced during the early part of the season and the rate of present buying prevents pressure of actual oil. Sentiment continues bearish in the main, the argument being generally advanced that with so much crude at the South to be disposed of it would be illogical to institute a bull campaign of magnitude at this time.

COTTON.

Apathetic conditions which have prevailed in the cotton market for several weeks continue unbroken. There have been spells of activity, usually accompanied with a slight upward trend of values, but in view of the recent decline such spasmodic movements have obviously not served to awaken interest. The impression generally is that these spurts have been due to a gradual retirement of the short interest, which, buying in conjunction with the disposition noticeable among spinners to replenish conservatively at present, has been sufficient to absorb the surplus cotton offering.

Underlying conditions have undergone no material change and the determined holding on the part of the South has not been altered by the fact that during the week statistics pertaining to the probable yield this season were not suggestive of higher prices. The Census Bureau figures on the ginning to Nov. 1 were not subjected to other than a bearish construction, although the figures issued were only about in line with anticipation. Supplementary crop estimates, however, by various authorities assumed larger totals than those previously published and there were several guesses from 15,250,000 to 16,000,000 bales.

In recognition of the fact, however, that these estimates are being promulgated at a time when sentiment is extremely bearish and still produce but a minimum of effect, there has been more or less caution induced among the defendants of lower prices. It is still contended in some quarters that the impression is being created that this season's yield will be from 15,250,000 to 16,000,000 bales, and therefore any modification of crop ideas later in the season may be bullishly regarded. Various deductions were again arrived at from the ginning, reported to Nov. 1, of 9,968,000 bales, it being pointed out that ginning has progressed at the rate of 20,000 bales per diem in excess of that of the large crop year of 1908. At that time there were 8,192,000 bales ginned, which represented 62.6 per cent. of the crop, so that if the same ratio of ginning would continue until the termination of the present season an outturn of over 15,000,000 bales would be pointed to. Assuming that the unusually large percentage of cotton, or 70 per cent., had already been ginned to Nov. 1, a yield of over 14,200,000 bales is suggested.

Meanwhile there is still a marked divergence of opinion as to the ability of the South to withhold its surplus so as to result in the maintenance of values. Despite assertions that with the lower prices of raw material the increased spindleage of the world as compared with former years will absorb this surplus, the disposition has been to adhere to conservatism before pressing sales, rather than accept a position on the long side of the market for more than a temporary period. Whether the spinner can continue his tactics of acquiring cotton at practically the low levels of the season for any length of time remains to be seen, but it is apparent that with the enormous amount of cotton to come forward, and with the knowledge of a large crop having been virtually secured, the consumptive demand is still in doubt, and the inclination apparently is to favor lower prices until greater inroads have been made upon the supplies available.

Weather conditions last week were less favorable, with excessive precipitation hindering the progress of cotton picking This will probably be reflected in the movement, and to a small extent in the coming ginning report, but climatic conditions have not been adverse to so large an extent as to result in bullish enthusiasm. Stories still emanate from the Eastern belt that there is a scarcity of labor and an abnormally large amount of cotton still remains in the field, sufficient pickers being unobtainable.

In connection with the present levels of the raw material—the basis permitting milling operations to better advantage than for some time—the improved sentiment in financial circles is looked upon as a probable potent stimulus to the trade world. Undoubtedly, the solution of the trust cases will inspire confidence, and already optimism is permeating quarters where disaster and destruction to business was being predicted. The effect of the recent court decisions, although not having a great deal of effect to date in cotton circles, cannot be minimized, and removes a hitherto disturbing factor. On the other hand, the continuance of the Italo-Turkish war is looked upon as an unsatisfactory feature, while the rebellion in China is thought to be rapidly approaching a crisis. The tenor of private advices from abroad would tend to convey the idea that unless a settlement is soon affected in the Orient, Manchester complaints will be more in evidence, but in many quarters a hopeful feeling is entertained toward a successful ending of the revolt, which, it is believed, will eventually bring about improved conditions. The continent seems to be enjoying a more encouraging trade, and at various times during the week, liberal purchases have been credited to this source in both the foreign and domestic market.

$7,500,000

Standard Gas & Electric Company

Convertible 6% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds

Dated December 1, 1911 — Interest payable June 1 and December 1 — Due December 1, 1923

Authorised.....$30,000,000 — Outstanding.....$7,500,000

Redeemable as a whole or in part at 105 and interest on any interest date on 60 days' notice, but convertible after notice of redemption in accordance with the terms of the indenture.

THE PHILADELPHIA TRUST, SAFE DEPOSIT & INSURANCE COMPANY, TRUSTEE.

We summarize below from a letter by H. M. Byllesby, Esq., President of the Company, to which reference is made for more complete information regarding the bonds:

1. **Secured by bonds, stocks and notes having an estimated market value of approximately $20,000,000.**
2. Earnings of subsidiary companies for the year ended Sept. 30, 1911, applicable to the securities now held by the company **were more than 3½ times interest on this issue. Earnings actually divisible amounted to nearly twice charges on these bonds.**
3. Followed by:

Preferred Stock (paying 8%).....$9,196,800
Common Stock 7,468,150

Having an aggregate market value at present quotations of approximately $13,000,000.

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WILSON MAY RULE NEW LEGISLATURE

Senator Nichols, Stokes's Foe, Likely to Split the Republican Majority.

ALL PROGRESSIVES MAY JOIN

If They Do the Governor Could Put Through More Reforms That Would Look Well in 1912.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, Nov. 12.—Matters may take such a turn at the organization of the new Republican Legislature as to give Gov. Wilson control of the Senate, if not of both houses. The Senate stands eleven Republicans and ten Democrats, but Senator Nichols of Cumberland is the sworn foe, political and personal, of ex-Gov. Edward C. Stokes, who is regarded as the head and front of the State machine of regulars. Mr. Stokes is most active in picking out the new officers of the two houses, and nothing would please Nichols better than to disarrange all of Stokes's little plans. That Stokes's method of organization might be to the advantage of his ambition to be made a United States Senator in 1913 is calculated to make Nichols all the more ardent in his determination to upset it.

Besides being a foe of Stokes, Nichols is a Progressive—one of the earliest in the State. The progressiveness of the Wilson reforms caught Nichols's fancy at the last session of the Legislature. He gave the Governor material aid in getting his bills through the Republican Senate of last Winter. He was treated with scant courtesy by his fellows of the standpat majority all through the session, and, with his vote the decisive one, may play it for revenge.

Nichols has allowed it to be understood that the Senate can have no other Republican President than himself. The Republican Senatorial caucus, which easily is in sympathy with Stokes, will not listen to this proposal, and the ten Democratic Senators, according to announcement made in a Wilson newspaper to-day, are considering the advisability of giving him the ten votes he needs, with his own, to make him the presiding officer. A deal between Nichols and the ten Democratic Senators would give Gov. Wilson a Senate organization in full sympathy with him. The Democrats would probably catch the Senate Secretaryship; and the committees would all be made up as Gov. Wilson may desire.

The perfecting of this alliance is expected to have a disintegrating effect upon the Republican majority in the Assembly, tending to segregate the progressives from the stand-patters of the Stokes and Kean and Murphy following. There are enough, if they hold out, to prevent the organization of the Assembly on the lines the regular Republicans are laying down. And the upshot may be another alliance between the progressives on the Republican side and the Democratic minority, which would give the Governor a manageable control of the Assembly. Thus, supported even by opposition houses, the Governor would be able to force through them a new lot of reforms to dangle in the eyes of the Nation, while it is getting ready to pick out its new President.

The Democratic bosses say, however, that neither of these schemes can be worked. They declare that they have at their command two or three Senators who, for campaign purposes, masqueraded as Wilson men and also a considerable following in the Assembly, if it should ever become necessary to make a break with Wilson. Martin and Ford, and maybe one other in the Hudson delegation, are staunch friends of ex-Senator Smith. The three Middlesex House Democrats are likewise said to be more at the beck of Boss Ross than of Gov. Wilson. These would be enough, if they can be held against Wilson, to defeat an effective alliance with progressive Republican members in the Governor's interest.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

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Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; A. G. Hoover, cloaks, suits, and waists; 214 Church Street.

Munger, H. G., Company, Herkimer, N. Y.; Miss Heffern, ladies' wear; Miss Whitmore, fancy goods; 320 Church Street.

Nugent, B., & Brother Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; C. Kraemer, dress goods and silks; G. Roth, linens; 31 Union Square; Hotel Broztell.

Flint & Kent, Buffalo, N. Y.; I. B. Hope, boys' clothing, hats, and caps; 31 Union Square; Hotel Great Northern.

Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss I. Holtz, misses' department; Miss J. Webb, suits; 114 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Wellington.

Miller & Rhoads, Richmond, Va.; A. S. Minter, notions and leather goods; 53 White Street.

Rosenstock, A., & Co., Petersburg, Va.; S. M. Rosenstock, cloaks, notions, hosiery, underwear, and gloves; 315 Fourth Avenue.

Fair, The, Chicago, Ill.; P. M. Farrell, men's and boys' clothing; 225 Fourth Avenue.

Strause Brothers & Co., Richmond, Va.; W. R. Northern, cloaks, notions, furnishing goods, and manufacturing department; L. Wallenstein, domestics, dress goods, and silks; D. Wallenstein, representing; 90 Franklin Street.

Siegel, H., Company, Boston, Mass.; R. G. Alexander, bedding; Herald Square Hotel.

Reid & Hughes Company, Norwich, Conn.; Miss K. Gleason, ribbons; Miss M. Mack, fancy goods; 75 Spring Street; Herald Square Hotel.

Porteous & Mitchell Company, Norwich, Conn.; H. D. Mitchell, clothing and furnishing goods; 55 White Street; The Hermitage.

Levis-Zukoski Mercantile Company, St. Louis, Mo.; J. A. Cunningham, millinery and laces; E. Levis, flowers and feathers; 621 Broadway.

Filenes, W., Sons Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss Jones, kimonos and dressing sacques; 4 West Twenty-second Street.

Cohen, M. B., Mercantile Company, Kansas City, Mo.; L. Leavy, ladies' and misses' caracul and broadcloth coats; 15 West Twenty-sixth Street.

Kaufman Brothers, Pittsburgh, Penn.; L. Kaufman, cloaks, suits, furs, and dresses; 200 Fifth Avenue.

Rosenbaum Company, Pittsbrugh, Penn.; S. Huvis, jewelry; 31 Union Square.

Bird, Jones & Kenyon, Utica, N. Y.; J. S. Bird, piece goods; Hotel Grand.

Whitney, William, & Co., Albany, N. Y.; A. J. Palmer, carpets, 41 Union Square; Hotel Grand.

Marley & Carew Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; R. G. Carew, boys' clothing; Hotel Wolcott.

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Western Dry Goods Company, Seattle, Wash.; O. A. Kjos, furnishing goods and hosiery, 51 Leonard St.

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Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; G. M. Hunter, groceries, 2 Walker St.; Hotel Grand.

Maison Blanche, New Orleans, La.; J. J. Dolan, millinery; 114 Fifth Avenue; Hotel Broztell.

Hager & Brother, Lancaster, Penn.; W. C. Hager, carpets; 75 Spring Street; The Breslin.

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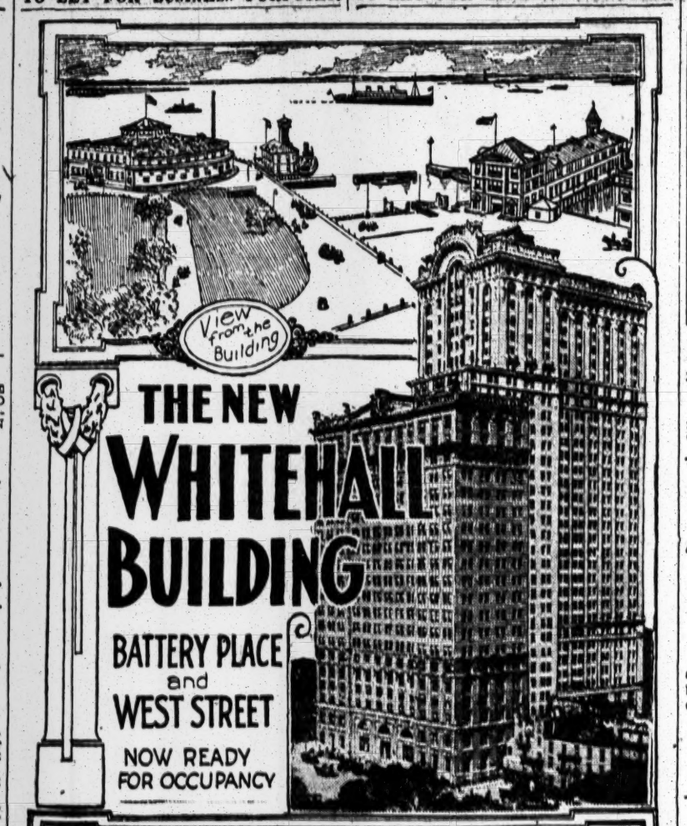

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Two Elevators; Steam Heat.
291-293 Seventh Av.
C. F. BEDELL CO., Broadway & 37th St.

ARCHITECTS, ATTENTION !
Beautiful office, 400 feet space, five extra large windows, north light, suitable subdivision, modern, 18-story, "Importers' and Traders' Building, 24-26 Stone, through to Pearl, next Broad St.

Broadway and 39th St. Bldg.
SMALL AND LARGE
LIGHT OFFICES, $20 to $50.
Harris & Vaughan, Agts., 1,416 Broadway.

913 BROADWAY.
Entire five-story and basement building to let, size 25x110; elevator, steam heat, electric light; rent low; possession now.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

890 BROADWAY, COR. 19TH ST.
Magnificent light corner loft to let, size 48x150; steam heat, electric lights, elevators; rent moderate; possession Feb. 1st.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

TO LEASE
Lofts, very reasonable, 46x95; on Avenue B and 10th St.; smokehouse, fish, 45x50. Apply John U. Brookman, Owner, 88 Wall St.

$15 MONTH UP, 109 Broad St.
Exceptionally LIGHT AND CHEERFUL **OFFICES** MODERN FIREPROOF BUILDING.

LOFT, 88-90 Walker St., 25x90; steam power, heat, and elevator service; one block from Canal St. Subway station. Inquire S. HELLINGER, 309 Broadway; phone 4945 Worth, or engineer.

10 East 16th St., between 5th Av. and Union Square.—Desirable store; large show window; steam heat; electric light. Apply premises.

2 lofts, modern bldg., 236 5th Av.; pass. and frt. elevators; moderate rent. Apply Supt. or A. J. Rich & Co., Singer Bldg.

COUNTRY—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

3,400-acre ranch, $120,000; fine house, all improvements; built by English nobleman, Northern New Mexico; superintendent's residence, granaries, machinery, etc.; extraordinarily fertile; no waste land; traversed by two rivers; five miles from town of five thousand people, one mile from railroad station; high elevation, beautiful scenery; cool in Summer; mild in Winter; alfalfa crop $15,000; oats, 75 bushels per acre; wheat, 35 bushels; corn, 80 bushels; magnificent gentleman's estate; rare opportunity; one-half cash; photos, map, full particulars, ALLEE REALTY COMPANY, 789 Fulton St., B'klyn.

SHORE FRONT ESTATE.

Magnificent property; new mansion, 100 acres; $300,000 expended; price $100,000; want offer; hour and half out; 150 ft. elevation; forty-mile view. Real bargain. Banker, X 314 Times Downtown.

Cement bungalow, 6 rooms, bath, improvements; Palisade section, ½ hour out; fare, 8c; trolley, railroad; price, $2,800, $300 cash, balance monthly. Office, Room 459, 200 5th Av., 23d St.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Several choice plots; also improved property. Gilbert Elliott, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 15,315.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JACOB TROW and BENJAMIN H. SHAPIRO, co-partners trading under the firm name and style of TROW & SHAPIRO, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Jacob Trow and Benjamin H. Shapiro, co-partners trading under the firm name and style of Trow & Shapiro, of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 25th day of October, A. D. 1911, the said Jacob Trow and Benjamin H. Shapiro, co-partners trading under the firm name and style of Trow & Shapiro, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, on the 24th day of November, A. D. 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
November 11th, 1911.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HYMAN GOLDSTEIN, Bankrupt.—No. 15,480.

To the creditors of Hyman Goldstein of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the ninth day of September, A. D. 1911, the said Hyman Goldstein was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City, County, and State of New York, on the twenty-third day of November, A. D. 1911, at four o'clock in the afternoon, at which meeting the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated New York, November 6th, 1911.
SEAMAN MILLER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 15,713.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALEXANDER PROBST, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Alexander Probst of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 6th day of November, A. D. 1911, the said Alexander Probst was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Macgrane Coxe, Referee in Bankruptcy, Room No. 1,375 Hudson Terminal Buildings, No. 50 Church Street, New York City, on the 23d day of November, A. D. 1911, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

MACGRANE COXE,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
November 11th, 1911.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of WILLIAM KOSSIN, Bankrupt.—No. 15,397.

To the creditors of William Kossin of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 14th day of August, A. D. 1911, the said William Kossin was duly adjudicated bankrupt and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 23d day of November, A. D. 1911, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated November 11th, 1911.

IN THE MATTER OF MILTON BERLINGER, Alleged Bankrupt.

An application for the appointment of a temporary receiver in the above-entitled proceeding will be made by the undersigned to Hon. Charles M. Hough, one of the Judges of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, at the courtroom in the Post Office Building, on November 13th, 1911, at 10:30 A. M. MILTON MAYER,
Attorney for Petitioning Creditors, 52 William Street, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of FRENCH-AMERICAN STORES CO., Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order made by the Honorable Charles M. Hough, one of the Judges of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York, made and entered on the 10th day of November, 1911, that the places of business of the above-named bankrupt, at No. 92 St. Nicholas Avenue and 141st Street, corner 7th Avenue, will be offered at private sale, and sealed bids will be received for same by William Blau, Receiver in Bankruptcy, at his office, No. 320 Broadway, on the 21st day of November, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon.

All of such bids must be accompanied by a deposit of not less than 10 per cent. of the amount of such bids. The receiver reserved the right to reject any and all bids not deemed for the best interest of said estate. Should none of such bids be accepted, the said stores of said bankrupt will be sold at public auction on the 24th day of November, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at premises, 92 St. Nicholas Avenue, and immediately thereafter at 141st Street, corner 7th Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York.

Such assets consists of tables, chairs, and other furnishings appropriate to an ice-cream parlor or coffee house.

The property will be opened for inspection on the 17th, 18th, and 20th days of November, 1911, from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. Should the above stores not be disposed of at private sale, notice of sale by auction will be published in The New York Times on the 22d day of November, 1911.

Further particulars may be obtained from the receiver, WILLIAM BLAU, Receiver, 320 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

H. & J. LESSER, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York City.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of VAPOR LIGHT & POWER COMPANY, Bankrupt.—No. 15,675.—In Bankruptcy.

Notice is hereby given that the personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of letters patent for a gasoline lamp and attachments, office furniture and fixtures, safe, gasoline lamps, machinery, tools, and unassembled parts of lamps and materials for the manufacture of lamps under said patents, and good will of business, will be sold as a whole pursuant to the order of court at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, at the office of the bankrupt, Room No. 822, No. 30 Church Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 21st day of November, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

The above property may be inspected at the above address on November 15th and 16th, 1911, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M., and at the factory of said bankrupt company, corner of 151st Street and River Avenue, Borough of Bronx, City of New York, on November 17th and 20th, 1911, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

Dated New York, November 13th, 1911.
MAUNSELL B. FIELD, Receiver,
60 Wall Street, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of HAYES RUBBER CO., Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Nov. 13, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 37 Warren St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of gloves, caps, carburetters, spark plugs, grease and oil cans, tires, inner tubes, lamps, horns, chains, greases, oils, speedometers, auto supplies and auto tools of various description, bicycles and motor cycles, bicycle and motor cycle tires and sundries and supplies, also a complete motor cycle repair shop, office fixtures, furniture, safe, typewriter, showcases, partitions and silent salesmen.

S. LAWRENCE MILLER, Receiver.
MYERS & GOLDSMITH, Attorneys for Receiver, 100 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ROLL & MICHAELSON, Bankrupts.—Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, Nov. 13, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 4,121 3d Av., Borough of Bronx, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of a wholesale stock of school supplies, stationery, paper bags, rolls of paper, woodenware, fixtures, &c.

WM. HENKEL Jr., Receiver.
JULIUS A. KUCK, Jr., Attorney for Receiver, 277 Broadway, New York.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

POORE, CHARLES T.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Charles T. Poore, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of Howe, Smith & Howe, No. 2 Rector Street, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of March next. Dated New York, the 15th day of August, 1911. GERRIT SMITH, HELEN T. POORE, Executors. HOWE, SMITH & HOWE, Attorneys for Executors, 2 Rector Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

KERR, THOMAS B.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Thomas B. Kerr late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Wilmer, Canfield & Stone, 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, notice is before the 15th day of February next.

Dated New York, the 3rd day of August, 1911.
FREDERICK M. KERR, Administrator.
WILMER, CANFIELD & STONE, Attorneys for Administrator, 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

AUCTION SALES.

The strictly up-to-date manufacturing
PLANT
Formerly of I. L. CHAUSER of 41 Greene St., consisting of 72 Singer sewing machines, 31-15; 72 Singer sewing machine tables, 3 W. & W. special machines, with attachments; 1 Singer buttonhole, 1 button-maker, 1 strapping machine, high-speed machines, 3 Universal electric cutters, 2 H. P. and 5 H. P. C. & C. motors, 2 combination Mosler safes, 18 cutting tables, 125 chairs, 100 baskets, beltings, pulleys, shafting trucks, telescopes, sample trunks, racks, blowers, gas irons, bucks, stock tables, models, lumber, lights, office and factory furniture and chairs, Remington typewriter, rolltop desks, etc.,
will be sold by D. Hartmann, Auct.,
To-day, Monday, Nov. 13, 1911, at 10:30 A. M.,
at 21 Greene St., near Grand St.,
the entire up-to-date plant of above in trade lots, without limit or reserve. Tel. 4299 Spring.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE OF FORECLOSURE SALE
OF THE
LANDS AND PLANT OF SAN JUAN PORTLAND CEMENT COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that under and by virtue of the decree of foreclosure and an order of sale thereon issued out of the Superior Court of the County of San Benito, State of California, on the 14th day of October, 1911, in the action entitled, "The Trust Company of America, a Corporation, and William H. Leupp, Plaintiffs, vs. San Juan Portland Cement Company, a Corporation, et al., Defendants, and Victor G. Enginger, Intervenor," wherein the above-named plaintiffs obtained a judgment and decree of foreclosure against said San Juan Portland Cement Company (hereinafter called "Cement Company") on the 9th day of October, 1911, for the sum of $1,634,442.08, with interest and costs, I am commanded to sell, at public auction, in one parcel as an entirety, in accordance with said order of sale, the following property of said Cement Company, to wit:

The Chittenden Ranch, so called, containing 1,010 acres, or thereabouts, situated at or near Chittenden, in the Counties of Santa Cruz and Santa Clara, State of California.

The following lands situated in San Benito County, State of California:

Fractional Section 23, Township 13 South, Range 4 East, M. D. M., containing 508.60 acres and commonly known as the Flint Tract.

A tract of land situated on the Northeast side of the San Juan Canon Road, about one-half mile North of the Flint Tract, containing 95.50 acres and commonly known as the Underwood Tract.

A tract of land situated on the Northeast side of the San Juan Canon Road, immediately Northwest of the Underwood Tract, containing 133.77 acres and commonly known as part of the Barbe Lands.

The east ½, the Southeast ¼ of the Northwest ¼, and all that part of the Northeast ¼ of the Southwest ¼ lying East of the San Juan and Salinas Road, of Section 9, Township 13 South, Range 4 East, M. D. M., excepting therefrom three parcels, aggregating 37.08 acres, conveyed by M. Barbe, while owner, the lands remaining containing 332.92 acres and commonly known as part of the Barbe Lands.

Fractional Southeast ¼, Lot No. 3 of the Northeast ¼, and Lot No. 5 of the Southwest ¼, of Section 15, Township 13 South, Range 4 East, M. D. M., containing 229.40 acres and commonly known as part of the Barbe Lands.

The Southeast ¼ and a fraction of 2.715 acres in the Northeast ¼ of Section 4, Township 13 South, Range 4 East, M. D. M., containing 102.715 acres and commonly known as the Lavagnino Tract.

All interest of the Cement Company in two parcels of land conveyed to it by Thomas Flint, executor, and Joseph Brutinel and wife, aggregating 2.313 acres, used as a County Road.

Any and all other real property, or interests in real property, belonging to said Cement Company and situated in the State of California.

All the following described personal property belonging to said Cement Company, to wit:

Stock and interests in railroads used in connection with the cement plant of the Cement Company, as follows:

Ninety shares of the capital stock of San Juan Pacific, a California corporation, (being all the issued capital stock of said corporation); 7,000 shares of the capital stock of San Juan Pacific Railway Company, a California corporation, (being all the issued capital stock of said corporation, except 8,000 shares belonging to San Juan Pacific); 350 shares of the capital stock of San Juan Southern Railway Company, a California corporation, (being all the issued capital stock of said corporation); all claims, of every kind and nature, of said Cement Company against, and all interests, of every kind and nature, of said Cement Company in, said San Juan Pacific, San Juan Pacific Railway Company, and San Juan Southern Railway Company.

Machinery, tools, supplies, building material, and furniture for the construction and operation of cement works situated on and about the works and land of the Cement Company, about one mile South of San Juan, in San Benito County, California, including 4,000 feet of pipe and 2 pumps used in water system; concrete mixer; 10 dump cars; 2 steam shovels; giant rock breaker; revolving screen for rock crushing; gasoline engine; belting and fly wheel; chemicals, chemical instruments and equipment; boarding house furniture; office furniture; machine shop machines, equipment and tools; 14 tube mills; 6 kilns; 7 ball mills; 6 coolers, 4 dryers; 6 gate breakers; revolving screen for cement making; 30 tons of steel balls; 500,573 pounds of Flint pebbles; 104,428 pounds of Flint stones; all interest of the Cement Company in 44 alternating electric motors; 1,235,773 pounds of structural steel; 205,203 pounds of galvanized corrugated iron sheets.

Any and all other personal property or mixed property, or interests therein, belonging to said Cement Company and situated on or about its lands or cement works, or used in connection therewith.

Together with all appurtenances belonging to the properties hereinbefore described, with the rents, issues and profits thereof.

Public notice is hereby given, that on TUESDAY, the Fifth day of DECEMBER, 1911, at one o'clock P. M. of that day, at the front door of the office building of the Cement Company, at its works situated on the Lavagnino Tract, above mentioned, about one mile South of the Town of San Juan, in San Benito County, California, I will, in obedience to said order of sale, sell all the above-described property, in one parcel as an entirety, to the highest and best bidder, for cash, in lawful money of the United States; that at such sale any purchaser, for the purpose of making settlement for property purchased, shall be entitled to turn in any bonds and any matured and unpaid coupons secured by the mortgage foreclosed in order that there may be credited as paid thereon the sums payable out of the net proceeds of such sale to the holder of such bonds and coupons.

Reference is hereby made to the decree of foreclosure, above mentioned, and to the notice of sale posted at the place of sale, for a particular description of the property to be sold and for particular details of the terms and conditions of sale.

Dated, October 14th, 1911.
J. J. CROXON,
Commissioner Appointed by Said Court.
JOHN G. BOSTON, Attorney for Plaintiffs, 30 Pine Street, New York.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

WOODMAN, GEORGE H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against George H. Woodman, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at her place of transacting business, at the office of Leventritt, Cook & Nathan, her attorneys, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 10th day of February next.

Dated New York, the 7th day of August, 1911.
ELIZABETH LE B. WOODMAN,
Administratrix.
LEVENTRITT, COOK & NATHAN, Attorneys for Administratrix, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

KROWER, ALFRED.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ALFRED KROWER, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Felix H. Levy, at No. 37 Liberty Street, Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of February next.—Dated New York, August 11, 1911. HARRY Z. OPPENHEIMER, LOUIS KROWER, LEONARD KROWER, Executors. FELIX H. LEVY, Attorney for Executors, 37 Liberty Street, New York City.

RAYNOLDS, ADELAIDE A.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against ADELAIDE A. RAYNOLDS, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Stitt & Phillips, Number 113 Fulton Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, on or before the first day of April, 1912.—Dated New York, the 20th day of September, 1911. EDWARD H. RAYNOLDS, Executor. STITT & PHILLIPS, Attorneys

Lost

50c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—On Train No. 8, Pullman car "Collamer," between Rochester and Grand Central Station, New York, arriving Saturday morning, Nov. 11, pocketbook containing money and pearl scarfpin; evidently dropped from clothing in washroom. $500 reward will be paid for their return to Room 100, Powers Building, Rochester, N. Y.

LOST—Saturday night, Nov. 11, outside Cafe Madrid, gold open face watch and diamond fob, initials "A. C. T." in diamonds on fob. Finder liberally rewarded on return to A. C. Tohirky, 142 East 31st St., city.

LOST.—Thursday afternoon, about 5:30, between 57th St., New York, and Brooklyn Subway, gold bangled bracelet; marked inside "I. S. A. from R. M. A., date." Reward. 280 Gates Av., Brooklyn.

LOST—Oct. 24, in the Kaiser Hof or between there and 23d St. Subway, lady's gold open-face Waltham watch, monogram "E. S.," with beaded fob. Reward if returned to 9 West 20th St.

LOST—Small brown traveling satchel, containing lady's toilet articles and jewelry, between Grand Central Station and Madison Av. cars. J. M. Saulpaugh, 144 Ross St., Brooklyn. Reward.

LOST—Brown pigskin bag, containing string of pearls and small pig bag, from automobile, between Ardsley-on-Hudson and N. Y. City, Sunday afternoon. H 65 Times.

LOST—About 6:30 Sunday evening, on West 116th St., near Morningside Park, lady's purple velvet bag, containing money and keys. Besrun Club, 420 West 116th St.

LOST—Pearl and green stone earring in taxi, between 14th St. and Hotel Woodstock, Saturday night. Return to Burtis, Hotel Woodstock. Reward.

LOST.—Thursday, pearl screw earring, 42d St., 5th Av. to 71st St., via Broadway car or West End Av., 71st to 55th St., via Broadway; reward. Wellington Hotel, 55th St. and 7th Av.

LOST.—Pink enamel pin, in form of a cornation, with small diamond in centre. Reward will be given to party who returns it to Mrs. Victor Guinzburg, 21 West 89th St.

LOST—Friday afternoon, in Wall St., downtown Subway, or cars, blue handbag. Finder keep money and return bag and contents. W. A. Bradford, 30 Pine St.

LOST.—In neighborhood of Savoy Hotel, oval cluster ring, diamonds and sapphires. Finder will be rewarded upon return of ring to H. F. D., 718 5th Av.

LOST.—Purse, with three trunk keys and a silver mounting for satchel. Finder please return to Hotel Netherlands and receive reward.

LOST.—Lady's gold jade ring, Wednesday, Nov. 8, between Riverside Drive and Winter Garden; reward liberal. Garvey, 527 Riverside Drive.

LOST.—Small gold open-face Tiffany watch, initials "E. K." Finder kindly return to Krause, 15 E. 87th St., city; suitable reward.

LOST.—Open-face gold watch, Thursday, near 42d St. and 10th Av.; monogram "K. L." on back; reward. Katharine Lage, 421 West 121st.

LOST—A gold bar pin with pear-shaped diamond; return to 155 Riverside Drive, 11th floor east. Liberal reward.

LOST.—Pearl and turquois pin, Friday, between Durland's, 53d and 58th Sts.; reward. 120 West 58th St.

LOST—Adelphi gold medal, with name on it. Call or write F. J. Dow, 195 Clermont Av., Brooklyn; reward.

LOST—Sunday between Caryl and Van Cortlandt, a gold watch; reward. Benjamin, 503 West 121st St.

LOST—Between 10th and 26th Sts., pearl sunburst with diamond in centre; liberal reward. H. Siegel, 349 3d Av.

LOST—8 notes, 2 stock certificates, 2 checks; liberal reward. Diamond, 22 West 15th St.

LOST—Small gold lorgnette near 5th Av. and 35th St.; reward. Froehlich, 256 West 73d St.

WILL PERSON WHO FOUND diamond ring marked "A. W. W. M., Greenwich, Conn.," lost Aug. 1 either in Greenwich or New York, mail pawn ticket to me? Will not try to trace them, or will pay large reward and no questions asked for return of ring. A. W. W. Marshall, Greenwich, Conn.

$200.00 REWARD for the return of white beaded purse containing earrings, pins, etc., lost in an automobile or in Erie Ferry station. Charlton Co., jewelers, 634 5th Av.

$25 reward for return of pigskin cardcase lost in taxicab from 1 West 54th St. to West 73d St. about 7 o'clock Sunday night. W. E. Dowd, 1 West 68th St.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

50c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—Strayed from 51 West 11th St., small Boston terrier; white feet, white spot on head and nose, white star on back of neck. Reward.

LOST — CREAM-COLORED POMERANIAN, ANSWERS TO NAME BEBE; LIBERAL REWARD. RETURN 111 EAST 39TH ST.

LOST—Female collie, yellow; reward. 84 Beekman Place. East 51st St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

50c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND—Oct. 31, lady's small gold watch, monogram; Subway, Times Square. Apply Lost and Found Dept. of The Times, Times Building.

FOUND, Nov. 10.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. Apply 9 Morris St. SECOND AV. ELEVATED: Apron, purse, book, furs, lunch box, umbrella, satchel, belt, hood, scarf, pair gloves. THIRD AV. ELEVATED: Knife, papers, overalls, clothing, pawn ticket, apron, keys, feather, can, book, purse, shoes, tools, wall paper. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED: Pair gloves dress suit case, underwear, check book, bag, two umbrellas, shirt, book, cape, pair gloves, laundry, pipe, slippers, tobacco box, liquid. NINTH AV. ELEVATED: Handbag, three umbrellas, underwear, wood, book, cap. SUBWAY: Purse, magazine, pair gloves, lunch box, ticket, picture, cane, eyeglasses, satchel, plans, four umbrellas, odd glove, comb, iron wedge, package, veil, music roll, spectacles.
FOUND, Nov. 10.—BROOKLYN R. T.. Apply 168 Montague St. SURFACE AND ELEVATED: Rubbers, spade, book, underwear, rubbers, book, can, ink, gloves, clothes, book, check book, lady's hat, tin lunch box, overalls, rubbers, toy blocks, lining, kid gloves, story book, curtain, gold necklace, sheet music, boy's gloves, handbag, pocketbook, umbrella.
FOUND, Nov. 10.—N. Y. CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Four umbrellas, pair gloves, lady's veil, purse, two dress suit cases, key, glove.
FOUND, Nov. 10.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO. (Hudson Tubes). Apply 137 Christopher St.: Card, gloves, purse, badge, buckle, shirt, typewriter ribbons, collars, music roll, sheet music, books, 4 umbrellas.
FOUND, Nov. 10.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City, L. I.: Four umbrellas.
FOUND, Nov. 10.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Ten umbrellas, four packages.
FOUND, Nov. 10.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Three umbrellas pair gloves, picture, pair rubbers, book, lady's hat, receipt book, card case, pocketbook, pair gloves, package of silk, Nov. 11: Muff.
FOUND, Nov. 10.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA STATION. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av. ON TRAINS: Five umbrellas, valise, two pairs of gloves, two packages, dress suit case. ON PULLMANS: Three umbrellas, three packages, ticket.
FOUND, Nov. 10.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Three packages, box, lady's umbrella, eyeglasses, package, umbrella, handbag.

Business Opportunities

50c. a line 1 time; 85c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Convincing letter writer and rapid correspondent wanted by manufacturing corporation; fair salary at beginning, with exceptional opportunities for future on proved merit; must become stockholder in company by cash investment before taking charge of correspondence; give full particulars in first letter, including age, nationality, experience, and the amount of cash investment ready to invest. Address Manufacturer, Box 198 Times Downtown.

For Sale.—Patent pneumatically operated coupling for railway cars; safe, scientific, positive in operation; simple; thoroughly tried out; indorsed by Inter-State Commerce Commission; recommended by railroads; daily demonstrations at Hoffman House, New York, Nov. 11-18. D. B. Stanley, Inventor. H. G. Green, Agent.

To an energetic man of integrity and business ability, a household specialties manufacturing company offers the Treasurership of the company at a good salary; investment of $5,000 required. Address H 296 Times Downtown.

Partner in new enterprise, $15,000 required; no brokers. H 295 Times Downtown.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished

50c. a line 1 time; 63c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

48th St., 46 and 48 West.—Three-story and basement private dwellings for rent; open for inspection. W. J. Taylor, 5 East 42d St.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

AN OPPORTUNITY
is offered to several women of intelligence and refinement to become connected with one of the largest suburban development companies in New York. The sales department offers excellent opportunity. Application received by mail only.
C. C. FRISBIE,
ROOM 1,108, 347 5TH AV.

HOUSEWORK.—A middle-aged woman to do very light housework for two people, one an invalid to be cared for; hours from 8 A. M. to 8 P. M.; compensation $20 a month. Apply in person, top floor, 336 West 12th St., ring 5 bells, Monday, from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

LADIES' COPY WORK, home during spare time; good pay, steady employment. Call 10 to 3, Apt. 1, 215 West 80th St.

NURSE for four small children at Glencove, L. I.; need not have experience, but must be neat, willing, and have good references; wages, $20. Box 261, Times, 2 Rector St.

SALESWOMAN for special work in the wealthier class of trade; to a woman of prepossessing appearance, culture, and refinement an exceptional opportunity to qualify for a remunerative position is offered. Apply after noon to G. M. Switz, Mgr., Room 704, 118 East 28th St.

TEACHERS who can devote some of their spare time to outside educational work. Apply Houghton Mifflin Co., 10 East 40th St., New York City.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE being desirous of increasing its agency force in metropolitan district, offers to women of character and ability life contracts with increasing compensation every year; special attention given beginners. Apply branch office, 4 East 42d St.

WANTED—Young lady for general office work; good penman; state age and religion. T. B. A. H., P. O. Box 2,006 New York.

WANTED—Good, reliable girl; must be good plain cook and able to do general housework; small family of adults; wages, $25; bring references. Stern, 318 West 100th St.

YOUNG WOMEN, with thorough common school education, to learn laboratory work; wages, $8, with prospect of substantial increase; best references required. Address Morris, Station "Y," New York City.

YOUNG LADY wishes a position for afternoon hours; can typewrite and make herself useful; best references. L 84 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, over 21, educated, and with some business ability, for our holiday "Units of 7" series; good opening. The Century Co., Union Square.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

AN OPPORTUNITY
FOR SEVERAL EDUCATED, INTELLIGENT MEN TO BECOME CONNECTED WITH ONE OF THE LARGEST SUBURBAN DEVELOPMENT COMPANIES IN NEW YORK. THE SALES DEPARTMENT OFFERS EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITIES TO THOSE WHO WORK ENERGETICALLY AND INTELLIGENTLY.
C. C. FRISBIE,
ROOM 1,108, 347 FIFTH AV.

An excellent opportunity for young men under age of 20 in the various departments of an old-established manufacturing business; principal offices are located in Brooklyn, and Brooklyn young men preferred. Apply by letter, giving age, experience, if any; also state salary required to start with. Address Blanchard, Box H 304 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Active young man, German, 5 years' experience, thoroughly acquainted with bookkeeping and office details, desires permanent position; A1 references; salary moderate. Opportunity, H 286 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER wanted; must be experienced, accurate, and able to take off trial balance promptly; state full particulars and salary expected. Import, H 283 Times Downtown.

BUTLER.—Young man, German, desires position as butler; best references. H 25 Times.

BOY, about 17 years of age, for shipping department of jewelry concern, to letter packages; must have references; none other need address D. C., Box 143, 1,570 Broadway.

BOYS.—Bright boys of neat appearance, about 16 years of age. Address A. K., Box 112, 617 6th Av.

CALL CLERK.—Bright young man, experienced in calling to entry team; one with knowledge of laces and embroideries preferred. J. K., Box 161 Times Downtown.

COLOR CHEMIST wanted; one have experience in lithographing and printing colors; one familiar with the grinding of these colors preferred; all correspondence strictly confidential; state experience; position now vacant. Address H 290 Times Downtown.

COMPOSITOR.—Two-thirder, Belgian or French preferred. Call 246 West 36th St., before noon.

COOK.—A good and clean cook at Fort Slocum, near New Rochelle. Apply at quarters of the commanding officer.

CUSTOM HOUSE CLERK; ONE FAMILIAR WITH ALL DETAILS IN CONNECTION WITH FOREIGN OFFICE WORK. WHEN ANSWERING, STATE FULLY AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. H. 56 TIMES.

DRAFTSMEN.—Thoroughly familiar with machine shop practice on small interchangeable parts of electrical apparatus; position only for first-class men capable of earning the top market price; no others need apply; write, stating age, nationality, experience and salary expected. Address by letter only to G., care Allen Adv. Agency, 45 West 34th St.

ERRAND BOY IN LARGE MERCANTILE HOUSE; GOOD CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. ANSWER IN OWN HANDWRITING, STATING AGE, REFERENCES, AND SALARY EXPECTED. H. 57 TIMES.

EXPERIENCED ENVELOPE SALESMAN.—Must have established business in New York. Investigate, Room 712, 46 West 24th St.

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, junior, with at least two years' experience; must be capable and energetic; state salary and experience. H 50 Times.

SALESMEN (2) for old brokerage house; permanent, pleasant position for worthy men of good habits and character, willing to improve in methods by application of theory and practice of scientific salesmanship; enthusiastic weekly conferences; department of underwriting and sale of stock of new insurance and financial companies, with representative Directors in New Jersey and New York; highest credentials given and asked; commission basis; established 1893. Clarence Hodson & Co., 828 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.

SALESMAN wanted by specialty house (combs, hairpins, &c.,) to cover New York State, Pennsylvania, Baltimore, Washington; also one for New England territory; must be acquainted with buyers of large department stores; straight, liberal commission basis; all communications confidential. Address "Shell," H 48 Times.

SALESMEN.—Attractive subscription sale to business men only; liberal co-operation and instruction furnished; good appearance and address and ability to discuss business intelligently with business men essential to success. Call or write, Manager, Room 710, 302 Broadway.

SALESMAN wanted by a prominent retail house; experience in line not necessary; must qualify as an A1 salesman; excellent opportunity for an energetic man capable of handling the fine trade; references. H 306 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN.—Representative New York City by New England company, handle staple to manufacturers; permanent connection to clean, capable man. State fully selling experience, age, salary to commence. X 164 Times.

SALESMEN calling on users of gasoline and oils in Greater New York and New Jersey to sell high-grade specialty on commission. Apply in person, Room 8, 1,358 Broadway, New York.

SALESMEN to travel the Southern States on well-known line of Turkish bath towels for mill direct; no objection to man carrying a kindred line. Box X 161 Times.

SALESMAN.—College man or teacher wanted as outside salesman; must be American, energetic, thoroughly reliable, able to make small investment. H 61 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced; must be well acquainted with jobbing and office trade, to handle an up-to-date line of wash skirts and dresses. L 89 Times.

SALESMAN. — An experienced salesman for first-class ladies' skirts and dresses for the Middle West. Answer with full particulars, X 126 Times.

SALESMAN wanted by German manufacturer of superior packing for stuffing boxes; only experienced man with following among engineers. H 54 Times.

SALESMAN acquainted with department store and office trade for popular priced line of lingerie waists. X 217 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN for the East and West to carry line of medium-priced furs. Apply by letter. A. Ratkowsky, 37 East 12th St.

STUDIOUS YOUNG MEN can add to their salaries from $30 to $65 weekly without the slightest interference with present employment. Please call 1,854, 50 Church St., Mr. Cameron.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE being desirous of increasing its agency force in metropolitan district offers to men of character and ability life contracts with increasing compensation every year; special attention given beginners. Apply branch office, 4 East 42d St.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

TOOL DESIGNERS.—Experts on punches and dies; only top-notchers capable of earning big money need apply; a first-class proposition for the right kind of man; work in New York City; write, stating age, nationality, experience, and salary expected. Address by letter only to G., care of Allen Agency, 45 West 34th St.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 363 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED—By a prominent fancy knit goods house, an experienced, energetic business man to organize selling force for retail trade throughout the United States; none but experienced, capable traveling man need apply; state references and salary desired. Address K. G., 287 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Man and wife; man must understand steam heat and generally useful; woman general housework; English or German preferred; no children. Apply 1,773 Washington Av., Monday, between 10 and 3; take 3d Av. "L" to 174th St.

WANTED—Young man capable of directing four office boys, who handle mail and light express of established publishing house. Address Box H 269 Times Downtown, stating qualifications.

WANTED—Young man, 18 or 20 years of age; quick writer; salary $30 per month. K., P. O. Box 1,548, city.

WANTED—A man to take charge of stock selling department. H 294 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted who is expert at filling in form letters and willing to be generally useful; must be able to take dictation right to machine accurately; if second grade do not apply; permanency; don't call. Deutzman Letter Company, 15 Malden Lane.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Domestic.

MISS BRINKLEY
Employment Agency,
507 Fifth Ave. Tel. 6802 Bryant.
Opens houses, installs cleaners, supplies competent servants, governesses, and housekeepers. References personally investigated.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ADVERTISING.—A thoroughly experienced woman in advertising and follow-up work will do this work for several firms for moderate compensation; highest references furnished. Address H 302 Times Downtown.

AMERICAN LADY, 45, would like position working housekeeper; excellent cook; good manager; used to marketing; A1 references. R., 944 Columbus Av.

A YOUNG GIRL would like place as laundress in young ladies' boarding school in city. Call first floor, 119 East 53d St.

BOOKKEEPER and Private Secretary, young woman, qualified to hold responsible position, possessing exceptional business abilities, will consider high-grade position as private secretary, stenographer, or bookkeeper in a position of trust and responsibilities; high-class testimonials. Address Miss S. M., 107 West 78th.

BOOKKEEPER, (16,) knowledge of stenography and typewriting; good penman; competent; cannot work on Saturday. Address (P. K.,) F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography and typewriting; moderate salary; good references. Bookkeeper, 89 Delancey St.

CHAMBERMAID.—Lady wishes position for chamberwork, mending, or waiting on elderly lady; call from 10 to 12. 143 West 73d St.

CHAMBERMAID.—By competent Protestant woman; private family, country preferred. Address A. H., 104 East 14th St.

COMPANION OR SECRETARY.—A thoroughly refined, educated woman of 30 desires a position as companion or social secretary. L 80 Times.

COMPANION.—I wish to recommend as companion refined lady; neat sewer. Apply Taylor, 55 West 91st.

DRESSMAKER, experienced; good fitter; $3 daily; evening dresses, kimonos, waists; alterations. Phone 5169—R River.

DRESSMAKER.—Swiss; first-class; Paris experience; out by day or home; references. 'Phone 578 Riverside. Mme. Ulrich, 137 West 97th St

DRESSMAKING.—At home, out; street and evening gowns; also remodeling; reasonable. Mrs. Nason, 110 West 109th St. Tel 2271 Riverside.

DRESSMAKER wishes more engagements by day; alterations and remodeling. Address Dressmaker, 206 East 70th.

DRESSMAKER.—First class, perfect fitter; remodeling; home or out. Conway, 175 West 12th.

FIRST-CLASS FRENCH LAUNDRESS desires customers for fine lingerie; hotels or privately; best city references. Verdier, 136 E. 28th.

FURS REMODELED
At Summer rates; fur coats relined; rug muffs changed to pillow muffs; quick delivery; expert worker; out; home preferred. Miss Forest, 118 East 28th St., Room 401.

GOOD DRESSMAKER; home or out. 'Phone 5717—Audubon. Apt. 46, 559 West 164th St.

HOUSEKEEPER, &c.—By a competent young woman with girl of six, as working housekeeper, mother's helper, or companion with small family; willing to go out of town. L 25 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Woman of ability and refinement, with highest references. Address M. G., 3,425 Broadway.

HOUSEWORK.—Neat, refined German girl, good plain cook, wishes position; wages, $27. Miss D. Geabinger, 399 East 151st St., Bronx.

LADY'S MAID.—Experienced French lady's maid, hair dresser, dressmaker, packing; good references. Experienced, 146 E. 50th St.

MASSAGE.—By Swedish graduate; ladies' residences; highest references. Miss Brostrom, 68 West 65th St.

MILLINER.—Artistic, stylish; out or work home; modern. Morris, 554 West 124th St.

NURSERY governess, or nurse; reliable and experienced person wants position; one or two children; teach and sew; no objection to country. Address N., Governess, 133 Bloomfield Av., Montclair, N. J.

PRESENT EMPLOYER highly recommends maid and expert seamstress; experience with children from 3 years up. Call Monday and Tuesday, 10 to 12:30, Apt. B12, 215 West 98th St.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent, rapid, 10 years' commercial experience, desires permanent position in busy office; A1 references; salary $18. H 289 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, Typewriter, Office Assistant.—Intelligent beginner; neat appearance; rapid, accurate; no agency; good penman; $6; anxious; interested. H 305 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Four years' experience; high school graduate; accurate, conscientious worker; reliable; takes interest in work; $12. H 275 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, (15;) accurate and rapid; not afraid of work. Address (C. D.,) F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; can assist with bookkeeping, general office work; salary $10. H 251 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER desires position; experienced; references. A. E., 279 St. Ann's Av.

STENOGRAPHER, first class, cultured, architectural, publishing, literary experience; $16, or part time; highest references. "Private Secretary," H 64 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—First class; salary, $20; A1 references; would travel. Apartment 3C, 217 East 35th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Ten years' experience; able and thoroughly reliable. Willing, H 279 Times Downtown.

STYLISH DRESSMAKER; remodel like new; references. Address G. S., 263 West 125th.

USEFUL COMPANION, convalescent nurse, wishes position, daily or permanent; experienced, refined; references. L 87 Times.

WASHING.—Woman will take home washing in country. Hang, 30 2d St., Woodside, L. I.

YOUNG FRENCH LADY, lately arrived from Paris, desires to give lessons, also evenings, or to be lady's companion or visiting governess in refined family. H 62 Times.

YOUNG GERMAN NURSE or governess would like position with refined family, anywhere South or West of U. S. M. E. B., 207 East 52d St.

YOUNG GIRL, lately landed, as useful girl in private family. Scollan, 133 West 62d St.

YOUNG SWEDISH GIRL, lately landed, upstairs work and sewing; willing to learn. Call Monday, 2-5, 184 Lexington Av.

YOUNG WOMAN, competent, good penman, desires position as social secretary. X 163 Times.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened; balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 57 Murray St. Tel. 5088 Barclay.

ACCOUNTANT.—Systems installed, books opened, closed; highest references; terms moderate. Accountant, 352 6th Av.

ADVERTISEMENT WRITER.
Young man, 26 years of age, lately advertisement writer for a well-known New York department store, wants connection where opportunity offers for preparation of original and convincing copy. L 86 Times.

AMERICAN, (20,) NEAT, OF GOOD ADDRESS, PREPOSSESSING; HAS COLLEGE EDUCATION AND PRACTICAL BUSINESS EXPERIENCE. H 42 TIMES.

A YOUNG MAN, (25,) experienced cashier and bookkeeper, also in extending credit and making of collections, desires position with a future. E. S. P., 826 West 55th St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, competent, mature age, moderate salary, desires position. Address H 283 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Age 31; 15 years' experience insurance and importing, in position of trust; moderate salary. Address H 271 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, 19, industrious, experienced bookkeeper, wishes position. M., 57 2d Av., store.

BOOKKEEPER.—19; 2 years' experience; trial balances; $10. Reliable, 262 Grand St., Adv. Agency.

BOY, 15 years old, must have work of some kind after school hours; bright, willing, and ambitious. Address (M. L.) F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway, City.

BUTLER-VALET—Gentleman recommends, who has lived with him over 3 years; English; age 30; understands all duties. C. E., care of Mrs. Gunter, 146 East 52d St., New York.

BUTLER, second man or footman; competent, neat, honest; go anywhere; moderate salary; steady. W. T., Swiss Home, 35 East 67th St.

CARETAKER.—Position wanted, elderly man, as caretaker or assistant in office; writes good hand; has had years of general experience; excellent references; small remuneration expected. H 46 Times.

CHAUFFEUR desires position with private family; competent driver and with repairs; can furnish references. Charles Seufert, 409 East 85th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Colored, single, neat appearance; expert mechanic on foreign and American cars; five years' experience; careful driver; best references; go anywhere. James Powell, 317 West 36th St.

CHAUFFEUR, single, competent city driver; does own repairs; neat appearance; five years' personal reference; experienced on foreign cars. H 43 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—Irish; single, (26;) good driver, good mechanic; willing, obliging; best references; wages moderate. Joseph Troy, 791 8th Av., care Fennigan.

CHAUFFEUR desires position; understands domestic machines; can handle horses; has best personal references. A. D., care of Campbell, 939 6th Av.

CHAUFFEUR, single, mechanic, wishes position in city; drive any car; careful city driver; 6 years' experience; first-class reference. H 44 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—American, 24; experienced; good character; careful driver and mechanic; best of reference. Address Stevens, 105 West 95th St.

CHAUFFEUR.—Useful colored man wants position; eight years' experience; do own repairs. L 82 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, MECHANIC.—Steady, reliable; private family position. Wald, 145 South 6th Av., Mount Vernon.

CHAUFFEUR.—9 years' experience; 8 years last family; city or country. G 160 Times.

CHEF (French,) with references from the leading club and private houses in New York City, wishes position in or out of town. L 64 Times.

COACHMAN.—Gentleman giving up horses wishes to place his coachman; reliable and efficient; English; married; city or country. 51 East 84th St.

COLLEGE MAN, of literary, musical, and technical ability, experienced executively, desires position with theatrical management or school. L 58 Times.

COLORED MAN and wife wish position together, city or country; seven years' references from one place. 311 West 119th St., care of Mitchel.

DRAUGHTSMAN, mechanical detailer and tracer, with machine shop experience, wants position. 539 70th St., Brooklyn.

FURNITURE DEALERS—ATTENTION!
I WANT TO CHANGE MY POSITION.
I have 18 years' experience in furniture business—past 14 years as manager and buyer; am 39 years of age; A1 references; do you want a live man to boost your business and stop the leaks. Address A. E. B., P. O. Box 326, Waterbury, Conn.

GENTLEMAN wishes to place his useful man, Englishman, care of furnaces, windows, rugs, &c.; can foot and care for automobiles; city or country; highly recommended by J. M. Toucey. Tel. 7175 Lenox, 863 Park Av.

GERMAN, middle aged, single man, desires a situation at anything or private place; best references given. Address Thiele, care Mueller, 751 Columbus Av.

JAPANESE, young, conscientious, competent, as cook, butler, desires position where he can get time to study; also able to take entire charge of gentleman's place; three years last position. K. H., 203 East 48th St.

MALE NURSE would take care elderly gentleman or mildly insane in patient's home. L 50 Times.

MASSEUR and gymnast, European, desires few select male patients at residences preferred. H 23 Times.

PAINTER, PAPERHANGER, DECORATOR, take charge; responsible; any job; city or country. Moynihan, 1,075 Park Av.

SALESMAN, experienced and capable young man, (23,) neat, desires position, city and New England; commission basis to prove ability. H 45 Times.

SECRETARY.—Young man, 23, expert stenographer and typewriter, thoroughly experienced, university graduate, knowledge of bookkeeping, capable correspondent, dependable character, and executive ability, desires responsible position. X 313 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, (22,) six years' experience, desires position; best references. G. C., 288 Times Downtown.

WE SEEK POSITION FOR COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER AND CASHIER WITH BANKING EXPERIENCE; COLLECTIONS, GERMAN, FRENCH, ENGLISH CORRESPONDENT. THE PROMETHEUS ELECTRIC CO., 236 EAST 43D ST., N. Y. CITY.

YOUNG MAN, for 7 years with commercial house in the clothing and woolen business, understanding thoroughly from practical experience the manufacturing and office ends, wishes connection with company in this line; now in full charge of a successful firm. H 52 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 18 years old, desires position in wholesale house as stock or shipping clerk; experience. Address (L. J.) F. B., Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway, City.

YOUNG MAN, ambitious, wants a start; I am 19 years old, high school graduate; attended college one year; quick and accurate at figures. L 73 Times.

YOUNG MAN (24) desires position where intelligent clerical work is required. H 41 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (25,) six years' general office experience, several months at selling, desires position at anything. J., 901 Prospect Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, 23, desires opening (office,) chance for advancement; excellent education. X A 252 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (21,) well educated, desires clerical position; experienced. H 263 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, colored, wants position elevator runner or porter. Handy, 245 West 20th St.

YOUNG MAN, (20,) desires position at anything. McGoldrick, 159 West 62d St.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers. Office Service Co., (Agency,) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John.

Domestic.

At Mrs. Malmberg's Swedish Employment Agency, 115 East 28th St., formerly 352 4th Av.; reliable servants for private families. Established 1881.

CHAMBERMAID and laundress, $25; good references. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

COLE EMP. AGENCY, 47 Lexington Av., Tel. 3575 Madison.—Reliable help; nice trade solicited.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

50c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Domestic.

COMPETENT colored help; all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. Phone 1588 Riverside.

COOK.—German; exceedingly clean, careful, and economical; highly recommended; apartment preferred; $35. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

COOK, $30; chambermaid and waitress, $25; good references; Swedish; country only. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

COOKS, HOUSEWORKERS, CHAMBERmaids, firemen, porters, elevator boys. Porter's Agency, 142 West 133d. 94 Morningside.

COOK, Swedish, $30; good references; Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

COOK and laundress, $25. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

GENERAL houseworkers and kitchen maids; newly landed; $16 to $25. Wilson's A. A., 141 57th St. Phone 2224 Plaza.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

MISS MILLER'S AGENCY, 56 West 39th. Murray Hill 5582.—High-class servants; references investigated.

SELECT COLORED HELP furnished short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av. Harlem—6370.

SHEPHERD AGENCY, 107 West 138d St., 6916 Morningside.—Help, male, female; day or week; references.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, with board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

7TH AV., 2,047, (123d.)—Single, sunny, heated rooms; first-class board; well kept house.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large rooms, newly decorated, well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms, including board, $9 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting parlor, sleeping apartment, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 793 Bryant.

47TH ST., 58 WEST.—Desirable large room; private bath; also small room; telephone; exclusive.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large and single rooms; baths; house and table first class; reasonable.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Rooms, table guests; first class; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Two large rooms on second floor; table guests; references.

57TH, 337 WEST.—Large room, second floor; private bath; excellent board. Tel. 2104 Col.

58TH ST., 37 WEST.—Large and small rooms; electric light, private bath; superior table; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for 1 or 2; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—LARGE, SMALL ROOMS, BATHS; FAMILIES ACCOMMODATED.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable rooms, single or suite; private baths; superior table; telephone; references.

122 WEST 71ST ST.
FRONT ROOM WITH BOARD.

72D, 131 WEST.—Attractive large, medium, single front rooms; southern exposure; references.

72D, 172 WEST.—Large, handsome front room; private bath and lavatory; superior table; references.

72D, 159 WEST.—Large and hall rooms; suite or separately; parlor dining room; references.

73D, 136 WEST.—Desirable, well-furnished rooms; private bath; sunny; quiet; refined surroundings; references.

78D ST., 155 WEST.—Handsome parlor suite; private bath; telephone; table first class; other rooms.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Large, small, medium rooms; private baths; parlor dining room; references.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Rooms, double, single; well heated; parlor dining; table guests; reasonable; references.

74TH ST, 131 WEST.—17th year; rooms; private bath; parlor dining; references.

76TH ST., 110 WEST.—Attractive accommodations; suitable for gentlemen; electric lights; excellent table; table guests.

76TH ST., 108 WEST.—Opportunity to secure medium room, steam; first-class board; select house; references.

76TH ST., 243 WEST.—Large second-story room; private bath; parlor dining room; reference.

77TH ST., 116 WEST.—Beautiful furnished suite; private bath; medium-sized rooms; table guest; references.

80TH ST., 165 WEST.—Suite or single room; family of two; excellent table; every convenience; telephone 5415 Schuyler. Parnall.

81ST., 265 WEST. — Handsomely furnished, sunny rooms, with excellent board; elevator apartment; references. V. & R.

81ST, 118 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms; two flights; pleasant home; tableboard.

82D ST., 47 WEST.—Comfortable large and small rooms will be offered with excellent board to those appreciating cleanliness and attention in quiet American home

UPSETS BURGLARS HE CAUGHT ON A LADDER

When Thieves Tumble on the Lawn Conductor and His Wife Engage Them in Homeric Struggle.

FINALLY TRAPPED IN A CAFE

One of the Men Presses Revolver Against Port Chester Detective's Body, but Is Felled by a Constable.

John H. Snagg, a conductor on the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, had just begun his dinner at his home, 43 Sound View Street, Port Chester, N. Y., on Saturday evening, when he was startled by an odd bumping sound coming from the side of his three-story frame house.

The bumping sound came from the outer wall of Snagg's dining room; and what puzzled the conductor particularly about it was that, instead of being near the ground, it seemed to come from somewhere above the dining-room windows, the shutters of which were closed for the night.

With Snagg in the dining room at the time were his wife and his twenty-six-year-old daughter, Marie. Having just returned from a trip with his train from Boston, the conductor was tired. Instead of going out to see what the trouble was himself, he told his daughter to go and see whether any of the shutters had broken loose. Hardly had the young woman stepped out of the door when her parents heard her voice raised in a scream which, for a second, made their hearts stop beating.

"Oh, father! father!" the girl cried, "come out, quick, and take the ladder away. There are two strange men climbing into the house."

The conductor usually carries a revolver while on duty. But he had removed his uniform, and his weapon was upstairs, in a bureau drawer. Without stopping to arm himself, he ran out on the lawn. He saw a long painter's ladder reaching up to one of the second-floor windows. On the top of the ladder a short, thick-set man, dressed in dark clothes, stood, looking down at him. Out of the open second-floor window projected the head of another dark-clad man.

At the sight of Snagg the two men began to climb down the ladder. Thinking that he might cope with them best by giving them a bad fall first, the conductor seized the bottom of the ladder and, exerting all his strength, jerked it away from the wall.

Both men came tumbling into the garden. Before either could arise Snagg seized one and Mrs. Snagg, who had followed him, another. Then started a fight which aroused the whole neighborhood. Mrs. Snagg's burglar had no difficulty in breaking away from her, but her screams were heard by all her neighbors. Leander Horton, former President of Port Chester, was among those who heard them. From his window he saw the fight. Mr. Horton telephoned the police station, then ran out of doors to take part in the fight himself.

At the sight of reinforcements, Snagg's burglar broke away and with his companion dashed down Sound View Street in the direction of Westchester Avenue. They hadn't been out of sight many minutes when every available policeman in Port Chester appeared on the scene.

Conductor Snagg described both men as having light, sandy hair and dark clothes. One man was five feet six inches in height, and the other about five feet eleven inches. With this description the police went all the way down Westchester Avenue warning residents and shopkepers to look after the two men.

Constable Joseph Hubbard, who keeps the City Garage, Westchester Avenue, near Pearl Street, remembered that two men had come into his place apparently wishing to hire an automobile, but, after whispering together, had left without taking one. Shortly after being warned by the police about the attempted burglary, the Constable saw the two men walking along the other side of Westchester Avenue. They entered James Buckley's café.

Seizing a club, Hubbard dashed across the street. Detectives Olsen and Curtin, who were near at hand, ran too. The Constabble was in his shirtsleeves and his badge was on his suspenders. The two men must have seen the flash of it through the partly opened swinging doors, for they dashed out of the saloon just as he tried to enter. They ran plump into the two detectives; and the detectives, the strangers, and the Constable began fighting all over the sidewalk.

One of the men drew a revolver and pressed it against Detective Olsen's stomach. Constable Hubbard brought his club down on his head, and the man dropped to the pavement before he could shoot. His companion was soon subdued, and both men were taken to the Port Chester Police Station and locked up on a charge of attempted burglary. They will be arraigned in the City Court this morning.

One of them described himself as James Kelly, 56 years old, a paperhanger of this city. He is a good-looking, well built man. He had $47 in cash, a burglar's jimmy, a revolver, and a burglar's electric torch. The other prisoner described himself as George Wright, a salesman of this city, 30 years old. He had $244 in money and three diamond rings in his pockets, also a revolver and an electric torch. He had a sandy mustache.

The Port Chester police believe that both men are professional second-story men to this city. A Port Chester detective will come to this city to see if he can find their portraits in the Rogues' Gallery at Police Headquarters.

TEA OF GRANDMOTHER'S BREW

An Exhibition of Old Pewter Showing How She Did Things Years Ago.

A "pewter brew" was the only kind according to the old-time housekeeper and she made her tea in a pewter pot. It was very good unless she forgot and left it too long on the stove when tea, pewter pot and all brewed down into the hot coals. They are opening an exhibition of old pewter at the Woman's Exchange, Forty-third Street and Madison Avenue, this morning, to continue through the week, and the old-time pewter teapot can be seen there with coffee urns, chop dishes and other things for the table.

There is a regular table service of the kind which the city housewife now uses in her country home in place of her silver—if she is fortunate enough to be able to collect enough of the pewter—a pewter flagon, wine cups and toddy spoon; old Chinese pewter, incense burner, tea trays, vanity boxes, and an old Italian benitier for holy water to hang by the bedside.

Public Can View Budget Exhibit.

Certain selected portions of the Budget Exhibit have been sent to the City College, where they are on view in the main corridor. The gold blocks showing the expenditures and the more important charts setting forth the activities of the city departments were chosen for permanent exhibition. They can be inspected by the public free every day from 9 to 5 o'clock.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.		Loss.
1:35	640 East 213th St., Elsie Wabse	$10
1:45	180 East 3d St., Morris Silver	Trifling
5:35	301 West 59th St., Walter Watson	$50
11:50	411 E. 123d St., Max Greenberg	Trifling
P. M.		
12:15	20 West 3d St., Hyman & Schel	$1,500
1:40	33 First Av., Isadore Lampert	Trifling
2:25	411 E. 123d St., Max Greenberg	Trifling
3:25	439 Spencer Pl., Otto Miller	Trifling
4:45	227 East 3d St., Isaac Miller	Trifling
5:20	411 E. 123d St., owner unknown	Trifling
5:40	710 E. 5th St., Marcus Baurnwoli	$100
5:40	1,853 Harrison Av., Theodore Mickin	Trifling
5:55	61 Manhattan St., John Dempsey	$5
6:00	441 East 187th St., Mr. Macey	Trifling
8:45	531 Tenth Av., Frederick Ebel	$25

BLACKSNAKE FIGHTS A COBRA

Gives Battle to an Eleven-Footer When Put in His Cage for Food.

There was excitement in the reptile house at the Bronx Zoo yesterday morning when Rex, the eleven-foot king cobra, got his weekly meal. The special tit-bit for the big snake's bill of fare was a five-foot Connecticut blacksnake, and he proved to be a fighter. Usually Southern blacksnakes are fed to the cobra, but recently Raymond L. Ditmars, assistant curator, obtained a dozen and a half of the snakes from Connecticut. It was the first of this lot that was fed to Rex yesterday. Mr. Ditmars said it was more like a live wire than a blacksnake.

Rex eats a fat blacksnake every Sunday morning. When only a two or three foot snake is obtainable the cobra eats twice a week. Mr. Ditmars put the opening of the box containing the blacksnake against a small opening into the compartment containing Rex and propelled it out into the enclosure, where the cobra was waiting.

The cobra was impatient for its meal, and all morning had been gliding back and forth. The blacksnake entered the compartment and saw the cobra. The smaller snake shot across the narrow space, and before the cobra could close in on it turned ready for a fight. The cobra darted in, expecting an easy meal. The meal-elect shot out its head and struck the cobra, following it up with a slap of its body, which sent the other a foot away, glided across the inclosure, and reared to await the next move of the enemy.

The cobra was quick to follow. For five minutes there was a fine exhibition of fencing. The cobra would dart in to strike the blacksnake behind the head, its usual place for attacking another snake, but the other like a flash would dart out of reach and return to the attack with a courage which won the admiration of Mr. Ditmars and Keeper Snyder.

Bang! the coils of the cobra struck the wooden door. The blacksnake had struck again. In the inclosure are some big lizards. One of them got in the way of one of the cobra's onrushes. The snake struck him with his fangs, and in a few minutes he was dead in a corner. The other lizards were kept busy getting out of the way of the fighters.

Rex, his body coiling and uncoiling so fast that the eye could not follow it, finally took the small fighter off guard, and in a fraction of a second had inflicted a mortal injury, striking his foe just below the head. For a very few seconds it continued to fight, and then its coils unwound and Rex got his meal.

NO PULLMANS FOR SLEUTHS.

Waldo Issues a Couple of Police Sumptuary Laws.

Two orders issued at Police Headquarters last night created considerable discussion among members of the Detective Bureau. One order was to the effect that detectives going out of town on official business could not charge Pullman-car expenses if their trip was a distance of 500 miles or less from this city. The other was that detectives, traveling with prisoners, couldn't charge dining-car expenses for the prisoners.

No explanation was given, and members of the Detective Bureau spent the rest of the evening conjuring up all sorts of situations which might result from the orders, especially the second.

"We are frequently sent up to Albany on department business, and it's going to make us feel cheap to be seen riding in the day coaches when even the smallest politician has his armchair in the Pullman," said one detective. "As for the second order, I suppose it must have originated in a desire on the part of the Commissioner to encourage us to get off the train every night on the way and lodge our prisoner in the local jail. A detective was dismissed some time ago for letting a prisoner escape in a night ride on a train.

"Of course, if we can't take our prisoners into the dining car for meals, we can't go ourselves, and we'll either have to snatch meals for ourselves and our prisoners at whatever lunch counters the train stops at, or we'll have to stop off at towns every night and have our prisoners sup and breakfast in the local jails."

Another suggestion was that the second order may have been the result of some quiet and diplomatic action on the part of the railroads to keep prisoners out of the dining cars for the sake of ordinary travelers.

SUICIDE IN HOSPITAL COT.

Tuberculosis Patient at St. Joseph's Kills Himself with a Razor.

Thomas Moran, a 63-year-old clerk of 160 Bleecker Street, committed suicide in St. Joseph's Hospital at 143d Street and Brook Avenue last night by slashing himself several times with a razor as he lay in bed in one of the wards.

Moran entered the hospital on Oct. 27 suffering from tuberculosis. He was getting along fairly well, according to the doctors, and seemed cheerful. With the other patients in the ward he went to bed at about 9 o'clock last night and the lights in the ward were then turned down.

While Orderly Meyers was making his 10 o'clock round several of the other patients complained that they had been annoyed by groans coming from Moran's cot. The orderly found that Moran's sheets were soaked with blood and that he had severed an artery in his wrist and slashed himself several times across the chest. A razor lay on the floor beside him.

Though unconscious, Moran was still alive, and Meyers summoned House Physician Wolhfer, who worked half an hour in a vain effort to save Moran's life.

The hospital authorities said they had no idea how Moran obtained the razor.

ARRAIGN RICHESON TO-DAY.

Large Crowd Expected When He Pleads in Linnell Murder Case.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 12.—In the Suffolk County Superior Court to-morrow afternoon the Rev. Clarence V. T. Richeson will be arraigned, charged with poisoning Avis W. Linnell of Hyannis, his former fiancée. The minister will plead "Not guilty," and Judge George Sanderson will reserve decision on the question of when the trial will commence.

The mystery surrounding the case, the features of which are bound to be brought out in the trial, promise to draw an immense crowd to witness the preliminary action. It was previously stated that Richeson would be arraigned at the morning session of the court, but District Attorney Pelletier consented to a postponement because of a previous engagement by William A. Morse, senior counsel for the defense.

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EXPOSES THE TRICKS OF SPIRIT MEDIUMS

Joseph F. Rinn Shows How They Can Dupe a Gathering and Communicate with Spooks.

A MAN AND WOMAN PROTEST

Announce That They Are Mediums—The Woman Gets Offers of $3,000 to Disprove Fraud.

Joseph F. Rinn, President of the Brooklyn Philosophical Association, spoke yesterday afternoon at the Long Island Business College, South Eighth Street, Brooklyn, on "Spiritualism." He produced mediumistic phenomena, using the lingo of the profession and then exposing the trickery.

The meeting was a turbulent one because of the presence in the hall of believers in Spiritualism. One man brought his own slates and paper, and a woman, who said she had been a medium for thirty-five years, stood up and denounced the affair, calling it a "performance," and demanding to know whether Mr. Rinn had a theatrical license for a Sunday performance.

Before the meeting closed she had received offers amounting to $3,000 if she would produce phenomena with no chance of fraud. She refused.

Mr. Rinn was one of those who investigated Eusapia Palladino, and he showed how the Italian woman did some of her tricks. In one case he showed how a medium in a dark room, bound and blindfolded, could tell what the investigators had written and put in sealed envelopes; how to read a selected line in a book, and give demonstrations in noisemaking and handing out spirit touches.

In his opening address Mr. Rinn criticised the psychical research investigators, especially Prof. Hyslop. He said they were well meaning, but not able to consider evidence. As a demonstration of telepathy four men were called to the platform. A book was handed them, and each was requested to write on the fly leaf two sets of figures. The book was then handed to a fourth man, and he added the figures. Then Mr. Rinn, from another side of the platform, promptly called out the result. He then explained how it was done.

In handing the book to the fourth man and getting off a side line of gesture he had turned it over, so that the figures added up by the fourth man were really the figures he had written there earlier in the evening on the last leaf of the book.

Slips were passed about the audience, and questions written on them. They were then folded by the writers, and passed to the platform. While this was going on Mr. Rinn spoke of the difficulty in calling up spirits, and gave the usual talk of a medium on such an occasion. He continued this while taking up the slips, placing each on his forehead and apparently answering the question.

What he did do, he told his audience, was to keep one question ahead so that while apparently reading one question out loud he was really reading the question to be answered next.

It was at this point that a man insisted on turning in a question written on his own paper, and sealed in an envelope he had brought. There was a protest against this, but Mr. Rinn said he would make the test.

The man was asked to write the name of some man well known in history, and seal it up. Mr. Rinn went down into the audience, took the envelope, and returned to the platform holding it in both bands. He placed it on the stand, and after a few minutes' talk said the name written was that of Abraham Lincoln. It was and the audience cheered. Mr. Rinn then said that while walking to the platform he had rubbed alcohol on the envelope, and made it transparent. His talk, he said, was to give the "spirits" time to evaporate.

Then followed slate-writing tricks. A magnet moved under a slate made a bit of pencil write "No." He slipped his foot out of his shoe when another man thought he was holding both feet, and demonstrated how to write on a slate under a table holding a pencil with his toes.

The same man wanted to know if Mr. Rinn could write a message on a slate tied up in paper. Mr. Rinn said he could, and the man said he had brought his own slate. He mounted the platform bringing with him two slates wrapped up in yellow paper. The demonstrator put the man in a chair and made passes over his head with the slates. While he talked of controls a confederate slipped up behind a screen and clevereraly exchanged the slates as Rinn waved them above the man's head. Then the confederate slipped back of the screen and wrote the message, tied up the slates again and again exchanged them.

It was in the interval before the second part of the programme that the indignant woman medium got up to protest. She was allowed to take the platform. She said the tricks did nothing to disprove the truth of Spiritualism, and that she had had communication with spirits. Her remarks were greeted with some applause, but the majority in the audience jeered at her. She refused to give her name.

"You go to Prof. Hyslop's secretary if you want my name," she said. "She knows who I am."

The final demonstration took nearly an hour. The scene was supposed to be in a dark room where a Spiritualist was demonstrating psychic power to a committee of investigators. As the room could not be darkened, the five investigators and the "medium" were blindfolded. Before this was done the committee agreed upon a line on a certain page of a book, wrote and sealed their questions and securely bound Mr. Rinn in a chair.

As soon as the eyes of the investigators were bandaged, Mr. Rinn skillfully slipped out of his bonds, took off the bandage from his eyes and proceeded to pound a desk, knock on the floor and stamp about. Before the trick began he had been carefully searched, yet he drew from his clothing a black bag and other paraphernalia necessary to do the trick. It was all simple when viewed from the audience.

He picked up a chair and touched it to the laps of the members of the committee. Then he took off his shoes and, complaining that the spirits were lifting him up, he touched them with the soles on the knees, shoulders and head as though he was walking over them. He took the book and the sealed envelopes, pulled over his head the black bag and read them by the light of an electric flash light. It took skill to retie himself in the chair again, but he did it.

LOST AND FOUND AT SEA.

Two Passengers on the Amerika Recover Money and Jewels.

Paul Desvernine, a first cabin passenger on the Hamburg-American liner Amerika, which got in yesterday, lost his pocketbook, containing $7,000 in bills, last Thursday. It was found in the library by Hermann Ohrt, an official of the steamship company, who declined to accept any reward, so Mr. Desvernine gave $25 to the purser for the Seamen's Widows and Orphans fund.

On the same day Lady Allan, wife of Sir Montague Allan of Montreal, lost a heart-shaped pigeon-blood Burmese ruby valued at $10,000, which was found outside the Ritz-Carlton restaurant door by the assistant head waiter, who got a considerable reward.

Auto Hits 80-Year-Old Man.

An automobile, driven by Harry Jacobs of 140 West Sixty-fourth Street, ran down John Ehnl, a retired mechanic, 80 years old of 2,785 Eighth Avenue, last night, as he was crossing Eighth Avenue, between 146th and 147th Streets. The aged man received a dislocated hip, internal injuries and lacerations of the body which, according to Dr. Ritter of Harlem Hospital, may result in his death. Mr. Jacobs was not detained by the police.

CROWD ATTACKS POLICE.

Breaks Windows of Harlem Store, Where They Guarded Their Prisoners.

Sidney Wisinsky, a clerk, was walking along Madison Avenue yesterday afternoon when at 115th Street a young man darted up from behind and grabbed a box of cigars he was carrying. Wisinsky started in pursuit and Policeman McGowan captured the fugitive. With a crowd following McGowan started with his prisoner for the East 104th Street Station, and had gone only a block when Mrs. Helen Markowitz of 117 East 114th Street, who was in the crowd, cried out that she had been robbed of her purse. A moment later a young man darted away from the crowd. McGowan blew his whistle, and Policeman McGee, who answered the call, caught the second fugitive after a run of three blocks.

By the time the policemen headed their prisoners toward the station the crowd had increased to 500. Threats were made against the policemen, and finally a volley of stones and sticks forced them to take refuge in the drug store of Jacob Greensten, at Park Avenue and 115th Street. A call for the reserves was sent to the East 104th Street Station, but before Sergt. Borries and a squad of ten men could get there the plate-glass windows and door of the store had been smashed by flying missles.

The prisoners described themselves as Charles Murray, 17 years old, of 132 East 115th Street, and David Silverlest, 25, of 1,354 Fifth Avenue. Murray, who was accused of stealing the cigars, said he had taken them as a joke. The police say that he is one of a gang of young men who have given them considerable trouble. Silverlest denied that he had robbed Mrs. Markowitz. Both will be arraigned in the Harlem Court this morning.

SAW HUSBAND SELF-SHOT.

Second Bullet Narrowly Misses Wife—Fires as Friend Arrives.

Louis Lorenzo, 31 years old, of 426 Mott Avenue, was taken to the Lincoln Hospital yesterday afternoon suffering from the effect of a self-inflicted bullet wound in the right ear that entered the brain. He fired the shot in his home in the presence of his wife and a life-long friend, Raymond Tigani, whom he sent for before attempting his life.

Lorenzo is a salesman for a commission merchant in the downtown district. Yesterday morning he telephoned Tigani to come at once to his home. When Tigani reached there Lorenzo was standing at the window of his apartment. His wife was at another window.

"I sent for you to say good-bye," Tigani declares Lorenzo said as he entered. "It's all off and I am going."

With that he pulled a pistol from his pocket and fired, the bullet entering the lower part of the brain. After the first shot Lorenzo attempted to fire again. Tigani grappled with him, and the revolver was pushed at an angle that pointed directly at Mrs. Lorenzo, who was screaming. She grabbed up a heavy mahogany chair and held it to her face. She was none too soon, for Lorenzo pulled the trigger and the shot buried itself in the back of the heavy chair against Mrs. Lorenzo's face.

Mrs. Lorenzo said she knew of no reason for her husband's act. He was not out of work, but for the last week she said he had seemed despondent.

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THE DRAMA PLAYERS
Donald Robertson, Director.
All This Week. THE LEARNED LADIES By Molière.

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"Sugary. Tuneful."—Alan Dale.

WEST END 125th St. & 5th Av. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
LOUISE GUNNING in THE BALKAN PRINCESS

CENTURY (Formerly New Theatre) Evgs. 8 Sharp; Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2 Sharp. | 62d and 8th Avs. Phone 8800 Col.
THE 8TH WONDER OF THE WORLD.
THE GARDEN OF ALLAH
Seats on sale to Dec. 30. Prices 50c. to $2.50.

WALLACK'S B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
GEORGE ARLISS in DISRAELI
"Triumph for author and actor."—Eve. Sun
GEO. M. Cohan Theatre. B'way & 43d St. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
THE GREATEST FAVORITE NEW YORK HAS EVER KNOWN.
COHAN and his own Company in the Fastest Cohan farce ever set to music, THE LITTLE MILLIONAIRE.
Seats Now for Thanksgiving Day Mat.

ASTOR B'way. 45th. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wed. Mats. 50c.-$1.50.
"Catches on like a house afire."—Eve. Sun.

RAYMOND HITCHCOCK in the new Musical Play, THE RED WIDOW.
Seats Selling for Thanksgiving Day Mat.

GRAND OPERA HO. 23d St. & 8th Av. 25 to $1. Mat. Wed. JULIAN ELTINGE in "The Fascinating Widow."

HARRIS THEATRE, Tuesday Aft., Nov. 14, at 3.
LUDWIG HESS
Seats 50c. to $1, at Box Office or Mgt. M. H. HANSON, 437 Fifth Ave.

PROSPECT THEATRE, Prospect and Westchester Avs. Mat. To-m'w.
'MARY JANE'S PA.'

BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.
ORPHEUM BROOKLYN. MAT. DAILY. 25c. | MABEL HITE, Rice & Cohen, Laddie Cliff, Four Huntings, Van Hoven, 5 Pirascoffis, etc.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:20. Last 3 Weeks. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
JOHN DREW in his greatest comedy success, A SINGLE MAN.

LYCEUM B'way, 45th St. Eve. 8:15. Last 3 Weeks. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
MISS BILLIE BURKE in THE RUNAWAY
"Best role Miss Burke ever had."—Eve. Sun.

PARK 59th St., B'way, Columbus Circle. Eve. 8:10. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:10.
WEDNESDAY MATINEE BEST SEATS $1.50.
The Quaker Girl With CLIFTON CRAWFORD.

HUDSON 44th St., near B'way. Eve. 8:25. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
"'The Price' is one of the very best plays written in this country."—Times.
HELEN WARE in a new drama, THE PRICE

HARRIS West 42d St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:15.
ROSE STAHL in Chas. Klein's Latest Success, MAGGIE PEPPER

Knickerbocker B'y, 38th St. Evs. at 8:15. Matinee Saturday 2:15.
"SIREN WALTZ INTOXICATES."—Alan Dale.
DONALD BRIAN in New Triumph, THE SIREN
Cast of 100, with Julia Sanderson, Frank Moulan, Will West, Elizabeth Firth, Alan Mudie.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:15.
"That great big human and humorous play."
PASSERS-BY

New Amsterdam W. 42d St. Eve. 8:15. Mat. Wed. 50c. to $1.50.
Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe.
THE PINK LADY
Overflow Souvenir La Femme Mat. this Sat. Exquisite Beautifying Case, containing Hepner's Famous Beauty Preparations, to Every Lady.

LIBERTY W. 42d St. near B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:15.
BEGINNING TO-MORROW NIGHT AT 8:15.
DUSTIN & WILLIAM FARNUM in a new American play by Edward Peple.
THE LITTLEST REBEL

GAIETY 46th St. & B'way. Eves. 8:20. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
Thomas A. Wise & John Barrymore in the American Farcical Comedy UNCLE SAM

NEW YORK B'way-45th St. Orch. 3 sharp. Matinee Saturday at 2.
KITTY GORDON in the operatic triumph, THE ENCHANTRESS

JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29th St. OPENS TO-MORROW NIGHT. Seats Now.
THE WIFE DECIDES
A comedy drama in 3 acts by THOMAS McKEAN.

Charles Dillingham's GLOBE B'way, 46th St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
TO-NIGHT FIRST NIGHT.
THE THREE ROMEOS
A New American Musical Comedy.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
TO-NIGHT at 8, AIDA. Mmes. Destinn, Matzenauer (debut), Sparkes; MM. Caruso, Amato, Didur, Hinshaw, Bada. Conductor, Toscanini.
WED. EVG. at 8, KOENIGSKINDER. Mmes. Farrar, Wiekham, Fornia, Mattfeld; MM. Jadlowker, Goritz, Reiss, Didur, Pini-Corsi. Cond., Herts.
THURS. EVEG. at 8:15, GIRL OF THE GOLDEN WEST. Mmes. Destinn, Mattfeld; MM. Caruso, Amato, Gilly, Reiss, Didur, de Segurola, Bada. Cond., Toscanini.
FRI. EVG. at 7:45, TRISTAN UND ISOLDE. Mmes. Fremstad, Matzenauer; MM. Burrian, Well (debut), Witherspoon, Hinshaw, Reiss, Murphy. Cond., Toscanini
SAT. MAT. at 2:15, *First Time in America.* LOBETANZ. Mme. Gadski; MM. Jadlowker, Witherspoon, Hinshaw, Rutgsdel. Conductor, Herts.
NEXT WEEK:—Mon. Eve. at 8:15, MADAMA BUTTERFLY. Mmes. Farrar, Fornia; MM. Martin, Scotti, Bada, Audisio. Conductor, Toscanini.

SPECIAL THANKSGIVING DAY MATINEE PARSIFAL
Seats on sale To-morrow at 9 A. M.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

CARNEGIE HALL—TWO CONCERTS.
RUSSIAN SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA. Modest Altschuler, Conductor. Seats 50c. to $2.
Saturday Eve., Nov. 18. Sunday Afternoon, Nov. 19. Tschaikowsky program. Pathetique Symphony. Nutcracker Suite, 1812 Overture. Arthur Friedheim, Pianist.

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MAGGIE TEYTE
The great English Soprano.
Seats 75c. to $2, at Hall.
Mgt. Quinlan Musical Agency.

CARNEGIE HALL. Next Wed. Eve., at 8:15. Illustrated Lecture by the Indian Historian, EDWARD S. CURTIS "The Story of a Vanishing Race"
Orchestra rendering Special Indian Music.
Seats 50c. to $2, at Box Office. Phone 3102 Col.

ELMENDORF CARNEGIE HALL, 57 ST
TO-DAY, MATINEE AT 3:30
"THE RIVIERA"

CARNEGIE HALL, Sat. Aft., Nov. 18, 2:30.
DE PACHMANN
Piano Recital. Baldwin Piano used.
Mgt. Quinlan Agency. Seats at Hall, 75c to $2.

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